THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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LAST RITES

TO BE PAID THE DEAD SENATOR TO-DAY.

The Meeting of Citizens Yesterday—Speeches by Prominent Gentlemen—The Programme for To-Day—The Order of the Procession—Arrival of the Senate Committee, Etc., Etc.

If every boy and young man in Georgia, or even in the whole country, could have entered the solemn presence of the dead senator yesterday and witnessed what was done and said there, what an influence it would have had in inspiring them with ennobling thoughts and laudable ambition! They could have seen how a grand and beautiful life awakens love in the breasts of the people, and how fathers and mothers point their children to lives that are worthy of emulation. Men and women leading by the hand their little children carried them in and showed them the cold, still face and the silent lips that had uttered such patriotic sentiments while in life, and which spoke yet so eloquently even in death.

During the day hundreds of people called, while many ladies sent in rare and beautiful flowers. One of the most beautiful floral offerings was sent to Mrs. Hill by Mrs. E. D. McKinley. It consisted of a coat of arms of the state nearly a yard nigh at the foot of which was a grave, the whole covered with flowers. The columns, cross and arch were covered with white dahlias, feverfew and morning lillies. Suspended from the top was a crown of heliotropes and tube roses, upon the top of which was a cross of feverfew. At the foot of the coat of arms was a bed of dahlias and lilies, across which was written in heliotropes the word, "Rest." Dr. Gurley sent a coat of arms of the state made of arbor vitæ and purple dahlias. Mrs. Cincinnatus Peeples sent a beautiful column of white dahlias; Mrs. Joseph E. Brown sent a bouquet of immortelles. Flowers were also sent by Mrs. D. H. Dougherty, Mrs. Payne, Miss Jennie Cohen, Mrs. W. T. Waters, Mrs. A. F. Fleming, Mrs. A. L. Connolly and others.

During yesterday people from many places adjacent to Atlanta came into the city to be here ready to attend the funeral to-day. The hotels were crowded.

A CITIZENS' MEETING.

What Was Done at the Capitol Yesterday—The Speeches That Were Made.

Yesterday at 12 o'clock the hall of the house of representatives was filled with a large assemblage of the most prominent men of Atlanta who had gathered in response to the call for a citizens' meeting to take suitable action on the death of Senator Hill. The meeting was called to order by Mayor English, who spoke as follows:

MAYOR ENGLISH'S ADDRESS.

"Fellow-Citizens of Atlanta: From the most ancient times in the world's history, it has been deemed just and decorous, when a public servant is stricken unto death, for his people to assemble and do honor to what was noble in his character and worthy of gratitude in his career.

"In obedience to that unvaried custom, as mayor of your city, I have called you together that, through your representatives, and by your assent, you might publicly pay well-deserved and grateful respect to the memory of your late senator—Hon. Benjamin H. Hill.

"I shall not attempt to anticipate the terms in which that tribute will be expressed by this sympathetic assembly or by a review of the familiar services of the great statesman whose body now lies in the icy embrace of death. Though they are interwoven like threads of gold in the woof of our state and national history, they may be easily traced by all who read its several chapters since he entered upon the stage of public life.

"That his character was conspicuous in those gracious and ennobling virtuous that constitute greatness among men, is testified to in the general sorrow which is manifested everywhere in this union over the news of his death. Looking back over his illustrious services, considering the grand opportunities by which he was surrounded when stricken down, and the hopes his fellow-citizens had rested on the triumphs of his intellect and genius in the future, we have but feeble language left us to express our grief and to voice our sense of loss. As an earnest patriot and lofty statesman, it will be long before we look upon another who can claim our confidence and admiration as the peer of Benjamin Harvey Hill."

Mayor English concluded his address by calling Senator Joseph E. Brown to preside.

SENATOR BROWN'S ADDRESS.

On taking the chair Senator Brown said:

"Mr. President: There are times when individuals and families and relatives are called upon to mourn. There are times of greater importance, when communities, states and nations mourn. Georgia to-day bows her head in solemn grief and all her sons and daughters grieve. Her sister states tender their warmest sympathy. But why all this mourning? Georgia has lost her ablest senator, one of her most distinguished statesmen, her brightest lawyer, her greatest orator—the form—the noble form—of Benjamin H. Hill has passed behind the veil no more to be seen in this life. His eloquent tongue, hushed in death, will no more be heard by listening senates and admiring multitudes. Well may Georgia weep.

"Twenty-five years ago the most prominent figures in public life, aye the most distinguished public servants in Georgia, were Robert Toombs, Alexander H. Stephens, Charles J. Jenkins, Howell Cobb, Herschel V. Johnson, Hiram Warner, and Benjamin H. Hill, the latter much the youngest of any of those named. A few years after the war Howell Cobb, one of the most gifted of the number and one most beloved by his friends, was called hence. Two or three years ago Herschel V. Johnson, one possessed of purity and individuality not surpassed anywhere, passed away. Not a year ago Hiram Warner, the greatest jurist of Georgia, the distinguished chief justice, was called hence to his final reward. Governor Jenkins, General Toombs, Mr. Stephens and Mr. Hill, aged in the order named, were left behind. Of those distinguished men, Hill was nearly twenty years younger than the oldest and some eleven years younger than the youngest of the remaining number. His health was perfect, his physical strength was great, all his faculties were in full play, and in looking upon those men, how natural to say that these older ones will soon pass away, but Hill will yet live to do the state twenty years of great service, and yet how inscrutable are the ways of Providence. To-day, while the others are in their usual health, ripe with age and experience, that youngest, probably that

BRIGHTEST, I MIGHT SAY,

and that most promising lies in the cold embrace of death. But we mourn not as those without hope. Senator Hill has passed away from the busy scenes of this life but he has passed to the future and better world as we believe. While he was a member of the church he was engaged in the busy work of life, and in the service of the state, and as all in his situation do, neglected too much his religious privileges—to us one of the griefs of his life. But before he was called away he was sanctified by affliction and purified by suffering in a manner that probably falls to the lot of few men in this world. We would not really have supposed, in view of his fine prospects, that in view of his laudable ambition, his high opportunities and his grand talents that his mind would have been more or less fixed upon the things of this world, and he could not have met such a fate without a murmur. But when affliction came and its heavy hand was laid upon him how remarkable it was to see him suffer with all the patience of a Job and to see that sublime faith and resignation which characterized his whole course during his affliction. Senator Hill has passed from among us but he is not dead. We have the faith to believe that today his spirit rests in the paradise of God."

Senator Brown's address was delivered in a quiet and most impressive manner, and was listened to with the strictest attention. When he concluded the audience was visibly affected, and there were many eyes wet with tears. Old men and young men alike wept as the words of eulogy were spoken of the dead senator.

THE RESOLUTIONS PASSED.

At the conclusion of Senator Brown's remarks Major Benjamin E. Crane arose, and in a voice full of emotion, said:

"Mr. Chairman: "At a meeting called yesterday morning by his honor, the mayor, of a few of our citizens for the purpose of preparing business for the consideration of this meeting, I was instructed to submit the resolutions which I hold in my hand."

Major Crane then read the resolutions as follows, slowly, and in a manner which was deeply impressive:

The citizens of the city of Atlanta, sorrowing in heart and recognizing the magnitude of their personal and public loss, are this day met together in solemn assembly to do honor to the character and services of

BENJAMIN HARVEY HILL,

late a senator from the state of Georgia in the congress of the United States.

It has been so ordered, in the wisdom of God, that, in the flower of his manhood and the most hopeful season of his usefulness to humanity, he should be taken from the walks of a noble career, his body returned to its kindred dust and his spirit recalled to the eternal companionship of its author. By this dissolution of the bonds of earthly kinship, friendship and service, we feel that a deep bereavement has come upon us as individuals and as a people; that our beloved state has lost an illustrious son, a peerless advocate and an unswerving defender of her rights, her liberties and her honor; that the country has been deprived of one of its wisest counselors, most eloquent orators and sagacious statesmen. In the midst of our mourning we remember with gratitude the loyalty, the earnestness and the self-sacrificing spirit of his services at all times to his mother state and to the nation. The events of his long and useful career are forever embalmed in the memories of the people and written upon the imperishable records of the age to which his name and labors gave lustre. The fame of the one and the example of the others will survive among the generations yet to come, quickening emulation, stimulating patriotism and dignifying public virtue. For these exalted purposes his life has been conspicuous, and in the achievements of his untimely finished career he has bequeathed to his people and to posterity the richest treasures of his well spent years: be it therefore

Resolved 1. That we bow obediently to the unknowable Providence of the All Wise God in removing from our midst and from life our late fellow-citizen friend and public servant, Hon. Benjamin Harvey Hill.

Resolved 2. That, in this season of public grief we mingle our tribute of affection with those expressions of respect and sorrow that are universal throughout the commonwealth and that have found voice among his compatriots in all portions of the union.

Resolved 3. That we herewith record our sincere estimate of the character and services of the illustrious dead:

Benjamin Harvey Hill: Scholar, patriot, statesman, Christian! He was an early student of history and philosophy, that he might be useful to his fellow men in all the trusts and duties of a citizen. He was ever the friend and advocate of the people in maintenance of their private and public rights. He was a champion of the weak and humble in every forum of law and liberty, and his matchless eloquence enforced justice in the high tribunals, where it was heard to demand civil and religious freedom for the citizen, protection for the life and property of the individual and the rights of sovereign states, the blessings of constitutional government and the perpetuity of the union of the fathers. Faithful to every commission, diligent in every trust and noble in every purpose, as well as wise in council, dauntless in peril and magnanimous in triumph. He was devoted in the home circle, kyable in social companionship and humble in the sanctuary. Honor and integrity were helmet and shield to him; truth his weapon in every conflict with error and prejudice and oppression. On his tomb his grateful people lay the laurel wreath in testimony of his civil glory and immortelles, in memory of his Christian graces and his useful life.

Resolved, 4. That the mayor and general council be requested to dedicate a page in the records of the city to the memory of the illustrious dead, and spread thereon these resolutions, and that an engrossed copy of the same be transmitted to the family of the deceased in token of the deep sympathy of this community with them in this hour of their bereavement and grief.

At the conclusion of the reading of the resolutions Major Crane continued:

"This duty to me is peculiarly a sad one. I have known Mr. Hill ever since I was a child. I have followed with pride his public life. I have rejoiced in his successes. I have loved him much and have felt honored in being reckoned among his friends, and am gratified at having the privilege of placing my simple wild flower among the chaplets which adorn his bier.

"Death striking down the strong man in the pride and strength of his manhood is terrible. But when it takes from us, in the very meridian of his glory and usefulness, the most brilliant intellect Georgia has ever produced—when it hushes forever the most eloquent lips which ever defended constitutional liberty in this state, if not in this union, it is appalling. We can only stand with bowed heads in submission to the will of Him who doeth all things well; recollecting that God's ways are not as our ways.

"It is meet and proper that this meeting to his townsmen and friends should assemble of express their sorrow at his death and their appreciation of the virtues which characterized his life.

"It is hard to realize that Ben Hill is dead—that we shall hear no more from this brilliant statesman and matchless orator—that in a few hours all that is mortal of him will be under the sod. Thank God for the glorious boon of immortality! Thank God that he has left a record which will be to him a monument more enduring than that of brass or marble—a monument which will stand in his own loved state of Georgia as long as the green grass grows or the bright waters reflect back the silver stars of heaven.

"I now move you, sir, the adoption of the resolutions."

COLONEL HAMMOND'S ADDRESS.

When Major Crane sat down Hon. N. J. Hammond arose and said:

"Having yesterday, as the organ of the bar of Atlanta, presented resolutions touching the death of Mr. Hill, I might well be silent to-day. Exhausted by watching over the corpse last night, silence would be to me most agreeable.

"But since I have lived in Atlanta nearly thirty years I have a right to speak in a meeting of her citizens and some about me think it my duty to say something on this occasion. I saw the forests about our city cut away and her highways of commerce laid out and opened up. I saw it built and burned. I witnessed its rebuilding and long have been rejoicing that 'the glory of the latter house' is 'greater than was the glory of the former.'

"I have studied its conglomerate, composite population gathered from every county of this state and every state in the union. Youth came with high hopes and lusty vigor. Mature men came with well-stored minds, fixed principles and steady purposes. In the estimation of her neighbors she passed from contempt to admiration, from envy to pride, from the railroad station of 1846 to the capital of this grand commonwealth.

"Among all her treasures, rich and rare, gathered together, none came better or more beautiful than Hill. He sat in life the Koorhinoor of our cluster, and in death we mourn him as our 'Pleiad gone.' Only once before have I seen our city so draped in mourning. That was when Garfield died. His death was tragic and across the way, in the theater where, tragedy was so familiar, it was fit to speak of his 'taking off.' Mr. Hill died from disease, at his home, while he was the servant of the state and it is well to speak of his virtues in the hall of the representatives of her people.

"The last time I saw these two great men together was at Mr. Chittenden's reception of General Garfield a few days before his inauguration as president of the United States. They had served side by side in the federal house of representatives. Though opposed politically, each knew the other's strength and admired the other's greatness. On that evening I saw them meet and observed their greeting. Our senator, in courtliest style and complimentary tone, addressed him by his new title of "Mr. President," when he laying his hand upon Mr. Hill's shoulder called him by his given name as familiarly as he would have been addressed by a lifetime associate. I recalled the great gulf which had been between Mr. Hill and the last president and felt that Georgia would become more potent in public affairs since this senator and our chief magistrate occupied such close and confidential relations. But death has claimed them both. Did time allow, and were I able to do so fittingly, we might profitably review their characters. In strength and beauty they were alike, in all else in marked contrast. Garfield feared individual responsibility; Hill courted it with the

DASH OF SERGEANT JASPER

and the cool courage of Troup. Garfield belonged to clubs and was fond of society; Hill belonged to no association but the church and cared naught for company except that of the few whom he saw intimately at his home. Garfield was a man of varied information and familiar with all the best literature of his time; Hill read nothing but law and politics, with occasional recreations with Milton or Shakespeare. Each combined the rare powers of speaking well and writing well. Garfield's style was more polished; Hill's stronger, and I think grander.

"Their opportunities were strangely in contrast. Aiding in a war where victory was sure, Garfield was borne into public life and sailed onward to his proper place 'upon the smooth surface of a summer sea.' Hill, forced into a contest against his judgment and his sentiment, struggled with the storm of war, and at its end stood heartsick at the wreck of his country. Garfield had the victorious mighty west to urge him onward; Hill was weighted and clogged by the dead hopes and prostrate fortunes of the conquered south. Yet he achieved and held without a question the highest niche in fame's proud temple which southern brains and energy and southern courage and skill had any possible right to claim.

"Let the contrasts cease and revert one moment to their like preparations for death. Slow paced it came on both; the people feared and prayed for both. The faults of both were forgotten in fond admiration of their virtues, and the country will long cherish their memories among its richest jewels.

"I second the resolutions so appropriate and just to our beloved and brilliant fellow citizen."

GOVERNOR COLQUITT'S ADDRESS.

Governor Colquitt followed Mr. Hammond in the following address:

"As the official representative of the state of Georgia, and as an humble citizen of this commonwealth, proud of her greatness, proud of her great men, I rise to unite my voice in the cry of general lamentations that is heard over the state and in seconding the resolutions that have been read to-day. The state is in mourning. The countenances of the people of this state are shadowed with grief. Amidst the activities of our people there is a hush of stillness, and men look inquiringly into each other's faces, and the response is, 'Hill is dead.' We are proud of our state, we glory in her mountains, and in her midlands, and in the country that lies upon the coast. But that of which Georgians are most proud, that which will give her most character, that which will live the longest, that which will be the example for future generations is to be found in the lives and characters of her illustrious men—and when the symbols of power, and progress, and improvement have been forgotten and gone down with the ages the men that have illustrated your state in her councils and in her social walks, these men are the men whose memories will be transmitted to the generations to come, long after the monuments that are reared to give them fame have perished from the earth. Look around these halls! You have no fantastic pictures to illustrate art, but you place upon these walls the portraits of those whose example you would hand down to the youth of our country, and among the great men, among the men that have stood foremost in the councils of the state, in the forum, on the hustings, everywhere where mens' views are heard in council, there is no man nor no name to which the future will point with more pride than to the name of

BENJAMIN H. HILL.

"For a quarter of a century he has been closely allied with me; in all our affairs, in every political campaign, in the midst of social revolution, at a time when there was despair everywhere, his voice was heard like a trumpet to awaken life and hope, and in the day of triumph no syren ever sung a hallelujah that was sweeter to hear for Georgians than his exultation with our people, who were delivered and relieved of the weight that was upon them. We shall miss him in our public assemblies; we shall miss him in our social circles; we shall miss him in the accustomed walk, where he used to go from his home to his place of business, now hung with the badges of mourning, black as the signia of our woe, white as the signia of our hope of his resurrection. [Applause.] But my friends, while we, as citizens, as I said, may point to the public services and to the character of Benjamin H. Hill, that which touches your heart and touches my heart more than any other incident in his life, is his life-long and protracted suffering and the grandness of the man as illustrated in the patience and

CHRISTIAN RESIGNATION.

It had been a long time since I had seen him. I called at the house and we had some conversation in relation to general affairs, but that to which he turned his mind more than to any other thing to be considered was upon his condition and the hopelessness of his life. I could see that he was resigned to whatever might come, and yet plainly visible in his countenance I could see a shadow as he thought of and looked upon the dear faces—the dear countenances of his wife and children which he was to see no more on earth again forever. Yes, and I discovered still another shadow, and that was the agony that would be brought upon these dear ones, who were dearer to him than life; and yet, sad as were these reflections, with hope and with animation he said, "I am in the hand of God. His will be done." It has been done, and, my friends, when all of his life and character of a public sort have been forgotten, the scenes around his sick bed and the last days of Benjamin H. Hill will be handed down as a token of the hopes which inspired the Christian in his last hours. I bring this humble and impromptu tribute here to-day and among the fragrant flowers and the bouquets that shall be cast upon his bier I cast this. His memory will live when garlands have faded. "He that believeth in me though he were dead, yet shall he live." He does live. Ah, could we but have the ears of faith to day we might hear the response of his last utterance upon this earth, "Almost home." [Applause.]

DR. MILLER'S ADDRESS.

Dr. H. V. M. Miller delivered a lengthy address on Senator Hill's life, touching with feeling upon his noble and patriotic sentiments and the pure impulses of his heart. Dr. Miller reviewed Mr. Hill's whole life, dwelling upon almost every act of public consequence. The address was listened to with close intention.

At the conclusion of Dr. Miller's address Mr. John H. Seals made a short address, in which he introduced the following resolution:

Resolved, That as a mark of our personal esteem for our faithful and distinguished senator and fellow-citizen, Hon. Ben Hill and as a special evidence of our high appreciation of his transcendent genius, mental culture, moral heroism, exalted patriotism and unswerving devotion to constitutional liberty, the citizens of Atlanta will abandon all pursuits at 4 o'clock p. m., on Saturday next, and attend his funeral en masse.

JUDGE JACKSON'S ADDRESS.

Judge Jackson made a beautiful address when Colonel Seals had concluded. He spoke of the fact that not a year ago the people were called upon to assemble and mourn the death of Garfield. He said that the state was in weeds.

"But now," he said, "Georgia comes to mourn her own son. Sir, the illustrious man whose memory we commemorate to-day was all a Georgian. He first saw the light of heaven in the center of that old red belt which encircles the state from the Savannah to the Chattahoochee. The robust physique of the man sprang from the soil of our beloved state and the intellectual giant which so distinguished him was equally Georgia. If honey was upon his lips the Georgia bee gathered it from Georgia flowers. If the silver ring of his eloquence touched all hearts the silver was dug out of the red old hills we love so much."

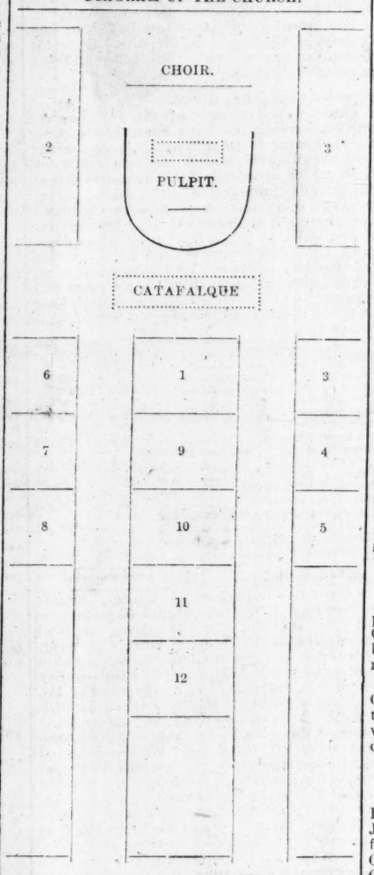
Judge Jackson continued and made a beautiful speech. At its conclusion Colonel Hammond moved the adoption of the resolutions which was agreed to, and the meeting then adjourned.

THE OBSEQUIES.

The Programme for the Funeral of Senator Hill To-Day—The Programme of the Exercises.

It has been intended to have the funeral of Senator Hill at four o'clock. That has, however, been changed and the funeral sermon will be preached at half-past three at the First Methodist church, by General Evans. The church is beautifully decorated.

DIAGRAM OF THE CHURCH.



1 family; 2, governor, state, county and city officials and marshals; 3, bar; 4, United States judges and officials; 5, visiting delegations; 6, pall bearers; 7, officers state university; 8, clergy; 9, United States senate and house; 10, Georgia congressmen; 11, judges state, county and city courts; 12, legislature.

The music will be simple, at the request of the family, the following being the programme:

PROGRAMME OF MUSIC.

"Thy will be Done," Chant, vol. by choir. "Rest, Spirit Rest." Song—"How Firm a Foundation," first, second and seventh verses. Organ solo—"Home, Sweet Home."

The choir will be composed of Mrs. F. A. Kimbell, organist; soprano, Mrs. J. B. Shipp; alto, Mrs. Augusta Moore; tenor, Mr. P. A. O'Connor; bass, Mr. D. R. Evans.

The following gentlemen will act as ushers: M. Haralson, B. B. Crew, T. A. Grambling, Mr. E. L. Connally, George Winship, H. C. Leonard, J. C. Kimball, J. S. Cook, J. F. Barclay, D. H. Dougherty, G. R. Boaz, J. Z. Lawshe, L. W. Cox, W. L. Hubbard, Jr.

Captain James W. English will be marshal of the occasion, with the following aides who are requested to meet him at half-past two at his office: Major W. D. Luckie, Captain Harry Jackson, Captain H. Castleman, Major John A. Fitten, Captain John Milledge, Colonel Howard Van Epps and Mr. James Banks.

The following colored men will walk beside the horses drawing the hearse: A. J. Ketchens, E. D. Keith, W. C. Redding, William Keith, John McNeil, David Jackson.

THE ORDER OF OBSEQUIES.

The committee appointed by the bar meeting has prepared and furnished the following programme for publication:

The following order of obsequies has been appointed for the occasion, and will be observed under the direction of the marshal:

1. The bar of Atlanta will have the immediate charge of the ceremonies, through its committee, aided by the committees of the city council and the chamber of commerce.

2. The above committees, the congressional delegation, the pall bearers and the members of the bar will meet at the state library at 3 o'clock promptly and proceed to the residence, to escort the remains and the family and relatives to the church.

3. The executive officers, judicial officers and legislative representatives of the state will meet at the office of the secretary of state and at 3:30 o'clock proceed to the church.

4. The officials of the United States, judicial and otherwise, will meet at the United States court rooms, and at 3:30 o'clock proceed to the church.

5. The mayor and general council and the officials of the city and county will meet at the mayor's office, and at 3 30 o'clock proceed to the church.

6. The officers and trustees of the State university, the clergy of the city, and other organizations and visitors not otherwise above named will meet at the department of agriculture and at 3:30 o'clock proceed to the church.

7. Ushers will be present at the door of the church, to whom the several bodies will report on arrival, and by whom they will be shown to their designated positions in the church.

8. No persons will be admitted to the church until the remains have been deposited therein and the family, committees and designated bodies have been admitted and seated.

9. On the conclusion of the services the congregation will remain seated until the pall-bearers have retired and the family and the several bodies above named have left the church.

10. Hon. J. W. English, mayor of the city of Atlanta, will be the marshal in charge, assisted by such aids as he may designate.

The following named gentlemen have been selected as pall-bearers: Governor Alfred H. Colquitt, Chief Justice James Jackson, Judge H. K. McCay, Judge R. H. Clarke, Hon. J. S. Boynton, Hon. A. O. Bacon, Hon. M. A. Candler, Hon. H. V. M. Miller, Dr. R. D. Spalding, Major Benj. E. Crane, Hon. R. J. Moses, Colonel P. W. Alexander, Dr. W. F. Westmoreland, Colonel G. W. Adair, Hon. R. J. Lowry.

These gentlemen are requested to assemble at the executive office at three o'clock precisely and proceed from there in a body to the residence.

THE FUNERAL CORTEGE

will be formed, under the direction of the marshal, on the conclusion of the services at the church in the following order:

The marshal and aids, mounted.
Officiating ministers.
The pall-bearers.
The hearse.
The family and relatives.
Senators and representatives in congress.
Representatives in congress from Georgia.
The governor of Georgia and state house officials.
Supreme, superior and city court judges of Georgia.
United States court judges and officials.
Officers and members of the general assembly of Georgia.
Officials of the city and county.
Members of the bar.
Officers and trustees of the state university.
Visiting delegations from other cities.
Organizations and societies, in bodies or by delegations.
Citizens generally.

We, the undersigned committee appointed by the Atlanta bar, respectfully request the observance of the above order of ceremonies.

M. A. CANDLER, Chairman;
WILLIAM T. NEWMAN,
HOWARD VAN EPPS,
JULIUS L. BROWN,
HENRY HILLYER,
Committee.

ORDERS FROM THE MAYOR.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, ATLANTA, Ga., August 18.—In accordance with the action of the general council and the meeting of citizens of Atlanta, I request that all business in the city be suspended, and business houses, manufactories and offices be closed from two o'clock until six p. m., in order that due respect may be paid to the memory of our late distinguished Senator Benjamin H. Hill, and that our citizens generally may have an opportunity to attend the funeral services. The funeral services will take place at the First Methodist church at half-past three o'clock, and the interment subsequently at Oakland cemetery.

The offices connected with the various city departments will be closed and all city work suspended from 12 o'clock m., Saturday, as a mark of respect to the late Senator Hill, and in order that all the employes of the city government may have an opportunity to attend the funeral services.

JAMES W. ENGLISH, Mayor.

NO MILITARY.

There will be no military companies in the procession. It was expected that the Gate City Guard would be in the line, but it will be seen by the following order that such will not be the case:

ATLANTA, Ga., August 17.—Captain J. O. Clarke: The programme will be arranged by the bar. No military display will be provided for. Your generous offer was communicated to the family and appreciated.

A. H. COLQUITT.

THE SENATORIAL COMMITTEE

Yesterday Senators Lamar, of Mississippi, Beck, of Kentucky, Morgan, of Alabama, and Johnston, of Virginia, arrived to attend the funeral of Senator Hill. With them came Colonel Shober, chief clerk of the senate, Colonel Snead, formerly of Atlanta, assistant postmaster of the senate, and Mr. Dalton, superintendent of the document room. The colored attendants of the party were Benjamin Stewart, formerly of Columbus, Georgia, and James Snell, caterer of the senate restaurant. The party was met by Senator Brown and escorted to the Kimball house. In the afternoon he had them driven over the city. Senator Saulsbury, of Delaware, intended to come but at the last moment was detained. Senator Butler, of South Carolina arrived to-night with his wife.

Senator Pendleton, of Ohio, is expected at 7:40 to-day, with a delegation from the city council of Cincinnati. Last night Senator Brown sent his private car to meet the party at Chattanooga. Congressman Pettibone, of Tennessee, and Brumm, of Pennsylvania, are here as a committee from the house. The following delegation arrived last night from Douglasville to attend the funeral: Messrs. R. A. Massey, J. S. James, J. M. Baggett and J. P. Watson.

Delegations from all the neighboring towns will arrive this morning, and the crowd will represent every section of the state. Mr. Tom Magill came from Chicago to attend the funeral of his friend. Mr. Dalton has charge of the preparations for the funeral on the part of the senate.

VISITING DELEGATIONS.

Nearly every large city will be represented at the funeral. St. Louis will be represented by Ex-Senator Jewett, a warm admirer of Mr. Hill, though he never saw him, and by Mr. James M. Lewis, a prominent young lawyer and a son of Mr. J. Q. A. Lewis, of Dalton. Texas will also be represented. Theo. Cook, president of the Cincinnati Southern railway, accompanied by Senator Pendleton, Mayor Means, President Ryan, of the board of aldermen; President Sadler, of the Commercial, and others, left Cincinnati yesterday evening in a special car to attend the funeral of Senator Hill.

The Athens delegation will arrive at one o'clock to-day. Many delegations have already arrived.

TO-DAY IN SAVANNAH.

SAVANNAH, August 18.—In respect to the memory of the late Senator Hill business will be generally suspended here to-morrow afternoon during the obsequies, between 5 and 6 o'clock. The bells of the various churches will be tolled, and flags on the public buildings and shipping displayed at half mast.

The Tariff Commission.

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.

LONG BRANCH, August 18.—Mr. John Dymond, of New Orleans, appeared before the tariff commission in behalf of the Louisiana sugar industry. Mr. William S. Hoyt, an appraiser in the New York custom house, gave his views on the subject of the cotton tariff and recommended simplification of existing provisions.

LIGHT AND LABOR

WERE THE SUBJECTS DISCUSSED BY THE CITY COUNCIL.

Professor Avery, of the Brush Electric Light Company Discusses Electricity, and Colonel Adair Talks About the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad Shops, Etc., Etc.

There was a special session of the city council last night at Mayor English's office. There was present every member except Alderman Beermann and Councilman Reynolds.

Mayor English stated that the meeting had been called for the purpose of considering the Brush electric company's proposition and the locating of the Cincinnati and Georgia railroad company's shops.

Professor Avery, of Cleveland, Ohio, was introduced, and addressed the council relative to the electric light proposition. He gave the council a complete free lecture upon electricity and the working of his system of lighting by electricity, and read letters from the officials of many southern cities indorsing his system.

LOUISVILLE LIGHT.

Among the letters read by Professor Avery was the following from Louisville:

LOUISVILLE, Ky., August 15, 1882.—To the Honorable Mayor of Atlanta—Dear Sir: I understand your city authorities are hesitating some on the question of allowing the electric light company of your city to erect poles and run the wires over ground. At first I felt a like hesitation, and investigated the subject fully, after which the grant was made here. During nearly a year's experience, I see no reason why harm should come to either person or property when erected, as done here. But I would suggest that the wire of the main line be confined exclusively to poles, and running above the telephone wires when practicable. These points looked to the liability to accident is very remote. This fact is made apparent and confirmed by the underwriters who make no alteration in prices of insurance because of the introduction of the electric light. Respectfully,

EDWARD HUGHES,
Chief Fire Department.

Alderman Lowry said, at the conclusion of Professor Avery's remarks, that he presumed the proper committee would make their report at the right time. He was not willing to vote upon the proposition just now, because he was not thoroughly posted upon the subject.

Councilman Beattie moved that the further consideration of the subject be postponed until the next regular meeting of the council. The motion prevailed.

City Clerk Goldsmith read the following communication:

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONERS OF ROADS AND REVENUES—John T. Cooper, Clerk—Atlanta, Ga., August 18, 1882.—The undesigned fully appreciate the great importance of the location of the shops of the Macon and Brunswick railroad at this place, but as there is no law authorizing us to appropriate money for such purposes, and as the amount asked for is to be spent in grading a lot donated by Captain W. D. Grant and others to said railroad company, we are willing that the county chain-gang do the work of grading, and presume that the city authorities who by law are entitled to the work of said gang three-fourths of the time will agree to this, and move the the whole of said force at once, or as soon as profiles, specifications, etc., are furnished and a guarantee given that said shops will be permanently located here.

S. B. HOYT,
G. T. DODD,
C. W. HUNNICUTT,
J. R. GRAMLING,
Commissioners.

Councilman Ryan moved that in order to bring the matter squarely before the council the city waive its right to the chain-gang. The motion was sustained by a unanimous vote.

The rules were upon motion suspened in order to hear from Colonel G. W. Adair. Colonel Adair addressed the council urging the

ACCEPTANCE OF THE PROPOSITION.

He said that the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia company had spent thousands of dollars in the state, and had never asked Atlanta for a cent. He stated that the company owned ground in Macon, and that there was some probability of erecting the shops there. He also said that Dalton and Rome wanted the shops and had tendered land. The speaker knew that if Atlanta would do as much as Macon the shops would be located in Atlanta, and that they would give employment to five hundred persons. The piece of land desired is on the line of the road near the city limits, and contains three acres within the city. This land had been given to the company for the purpose indicated, and had cost Mr. Grant, the donor, $5,000. Near this tract is a small piece or two of land worth about $1 000, which would have to be purchased. The grading of the land was all that was necessary, and for that purpose he had called the county commissioners together to-day, and that they had suggested the use of the chain gang.

Judge Hoyt followed Colonel Adair. He recognized the fact that the city could not vote the money, but he felt sure the importance of the shops to Atlanta should secure the money. He did not think it impossible to over-estimate the importance of the shops to Atlanta. They would add five hundred people to Atlanta and these would call for more. If the commissioners could have voted the money they would have done so willingly, but in the absence of the ability to vote the money, they had voted the work of the chain gang. He was certain that some action must be taken immediately, as other points were trying to secure the shops.

Mayor English said he was sorry this emergency had come upon this council. He thought it had had enough

EMERGENCIES TO CONTEND WITH.

Councilman Beatie thought the city should not run any risk of losing the shops, and that the work on the streets, if necessary, should be suspended in order to do the grading. He argued that the work on the streets could be suspended for a few months until the grading be done, and then the work on the streets resumed.

Alderman Lowry had been a member of the council nearly two years, and has never known any measure introduced in the council which put

MONEY INTO THE TREASURY,

but had known many introduced to take money out of the treasury. He had rather take his share of the money out of his pocket than to vote the chain gang labor.

Councilman Ryan advocated any measure that would secure the shops.

Councilman Knapp sustained Alderman Lowry's views. He wanted time to think the proposition over and to consult with his constituency.

Upon Councilman Ryan's motion to wave the city's right to the chain gang, the ayes and nays were called and resulted: Ayes, Pinson, Brotherton, Knapp, Ryan, Beatie, Adamson, Johnson, Howell and Payne; nays, 0.

Councilman Knapp gave notice that he would move a reconsideration of the vote at the next regular meeting of the council. He said that he was willing and anxious to have the shops located in Atlanta, and gave notice of his intention to move the reconsideration in order to study the matter over.

Upon motion the council adjourned.

IN THE NINTH.

OPENING OF THE CONGRESSIONAL CAMPAIGN.

Description of a Fruit Farm on Kennesaw Mountain—Notes From Alabama—McDaniel's Mettle—Five Thousand Dollar Fire—Fort Valley Well—Elberton's Thanksgiving.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

GAINESVILLE, August 18.—The campaign has opened in the ninth district in dead earnest. Mr. Speer has made two speeches, one at Athens and one at Gainesville. He aroused no enthusiasm at either place except among his clacquers and the colored voters who were favorable to him.

Here he had the disadvantage of appearing in a county that is the home of his opponent and almost solid for him. The Speer men admit that Candler is going to make a strong race. The "young" independent has started on a vigorous canvass of the entire district. From all parts of the district comes the news that the democrats are highly satisfied with the nomination. Mr. Candler's high character and eminent usefulness as a citizen have made a host of friends who will give him a most cordial support. He has gone into the canvass with his whole soul. His chief business concern now is the completion of the railroad from Gainesville to Dahlonega. He superintends the work every day. The track will soon be laid to the Chattahoochee river, and then Mr. Candler will have a rest of about thirty days. That time he will devote entirely to the canvass. It may not be convenient for him to arrange his dates so as to meet Mr. Speer's appointments and make a joint canvass of the district, but as both candidates will be active, their path will probably cross before the campaign closes.

DEMOCRATS CONFIDENT.

The confidence of the democrats in the success of their man is rising every day. A large number of well known Speer men have announced that they will support Mr. Candler in this contest, and several of them are men of large influence in their respective counties. It is admitted that the chances appear very much in Mr. Speer's favor, he having been elected by 4,000 majority to the present congress, but this fact is only redoubling the energies of the democrats. They are confident of gaining on the independent-democratic-republican candidate with a steadiness that will overtake him before election day. With a plucky leader they are going to put up a fight that will satisfy their opponents. The district contains twenty counties, several of which are very hard of access. A canvass up there is enough to tax the energies of body as well as of mind. Both candidates mean to face these difficulties. The voters of the ninth will have the issue squarely presented to them, and the heaviest vote ever polled in the district may be expected.

GAINESVILLE, August 17.—Hon. Emory Speer, the independent congressman of the ninth, opened the campaign here to-day in a two hours' speech, at College chapel, commencing at 11:30 o'clock a.m., and stormed the "fort" by the repetition of his speech which he has delivered fifty times, more or less, at every court house in the ninth congressional district. He was introduced by Colonel W. L. Marler, and commenced the recital of his wrongs, making a strong appeal for the sympathies of his auditors. He placed himself upon the defensive and begged for votes. Upon the stage while he was delivering himself he was surrounded by United States Marshal James Longstreet, of New Orleans fame, Colonel Peter F. Lawshe, of Minnesota, and Colonel W. L. Marler, Ex-Governor Rufus B. Bullock's solicitor general of the western judicial circuit, and others, who, from their faces, looked as if they indorsed all he said. He was preceded into the chapel by a porter, who was loaded down with scrapbooks, congressional records and his private correspondence, from which he cited copiously during his speech. His effort was labored and his harvest anything but flattering. That drunken crowd was not there to cheer him and his remarks fell flat before the ears of democrats. He looked hacked and the universal opinion on the streets this afternoon is that his speech was weak—the weakest he ever delivered in Hall county. Once or twice he broke the spell of gloom and dealt in a few flights of rhetoric—but his speech was prosy and created no enthusiasm in the main. He heaped his abuse upon Henry P. Christy, calling him a thief and an ingrate; upon F. H. Richardson, the Washington correspondent of THE CONSTITUTION, and upon T. L. Gant, the able and fearless editor of the Banner-Watchman, calling him Guiteau Gantt and a bench-legged fice. He tackeled the name of Colonel Allen D. Candler, but was "sharp" enough to see that it was unwise to follow that line of tactics and dropped him like a hot potato as he saw that A. D. Candler claimed a place in the affection of his people. He was egotistic in his speech from the introduction to the peroration. He pleads now for vindication with all the fervor of his soul, but it is too late to pray when the devil comes.

MARIETTA MATTERS.

An Interesting Fruit Farm on Kennesaw Mountian—Facts and Figures.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

MARIETTA, August 17.—Rising from amid fertile plains and clothed to its summit in verdue stands the battle-scarred, historic Kennesaw, 1,800 feet above the sea. The natural luxuriance of the timber suggested to Mr. W. J. M. Hames an experiment which has proved a grand success. In the fall of 1879 Mr. Hames purchased and cleared a tract of sixteen acres situated on the northeastern slope at an elevation of 1,800 feet. He cut away the virgin forest and laid bare a rich black loam which is of such a character that it does not require terracing. It either absorbs the rain or turns it off without washing. The first planting of trees made in the fall of '79 was entirely destroyed by stock; but putting up a stock-proof fence of six strands barbed wire, Mr. Hames planted again. He now has 1,000 peach trees planted in rows twenty feet apart each way. This year their yield was small, but next year he expects to gather 500 bushels and the year following 3,000 to 4,000 bushels. Owing to the sunny exposure, it receiving the sun from rising till setting, and to the even temperature, the fruit ripens from one to two weeks earlier than upon the surrounding plains.

Blight or insects do not trouble the trees or fruit, and such a thing as a rotten peach is unknown. Last February Mr. Hames planted 500 grapevines in the rows with the peach trees. They are of the Concord variety, and ripen very early. Ripe grapes were gathered July 2, this year, from the vines planted in February. The yield was small this year, owing to the lateness in planting; but next year, according to the lowest estimate, he will make 500 gallons of wine from these vines, and in 1884 he calculates to make at least 2,000. When asked what he would do with so much wine, he said that he could very rapidly sell it for $1.50 to $2.00 per gallon. He is clearing more land, and intends to plant all kinds of fruit for the early market. He claims that he can ripen early enough to compete with the Florida fruit brought to the Atlanta market. If some of our farmers could be made to realize the difference between the profits of this farm and upon sixteen acres of cotton, there would certainly be less of the staple planted. H. G. C.

CANTON COURT.

Special Correspondence of the Constitution.

CANTON, August 17.—The business at court is being dispatched. Several negroes have been sentenced from eight months to eight years in the chain gang—most all of them for burglary. Tom Madison, an ex-convict, was sentenced for eight years for stealing money from the safe of R. T Jones, about three months ago. From citizens from all parts of the country we learn that crops are the most promising for years.

MOURNING GEORGIA.

How the News of Senator Hill's Death is Received Throughout His Native State.

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.

JONESBORO, August 17.—At a meeting of the citizens of Clayton county held at the court house this day, Rev. A. McLeroy was called to the chair, and F. M. Kimble requested to act as secretary. Colonel J. T. Spence explained the object of the meeting to be to take some action expressing our grief for the loss of our senator, Hon. B. H. Hill.

On motion a committee of five was appointed to draft suitable preamble and resolutions, consisting of Clonels W. A. Tigner and John L. Doyal, A. C. Blalock, John M. Mundy and W. M. Hynds.

The committee retired and in a short time reported back the following preamble and resolutions which were unanimously adopted by a rising vote:

Whereas, We have learned that our senator, the Hon. B. H. Hill has recently departed this life,

And, whereas, this event has cast a gloom over the hearts of all true men in this state, therefore

Resolved 1. That we express our deep regret at the sad calamity that has befallen us as a state in the loss of one so noble and so true, and so devoted and consecrated to the true interest of the people of his native state.

2. That while we feel it is hard to give him up, yet we rejoice that he was fully prepared to meet his God in peace.

3. That we tender our sincere condolence to the bereaved family, and mourn with them a loss common to the whole country. We have honored him as long as we could, God will give him a crown above.

4. That a copy of the above be forwarded to the family of our departed, yet venerable senator, and copies be furnished to THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION for publication. A. MCLEROY, Chairman.

F. M. KIMBLE, Secretary.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

COVINGTON, August 17.—The news of "our" senator's death, though for many days expected, found us unprepared to realize that hushed, indeed, is the voice of the south's greatest champion. His death is, indeed, a public calamity. Our citizens will, in mass meeting, called by the mayor, give expression to our feelings in the matter to-morrow afternoon.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

CANTON, August 17.—The news of the death of Senator B. H. Hill spread over the town this morning a gloom of sadness. We feel that his death is a public loss, and that his seat cannot be filled by any. He was the greatest man in the state if not the union, and an eloquent, moral, Christian gentleman We tender our profound sympathies to the bereaved family and the whole state.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

FORT VALLEY, August 17.—Our people are sad to learn of the death of our senator. Many say his like was never seen in America, and none can be found to fill his place.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

CARTERSVILLE, August 18.—The citizens of Cartersville met at the opera house this evening and passed resolutions commemorative of the life and death of Senator Hill.

THE ATHENS CITIZENS.

ATHENS, August 17.—The Banner-Watchman says:

Upon a reception of the intelligence of the death of Senator Hill in Athens, yesterday, Mayor Rucker issued a call for a mass meeting of the citizens, to take suitable action in regard to this sad bereavement. A large number of citizens assembled, and at the appointed hour the opera house was filled with our leading and representative citizens of all classes, who united in paying a last sad tribute to the memory of this great statesman. The meeting was called to order by calling Chancellor Mell to the chair, and Mr. H. L. Cranford was requested to act as secretary. Mr. Barrow moved that a committee of three be appointed by the chair to draft suitable resolutions. The chair appointed Messrs. Barrow, Rucker and Howell Cobb. The committee returned and submitted the following preamble and resolutions:

Whereas an all-wise, overruling Providence in his inscrutable wisdom, has removed from earth Benjamin Harvey Hill, in the prime of his days and the plentitude of his usefulness; While we are mindful of the fact that the whole people of this his native state are mourners over his bier, while we of Athens, his sometime home, among whom he spent some of his busiest, best and happiest years, feel that in an especial manner i is our sad privilege to add to the volume which is welling up from all the hearts of all the people of Georgia our heartfelt tribute of sorrow.

Resolved 1st, That in the death of this illustrious man the legal profession has lost the most powerful and eloquent advocate this generation has contributed to its ranks; the senate of the United States the most logical and forcible expounder of the constitution upon its roll, and the state of Georgia the most brilliant and intellectual of all her sons.

Resolved 2d, That for magnificent oratory, exhaustive reasoning power, fearlessness in the assertion of principle and in the defense of the rights of his people, unalterable devotion even in its downfall, to any cause he espoused, his life and career have surely not been equalled in any age.

Resolved, 3d, That we, his old neighbors and friends, drawing nearer in our sorrow to his kindred and family, and remembering that the loss of others is as nothing compared to theirs, tender to them our heartfelt sympathy and earnest prayer that the good God, who rules always wisely and well, will, in His mercy, lift them up and heal their wounded hearts.

The preamble and resolutions were adopted. Mr. E. R. Hodgson moved that a committee of ten be appointed to attend the funeral of Senator Hill Saturday evening. The committee reported the following gentlemen as the delegation: Mayor Rucker, G. H. Yancey, J. E. Talmadge, Pope Barrow, Andrew Cobb, P. H. Mell, L. H. Charbonnier, Stevens Thomas, M. Stanley, W. H. Jones, E. R. Hodgson. Mr. Barrow moved that the secretary be instructed to furnish the family with a copy of the resolutions. Adopted. Mr. A. J. Cobb moved that the bells be toiled between the hours of three and four o'clock Saturday evening, which was adopted. Mr. E. E. Jones moved that the merchants be requested to close their stores between the hours of three and four, which was also adopted.

The meeting then adjourned.

MC'DANIEL'S METTLE.

His Letter Declining Renomination for State Senator After Having Served Three Terms

MONROE, August 18.—The following is the letter of Major McDaniel to the senatorial convention, declining a renomination. This was written by him after he knew that four out of the five counties had expressed a preference for him. Rockdale county claimed the right to name the senator. and Major McDaniel did not desire to antagonize that county which had for ten years given him the entire vote of the county:

MONROE, Ga., August 1, 1882.—Messrs G C Selman, L H Broaduax, S C Benson and B S Walker—Gentlemen: The partiality of friends in the district having suggested my return to the senate, I beg to state the reasons which induce me to decline a renomination. I have received such generous support during three terms as senator, that I cannot be insensible to the honor of serving this constituency, or to the preference of those who now wish me to serve another term. This kindness cannot be abused. In one county at least of the district, I have reason to believe that many democrats—amongst them highly valued friends—think that rotation by counties in furnishing candidates, as elsewhere practiced, should be our rule. I am unwilling to stand in their way. My law practice and private business demand all my time, but I scarcely need to add that this will not prevent me from contributing actively to the election of the candidate of the party.

Please accept for yourselves, and communicate to the delegates from other counties who have expressed an intention to support me in the approaching senatorial convention, my grateful appreciation of this mark of confidence and esteem.

Very respectfully,
HENRY D. MCDANIEL.

FORT VALLEY FACTS.

The Vote on the Artesian Well Question—Houston County's First Bale.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

FORT VALLEY, August 16.—The vote of the town to-day on taxation for an artesian well stands for taxation 91, against taxation 14. Some of the best citizens voted against it. It is very probable that the town council will now order the taxation and the well commenced; but the vote for taxation was not two-thirds of the qualified voters of the town, very many not voting; hence the taxation would be illegal.

FORT VALLEY, August 17.—Mr. John Gurr, of Houston county, brought in the first bale of new cotton this morning. It was sold to Brown Bros. at 15 cents by Houser & Houser, wa ehousemen.

GEORGIA'S WEALTH.

WHAT THE TAX RECEIVERS' RETURNS SHOW.

Carroll, Catoosa, Dodge, Houston and Muscogee Counties—A Remarkable Showing of General Improvement in Values of all Kinds and of Better Prospects—Facts and Figures.

From the Columbus, Ga., Sun.

Yesterday afternoon Mr. J. C. Reedy, our efficient tax receiver, and his assistant completed the work of consolidating the tax returns of Muscogee county. The result of Mr. Reedy's labor is given below in tabular form and shows that he has performed the duties of his office faithfully and efficiently. The figures show an increase over last year of $596,335, and over 1880 of $1,067,629, most of which is in the city. The increase must be gratifying to every citizen, as it shows that Muscogee is making rapid progress in the accumulation of wealth. The following are the figures:

	1881	1882
Polls	2,112	2,104
Lawyers	21	25
Doctors	30	24
Dentists	6	
No. acres of land	130,686	133,188
Value of land	$ 829,818	$ 852,675
City property	3,124,597	3,256,592
Bank stock	360,000	370,000
Building and loan	15,000	15,000
Money and notes	1,257,496	1,539,467
Merchandise	1,260,115	1,333,945
Stock and bonds	127,775	199,398
Cotton factories	530,796	535,786
Foundries, mills, etc	137,065	139,100
Household furniture	198,115	202,817
Watches and jewelry	42,977	40,633
Live stock	133,638	137,937
Plantation and mechanical tools	20,148	18,963
Cotton for sale	3,470	16,380
Buggies, carriages, etc	47,679	55,364
Total	$8,308,719	$8,705,054

BY DISTRICTS.

The following shows the value of property in each district:

Upper Town	$4,794,526
Lower Town	2,384,202
McCrary's	765,234
Steam Mill	8[illegible],499
Upatoi	59,534
Edwards'	46,802
Boxeman's	407,236
Total returns of whites	$8,580,314
Total returns of freedmen	164,340
Wild land	2,400
Total	$8,705,054

There will be noticed that there is a considerable falling off in the amount of wild land returned. This is due to the change in the law, which requires all wild lands to be returned in the county in which they lie.

The colored people of our county are as intelligent and industrious as are to be found in the south. Since the war some of them have worked hard, and by living economically have managed to accumulate property. The returns show that they now own in the county $164,340, an increase over last year of $12,536.

The number of hands employed in the county, field hands principally, is 1,016; amount of tax on professions $590, and the amount of tax on polls $2,104.

HOUSTON.

From the Jackson Ga., Herald.

Through the courtesy of Mr. Jeff Lanier, our tax receiver, we have been able to glean the following facts and figures from the tax book for this year, which makes a handsome showing for our county. Mr. Lanier says that the taxable property of the county has increased during his term of office, two hundred and ninety-eight thousand, five hundred and thirty dollars—but a fraction of three hundred thousand dollars in two years, or one hundred and fifty thousand dollors per annum.

The following table of the aggregates will give one an idea as to how we are getting along and with last year's figures we can make a comparison:

	1881.	1882.
Polls	2,693	2,805
No. acres of land	264,431	249,145
Value of land	$1,006,036	$1,103,797
Town property	57,917	83,346
Debts, money, etc	273,547	235,992
Merchandise	52,561	65,511
Stocks and bonds	9,500	16,000
Household and kitchen furniture	103,692	108,208
Watches, jewelry, etc	6,086	6,[illegible]04
Horses, mules, cattle, etc	237,225	239,600
Plantation tools, etc	70,823	75,448
Cotton, corn, and other crops for sale 1st April	14,566	25,267
Value of all property not before enumerated	24,372	39,451
Grand aggregate	1,862,979	2,089,702

From this comparison of figures, we see that we have gained over a hundred polls since last year; that the number of acres of land has decreased 15,286 acres since last year. This is due to a new law, which requires wild land to be given in and taxed in the county where it is situated. In 1881 there was 14,804 acres of this land that was taxed in this county. Take this amount from the amount returned this year, and it lacks but three hundred acres of balancing. We are satisfied that the acreage could be increased if the county lines were well defined, as we hear of several who make their returns in other counties that rightly belong in this one. It will be noticed that the land has increased considerably in valuation—something over ninety-seven thousand dollars. In fact, there is an increase in every item, and the showing is certainly gratifying.

DODGE.

From the Eastman Ga, Times.

Our efficient tax receiver, Mr. John W. Bohannon, after completing his tax digest for 1882, and before sending it to the comptroller general, allowed us to take a peep at it.

The following are the figures consolidated:

Number of polls—white 770, colored 644; total, 1,114.

Lawyers, 5; doctors, 9.

Acres of improved land returned by whites, 157,593; by colored, 3,655.

Total number of acres of improved lands, 161,248; aggregate value of same, $282,387.

Total number of acres of wild lands returned, 225,044—valued at $117,117.

Total value of town and city property—whites, $83,665; colored, $2,850. Total, $86,315. Aggregate value of whole property, including wild lands, $1,067,893.

This is an increase over last year of $93,355; and taking into consideration the fact that last year there were wild lands returned in this county, lying in various other counties, amounting in the aggregate to about $100,000, and which this year are not returned in this county. Add this amount to the figures of the present year and we have a showing of the handsome sum of nearly $200,000, as an increase of taxable property over the past year. There is a slight increase in the polls. There are now about 86 lots of land unreturned in this county. Indeed the tax receiver is of the opinion that there about $200,000 worth of taxable property unreturned this year—including several large saw mills and fixtures. Altogether, we think this a good showing for Dodge county, and one that will compare favorably with any county in the state—according to population and wealth.

CATOOSA.

From the Catoosa, Ga., Courier.

The tax receiver's report shows that the tax payers have given in $30,000 more property this year than last. The number of polls have increased about 80 over last year.

CARROLL.

From the Carroll county, Ga. Times.

The tax digest of our efficient tax collector, Wm. Beall, which has just been closed, shows considerable increase in the aggregate value of property in this county. The whole value of the property for this year, as assessed, is $2,499,076, which is a gain of $262,301 over the year 1881. The gain of 1881, as our readers will recollect, was $233,836 over the year before. From these figures it will be seen that the county is steadily increasing in wealth. Our population is also increasing, judging from increase of polls this year over 1881. This year the number of polls on the tax digest is 3,182, an increase of 113 over the year before. The increase of the year 1881 over 1880 was 114, just one more than last year over the year before.

INSURANCE AGENTS.

A Convention of General and Special Agents Assembled at New Holland Springs.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

NEW HOLLAND SPRINGS, August 18.—A convention of general and special agents of insurance met here on Wednesday to discuss rates of country and suburban property. They will adjourn on Saturday. Thirty companies are represented by the following gentlemen: William F. Prioleau, Atlanta; W. L. Cowarden, T. C. Brent, Richmond; W. G. DeGanesure, Charleston; L. R. Warren, Virginia; H. L. Cheshire, Gainesville; Henry Brown, Philadelphia; W. F. Patillo, Atlanta; P. F. Percud, Jr., Raleigh; Clarence Knowles and lady, Thomas Egleston, Isreal Putnam, Isaac S. Boyd, Atlanta; J. A. Thomas, Nashville; Henry T. Botts, Savannah; J. N. Churchill, New York; John C. Whitner, Thomas Peters, Livingston Mims, H. C. Stockdell, Atlanta; J B. Nilson, Richmond; L. M. Tucker, Columbus, Miss.; Chas. E. Rice, New Orleans; Edward S. Gay, Atlanta; I. B. Cobb, Macon; J. W. Covington, Atlanta.

DECATUR DOINGS.

Young Bob Alston an Independent Candidate for the Legislature.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

DECATUR, August 18.—Mr. Giles Humphries, whose name has been mentioned by me as a candidate for representative, has declined to enter the race, his business, health and conscience not permitting him to do so. This is regretted by many friends in the county, who believed he would make a good representative. Robert W. Alston, who, like his father, Colonel R. A. Alston is familiarly known as "Bob Alston," has in a card to the DeKalb News announced himself a candidate for representative, subject to the will of the people at the ballot box, which means he will not submit his claims in the primary election but will be what is known as an independent candidate. He is a young man about 24 years of age.

CEDARTOWN CHIPS.

A Five Thousand Dollar Fire in Colonel Waddell's House—A Valuable Team Drowned.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

CEDARTOWN, August 17.—The splendid residence of Colonel J. O. Waddell, situated near this place, was entirely consumed by fire at 7 o'clock p.m. on yesterday. Loss $5,000 to $6,000; insurance $3,000. The greater part of the furniture was saved. A team of mules belonging to Major Sam Byrd was drowned in the Cherokee mill pond yesterday afternoon. They were left untied, and evidently went to the pond to drink and fell in. The water at that point was ten feet deep.

ELBERTON EVENTS.

Extensive Preparations for a Thanksgiving Dinner—Appearance of Hydrophobia.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

ELBERTON, August 17.—Extensive preparations are being made for the thanksgiving dinner and celebration that is to come off here on the 24th of this month. The largest crowd ever assembled here is expected on that day. Hydrophobia has made its appearance here, and a dog ordinance is being strictly enforced. Quite a number of dogs have been killed by the marshal. Merchants are buying very large stocks of dry goods, and fine trade in that line is looked for this fall.

POWDER SPRINGS.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

POWDER SPRINGS, August 15.—A negro who looked more like an escaped convict than a minister of the gospel visited our village last Sunday for the purpose of carrying on a protracted meeting. Being a stranger to the colored congregation, he was interrogated by a deacon in reference to his success as a minister. He said: "I preached close to Atlanta 'tother day, and took my tex in de testamint and axed all who would pay tention to me to hold up dar hand, and I recon a hundered hold up dar hands, and I gin to preach and da gin to holler, and when I mence tellin dem bout de golden street da hollered louder, and den I flung open dem pearly gates to der vew, and den, bless God, by dat time I could not hear myself talk, and you could er herd me three miles." Here the deacon embraced him and they made their way to the church, where they are still enjoying the sweets of religion.

KILLED BY A TRAIN.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

CARTERSVILLE, August 18.—Marion Foster, colored, who was convicted of larceny from the house at the last term of our superior court, accidentally fell from a car near Rockmart this morning and was killed, the car passing over and cutting off both legs.

GEORGIA PACIFIC PROGRESS.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

VILLA RICA, August 18.—Track laying on the Georgia Pacific railroad reached Temple, formerly known as Ringers Cross road, at three o'clock this afternoon.

NOTES FROM ALABAMA.

The Recent Lynching in LaFayette—A Sad Shooting Affair—Death of Ben Hill, Etc.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

LAFAYETTE, Ala., August 18.—The recent lynching in this place of the two negro murderers is, of course, the sensation of the hour. It is unnecessary to say that this lawlessness is unequivocally and strongly condemned by the entire people, who express themselves on the subject. The courts and officers are using everything in their power to bring to justice the perpetrators of the foul deed, and with some prospect of success. But it is always difficult to bring to justice the actors in these affairs from the fact that when fifty or sixty men are directly engaged, is is next to an impossibility to find a jury who will convict, were the evidence ever so strong.

One of the saddest cases of killing ever recorded took place in Tallapoosa county, adjoining this, some days ago. A Mr. Sam Johnson, a well-known and highly respectable planter and a man well to do in the world's goods, shot and killed his own niece. It appears a large white dog had been annoying Mr. Johnson at night by going to his house and depredating upon everything in reach. He had several times made an effort to shoot the dog, but without effect. On the night in question Mr. Johnson's niece, a young lady of 18 years, was spending the night with his daughter, her cousin, of the same age. Some young gentlemen had called, and after spending an hour or two, left. The young ladies continued to occupy the front piazza for some time after the gentlemen left, laughing and chattering. Mrs. Johnson and her husband, who had retired, were aroused by the noise the girls were making, and thinking it was the obnoxious dog, she called her husband and remarked that the dog was then out on the piazza. Mr. Johnson arose, got his gun, and being not fully awake, went out the door, and seeing something white at the farther end of the piazza, fired away, believing the object to be the white dog. What was his consternation after firing to hear shrieks and a fall. Rushing up he discovered that he had killed his own niece—the entire charge going through her stomach. His own daughter was slightly wounded. The young lady died instantly. Mr. Johnson is on the verge of insanity at this great calamity.

The death of Senator Hill is as much deplored in Alabama as it is in Georgia. Every one is bowed with sorrow at the great loss. They looked upon Ben Hill as their friend and counselor.

There is no doubt of the existence of yellow fever at Pensacola. Montgomery has quarantined against the place and much uneasiness is felt all over this section. The papers in a general way deny the presence of the scourge, but you may put it down as a fact and a sad fact that they have it there and have it badly.

As for crops, it is useless to say anything. They are just as good in Alabama as were ever produced.

Hop Bitters Co., Toronto:
I have been sick for the past six years, suffering from dyspepsia and general weakness. I have used three bottles of Hop Bitters, and they have done wonders for me. I am well and able to work, and can sleep well. I cannot say too much for Hop Bitters. SIMON ROBINS
Sept. 14th, 1880.

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no longer from Dyspepsia, Indigestion, want of Appetite, loss of Strength lack of Energy, Malaria, Intermittent Fevers, &c. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS never fails to cure all these diseases.

Boston, November 26, 1881.
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BROWN'S IRON BITTERS acts like a charm on the digestive organs, removing all dyspeptic symptoms, such as tasting the food, Belching, Heat in the Stomach, Heartburn, etc. The only Iron Preparation that will not blacken the teeth or give headache.

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B. RIVAL, a Planter at Bayou Sara, La., says: My plantation is in a malarial district. For several years I could not make half a crop on account of bilious diseases and chills. I was nearly discouraged when I began the use of TUTT'S PILLS. The result was marvelous: my laborers soon became hearty and robust, and I have had no further trouble.

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A splendid band has been engaged to furnish music during the season.

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IN THE NINTH.

OPENING OF THE CONGRESSIONAL CAMPAIGN.

Description of a Fruit Farm on Kennesaw Mountain—Notes From Alabama—McDaniel's Mettle—Five Thousand Dollar Fire—Fort Valley Well—Elberton's Thanksgiving.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

GAINESVILLE, August 18.—The campaign has opened in the ninth district in dead earnest. Mr. Speer has made two speeches, one at Athens and one at Gainesville. He aroused no enthusiasm at either place except among his clacquers and the colored voters who were favorable to him.

Here he had the disadvantage of appearing in a county that is the home of his opponent and almost solid for him. The Speer men admit that Candler is going to make a strong race. The "young" independent has started on a vigorous canvass of the entire district. From all parts of the district comes the news that the democrats are highly satisfied with the nomination. Mr. Candler's high character and eminent usefulness as a citizen have made a host of friends who will give him a most cordial support. He has gone into the canvass with his whole soul. His chief business concern now is the completion of the railroad from Gainesville to Dahlonega. He superintends the work every day. The track will soon be laid to the Chattahoochee river, and then Mr. Candler will have a rest of about thirty days. That time he will devote entirely to the canvass. It may not be convenient for him to arrange his dates so as to meet Mr. Speer's appointments and make a joint canvass of the district, but as both candidates will be active, their path will probably cross before the campaign closes.

DEMOCRATS CONFIDENT.

The confidence of the democrats in the success of their man is rising every day. A large number of well known Speer men have announced that they will support Mr. Candler in this contest, and several of them are men of large influence in their respective counties. It is admitted that the chances appear very much in Mr. Speer's favor, he having been elected by 4,000 majority to the present congress, but this fact is only redoubling the energies of the democrats. They are confident of gaining on the independent-democratic-republican candidate with a steadiness that will overtake him before election day. With a plucky leader they are going to put up a fight that will satisfy their opponents. The district contains twenty counties, several of which are very hard of access. A canvass up there is enough to tax the energies of body as well as of mind. Both candidates mean to face these difficulties. The voters of the ninth will have the issue squarely presented to them, and the heaviest vote ever polled in the district may be expected.

GAINESVILLE, August 17.—Hon. Emory Speer, the independent congressman of the ninth, opened the campaign here to-day in a two hours' speech, at College chapel, commencing at 11:30 o'clock a.m., and stormed the "fort" by the repetition of his speech which he has delivered fifty times, more or less, at every court house in the ninth congressional district. He was introduced by Colonel W. L. Marler, and commenced the recital of his wrongs, making a strong appeal for the sympathies of his auditors. He placed himself upon the defensive and begged for votes. Upon the stage while he was delivering himself he was surrounded by United States Marshal James Longstreet, of New Orleans fame, Colonel Peter F. Lawshe, of Minnesota, and Colonel W. L. Marler, Ex-Governor Rufus B. Bullock's solicitor general of the western judicial circuit, and others, who, from their faces, looked as if they indorsed all he said. He was preceded into the chapel by a porter, who was loaded down with scrapbooks, congressional records and his private correspondence, from which he cited copiously during his speech. His effort was labored and his harvest anything but flattering. That drunken crowd was not there to cheer him and his remarks fell flat before the ears of democrats. He looked hacked and the universal opinion on the streets this afternoon is that his speech was weak—the weakest he ever delivered in Hall county. Once or twice he broke the spell of gloom and dealt in a few flights of rhetoric—but his speech was prosy and created no enthusiasm in the main. He heaped his abuse upon Henry P. Christy, calling him a thief and an ingrate; upon F. H. Richardson, the Washington correspondent of THE CONSTITUTION, and upon T. L. Gant, the able and fearless editor of the Banner-Watchman, calling him Guiteau Gantt and a bench legged fice. He tackeled the name of Colonel Allen D. Candler, but was "sharp" enough to see that it was unwise to follow that line of tactics and dropped him like a hot potato as he saw that A. D. Candler claimed a place in the affection of his people. He was egotistic in his speech from the introduction to the peroration. He pleads now for vindication with all the fervor of his soul, but it is too late to pray when the devil comes.

MARIETTA MATTERS.

An Interesting Fruit Farm on Kennesaw Mountian—Facts and Figures.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

MARIETTA, August 17.—Rising from amid fertile plains and clothed to its summit in verdue stands the battle-scarred, historic Kennesaw, 1,800 feet above the sea. The natural luxuriance of the timber suggested to Mr. W. J. M. Hames an experiment which has proved a grand success. In the fall of 1879 Mr. Hames purchased and cleared a tract of sixteen acres situated on the northeastern slope at an elevation of 1,800 feet. He cut away the virgin forest and laid bare a rich black loam which is of such a character that it does not require terracing. It either absorbs the rain or turns it off without washing. The first planting of trees made in the fall of '79 was entirely destroyed by stock; but putting up a stock-proof fence of six strands barbed wire, Mr. Hames planted again. He now has 1,000 peach trees planted in rows twenty feet apart each way. This year their yield was small, but next year he expects to gather 500 bushels and the year following 3,000 to 4,000 bushels. Owing to the sunny exposure, it receiving the sun from rising till setting, and to the even temperature, the fruit ripens from one to two weeks earlier than upon the sarrounding plains.

Blight or insects do not trouble the trees or fruit, and such a thing as a rotten peach is unknown. Last February Mr. Hames planted 500 grapevines in the rows with the peach trees. They are of the Concord variety, and ripen very early. Ripe grapes were gathered July 2, this year, from the vines planted in February. The yield was small this year, owing to the lateness in planting; but next year, according to the lowest estimate, he will make 500 gallons of wine from these vines, and in 1884 he calculates to make at least 2,000. When asked what he would do with so much wine, he said that he could very rapidly sell it for $1.50 to $2.00 per gallon. He is clearing more land, and intends to plant all kinds of fruit for the early market. He claims that he can ripen early enough to compete with the Florida fruit brought to the Atlanta market. If some of our farmers could be made to realize the difference between the profits of this farm and upon sixteen acres of cotton, there would certainly be less of the staple planted. H. G. C.

CANTON COURT.

Special Correspondence of the Constitution.

CANTON, August 17.—The business at court is being dispatched. Several negroes have been sentenced from eight months to eight years in the chain gang—most all of them for burglary. Tom Madison, an ex-convict, was sentenced for eight years for stealing money from the safe of R. T Jones, about three months ago. From citizens from all parts of the country we learn that crops are the most promising for years.

MOURNING GEORGIA.

How the News of Senator Hill's Death is Received Throughout His Native State.

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.

JONESBORO, August 17.—At a meeting of the citizens of Clayton county held at the court house this day, Rev. A. McLeroy was called to the chair, and F. M. Kimble requested to act as secretary. Colonel J. T. Spence explained the object of the meeting to be to take some action expressing our grief for the loss of our senator, Hon. B. H. Hill.

On motion a committee of five was appointed to draft suitable preamble and resolutions, consisting of Clonels W. A. Tigner and John L. Doyal, A. C. Blalock, John M. Mundy and W. M. Hynds.

The committee retired and in a short time reported back the following preamble and resolutions which were unanimously adopted by a rising vote:

Whereas, We have learned that our senator, the Hon. B. H. Hill has recently departed this life,

And, whereas, this event has cast a gloom over the hearts of all true men in this state, therefore

Resolved 1. That we express our deep regret at the sad calamity that has befallen us as a state in the loss of one so noble and so true, and so devoted and consecrated to the true interest of the people of his native state.

2. That while we feel it is hard to give him up, yet we rejoice that he was fully prepared to meet his God in peace.

3. That we tender our sincere condolence to the bereaved family, and mourn with them a loss common to the whole country. We have honored him as long as we could. God will give him a crown above.

4. That a copy of the above be forwarded to the family of our departed, yet venerable senator, and copies be furnished to THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION for publication. A. MCLEROY, Chairman.

F. M. KIMBLE, Secretary.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

COVINGTON, August 17.—The news of "our" senator's death, though for many days expected, found us unprepared to realize that hushed, indeed, is the voice of the south's greatest champion. His death is, indeed, a public calamity. Our citizens will, in mass meeting, called by the mayor, give expression to our feelings in the matter to-morrow afternoon.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

CANTON, August 17.—The news of the death of Senator B. H. Hill spread over the town this morning a gloom of sadness. We feel that his death is a public loss, and that his seat cannot be filled by any. He was the greatest man in the state if not the union, and an eloquent, moral, Christian gentleman We tender our profound sympathies to the bereaved family and the whole state.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

FORT VALLEY, August 17.—Our people are sad to learn of the death of our senator. Many say his like was never seen in America, and none can be found to fill his place.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

CARTERSVILLE, August 18.—The citizens of Cartersville met at the opera house this evening and passed resolutions commemorative of the life and death of Senator Hill.

THE ATHENS CITIZENS.

ATHENS, August 17.—The Banner-Watchman says:

Upon a reception of the intelligence of the death of Senator Hill in Athens, yesterday, Mayor Rucker issued a call for a mass meeting of the citizens, to take suitable action in regard to this sad bereavement. A large number of citizens assembled, and at the appointed hour the opera house was filled with our leading and representative citizens of all classes, who united in paying a last sad tribute to the memory of this great statesman. The meeting was called to order by calling Chancellor Mell to the chair, and Mr. H. L. Cranford was requested to act as secretary. Mr. Barrow moved that a committee of three be appointed by the chair to draft suitable resolutions. The chair appointed Messrs. Barrow, Rucker and Howell Cobb. The committee returned and submitted the following preamble and resolutions:

Whereas an all-wise, overruling Providence in his inscrutable wisdom, has removed from earth Benjamin Harvey Hill, in the prime of his days and the plentitude of his usefulness; While we are mindful of the fact that the whole people of this his native state are mourners over his bier, while we of Athens, his sometime home, among whom he spent some of his busiest, best and happiest years, feel that in an especial manner i is our sad privilege to add to the volume which is welling up from all the hearts of all the people of Georgia our heartfelt tribute of sorrow.

Resolved 1st, That in the death of this illustrious man the legal profession has lost the most powerful and eloquent advocate this generation has contributed to its ranks; the senate of the United States the most logical and forcible expounder of the constitution upon its roll, and the state of Georgia the most brilliant and intellectual of all her sons.

Resolved 2d, That for magnificent oratory, exhaustive reasoning power, fearlessness in the assertion of principle and in the defense of the rights of his people, unalterable devotion even in its downfall, to any cause he espoused, his life and career have surely not been equalled in any age.

Resolved, 3d, That we, his old neighbors and friends, drawing nearer in our sorrow to his kindred and family, and remembering that the loss of others is as nothing compared to theirs, tender to them our heartfelt sympathy and earnest prayer that the good God, who rules always wisely and well, will, in His mercy, lift them up and heal their wounded hearts.

The preamble and resolutions were adopted. Mr. E. R. Hodgson moved that a committee of ten be appointed to attend the funeral of Senator Hill Saturday evening. The committee reported the following gentlemen as the delegation: Mayor Rucker, G. H. Yancey, J. E. Talmadge, Pope Barrow, Andrew Cobb, P. H. Mell, L. H. Charbonnier, Stevens Thomas, M. Stanley, W. H. Jones, E. R. Hodgson. Mr. Barrow moved that the secretary be instructed to furnish the family with a copy of the resolutions. Adopted. Mr. A. J. Cobb moved that the bells be tolled between the hours of three and four o'clock Saturday evening, which was adopted. Mr. E. E. Jones moved that the merchants be requested to close their stores between the hours of three and four, which was also adopted.

The meeting then adjourned.

MC'DANIEL'S METTLE.

His Letter Declining Renomination for State Senator After Having Served Three Terms

MONROE, August 18.—The following is the letter of Major McDaniel to the senatorial convention, declining a renomination. This was written by him after he knew that four out of the five counties had expressed a preference for him. Rockdale county claimed the right to name the senator, and Major McDaniel did not desire to antagonize that county which had for ten years given him the entire vote of the county:

MONROE, Ga., August 1, 1882.—Messrs G C Selman, L H Broadnax, S C Benson and B S Walker—Gentlemen: The partiality of friends in the district having suggested my return to the senate, I beg to state the reasons which induce me to decline a renomination. I have received such generous support during three terms as senator, that I cannot be insensible to the honor of serving this constituency, or to the preference of those who now wish me to serve another term. This kindness cannot be abused. In one county at least of the district, I have reason to believe that many democrats—amongst them highly valued friends—think that rotation by counties in furnishing candidates, as elsewhere practiced, should be our rule. I am unwilling to stand in their way. My law practice and private business demand all my time, but I scarcely need to add that this will not prevent me from contributing actively to the election of the candidate of the party.

Please accept for yourselves, and communicate to the delegates from other counties who have expressed an intention to support me in the approaching senatorial convention, my grateful appreciation of this mark of confidence and esteem.

Very respectfully,
HENRY D. MCDANIEL.

FORT VALLEY FACTS.

The Vote on the Artesian Well Question—Houston County's First Bale.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

FORT VALLEY, August 16.—The vote of the town to-day on taxation for an artesian well stands for taxation 91, against taxation 14. Some of the best citizens voted against it. It is very probable that the town council will now order the taxation and the well commenced; but the vote for taxation was not two-thirds of the qualified voters of the town, very many not voting; hence the taxation would be illegal.

FORT VALLEY, August 17.—Mr. John Gurr, of Houston county, brought in the first bale of new cotton this morning. It was sold to Brown Bros. at 15 cents by Houser & Houser, wa ehousemen.

GEORGIA'S WEALTH.

WHAT THE TAX RECEIVERS' RETURNS SHOW.

Carroll, Catoosa, Dodge, Houston and Muscogee Counties—A Remarkable Showing of General improvement in Values of all Kinds and of Better Prospects—Facts and Figures.

From the Columbus, Ga., Sun.

Yesterday afternoon Mr. J. C. Reedy, our efficient tax receiver, and his assistant completed the work of consolidating the tax returns of Muscogee county. The result of Mr. Reedy's labor is given below in tabular form and shows that he has performed the duties of his office faithfully and efficiently. The figures show an increase over last year of $596,335, and over 1880 of $1,067,629, most of which is in the city. The increase must be gratifying to every citizen, as it shows that Muscogee is making rapid progress in the accumulation of wealth. The following are the figures:

	1881	1882
Polls	2,112	2,104
Lawyers	21	25
Doctors	30	24
Dentists	6	
No. acres of land	130,686	133,188
Value of land	$ 829,818	$ 852,675
City property	3,124,597	3,256,592
Bank stock	360,000	370,000
Building and loan	15,000	15,000
Money and notes	1,257,496	1,539,467
Merchandise	1,260,115	1,333,945
Stock and bonds	127,775	199,395
Cotton factories	550,796	535,786
Foundries, mills, etc	137 065	139,100
Household furniture	198,115	202,817
Watches and jewelry	42,977	40,633
Live stock	133,638	137,937
Plantation and mechanical tools	20,148	18,963
Cotton for sale	3,470	16,380
Buggies, carriages, etc	47,679	55,364
Total	$8,308,719	$8,705,054

BY DISTRICTS.

The following shows the value of property in each district:

Upper Town	$4,794,526
Lower Town	2,384,202
McCrary's	765,234
Steam Mill	84,499
Upatoi	59,534
Edwards'	46,805
Bozeman's	407,236
Total returns of whites	$8,580,314
Total returns of freedmen	164,340
Wild land	2,400
Total	$8,705,054

There will be noticed that there is a considerable falling off in the amount of wild land returned. This is due to the change in the law, which requires all wild lands to be returned in the county in which they lie.

The colored people of our county are as intelligent and industrious as are to be found in the south. Since the war some of them have worked hard, and by living economically have managed to accumulate property. The returns show that they now own in the county $164,340, an increase over last year of $12,536.

The number of hands employed in the county, field hands principally, is 1,016; amount of tax on professions $590, and the amount of tax on polls $2,104.

HOUSTON.

From the Jackson Ga., Herald.

Through the courtesy of Mr. Jeff Lanier, our tax receiver, we have been able to glean the following facts and figures from the tax book for this year, which makes a handsome showing for our county. Mr. Lanier says that the taxable property of the county has increased during his term of office, two hundred and ninety-eight thousand, five hundred and thirty dollars—but a fraction of three hundred thousand dollars in two years, or one hundred and fifty thousand dollors per annum.

The following table of the aggregates will give one an idea as to how we are getting along and with last year's figures we can make a comparison:

	1881.	1882.
Polls	2,693	2,805
No. acres of land	264,431	249,145
Value of land	$1,006,036	$1,103,797
Town property	57,917	83,316
Debts, money, etc	273,547	225,992
Merchandise	52,561	65,511
Stocks and bonds	9,500	16,600
Household and kitchen furniture	103,692	108,208
Watches, jewelry, etc	6,086	6,704
Horses, mules, cattle, etc	237,225	239,600
Plantation tools, etc	70,823	75,448
Cotton, corn, and other crops for sale 1st April	14,566	25,267
Value of all property not before enumerated	24,372	39,451
Grand aggregate	1,862,979	2,089,702

From this comparison of figures, we see that we have gained over a hundred polls since last year; that the number of acres of land has decreased 15,286 acres since last year. This is due to a new law, which requires wild land to be given in and taxed in the county where it is situated. In 1881 there was 14,804 acres of this land that was taxed in this county. Take this amount from the amount returned this year, and it lacks but three hundred acres of balancing. We are satisfied that the acreage could be increased if the county lines were well defined, as we hear of several who make their returns in other counties that rightly belong in this one. It will be noticed that the land has increased considerably in valuation—something over ninety-seven thousand dollars. In fact, there is an increase in every item, and the showing is certainly gratifying.

DODGE.

From the Eastman Ga, Times.

Our efficient tax receiver, Mr. John W. Bohannon, after completing his tax digest for 1882, and before sending it to the comptroller general, allowed us to take a peep at it.

The following are the figures consolidated:

Number of polls—white 770, colored 644; total, 1,114.

Lawyers, 5; doctors, 9.

Acres of improved land returned by whites, 157,593; by colored, 3,655.

Total number of acres of improved lands, 161,248; aggregate value of same, $282,387.

Total number of acres of wild lands returned, 225,044—valued at $117,117.

Total value of town and city property—whites, $83,665; colored, $2,850. Total, $86,315. Aggregate value of whole property, including wild lands, $1,067,893.

This is an increase over last year of $93,355; and taking into consideration the fact that last year there were wild lands returned in this county, lying in various other counties, amounting in the aggregate to about $100,000, and which this year are not returned in this county. Add this amount to the figures of the present year and we have a showing of the handsome sum of nearly $200,000, as an increase of taxable property over the past year. There is a slight increase in the polls. There are now about 86 lots of land unreturned in this county. Indeed the tax receiver is of the opinion that there about $200,000 worth of taxable property unreturned this year—including several large saw mills and fixtures. Altogether, we think this a good showing for Dodge county, and one that will compare favorably with any county in the state—according to population and wealth.

CATOOSA.

From the Catoosa, Ga., Courier.

The tax receiver's report shows that the tax payers have given in $30,000 more property this year than last. The number of polls have increased about 80 over last year.

CARROLL.

From the Carroll county, Ga. Times.

The tax digest of our efficient tax collector, Wm. Beall, which has just been closed, shows considerable increase in the aggregate value of property in this county. The whole value of the property for this year, as assessed, is $2,499,076, which is a gain of $262,301 over the year 1881. The gain of 1881, as our readers will recollect, was $233,836 over the year before. From these figures it will be seen that the county is steadily increasing in wealth. Our population is also increasing, judging from increase of polls this year over 1881. This year the number of polls on the tax digest is 3,182, an increase of 113 over the year before. The increase of the year 1881 over 1880 was 114, just one more than last year over the year before.

INSURANCE AGENTS.

A Convention of General and Special Agents Assembled at New Holland Springs.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

NEW HOLLAND SPRINGS, August 18.—A convention of general and special agents of insurance met here on Wednesday to discuss rates of country and suburban property. They will adjourn on Saturday. Thirty companies are represented by the following gentlemen: William F. Prioleau, Atlanta; W. L. Cowarden, T. C. Brent, Richmond; W. G. DeGanesure, Charleston; L. R. Warren, Virginia; H. L. Cheshire, Gainesville; Henry Brown, Philadelphia; W. F. Patillo, Atlanta; P. F. Percud, Jr., Raleigh; Clarence Knowles and lady, Thomas Egleston, Isreal Putnam, Isaac S. Boyd, Atlanta; J. A. Thomas, Nashville; Henry T. Botts, Savannah; J. N. Churchill, New York; John C. Whitner, Thomas Peters, Livingston Mims, H. C. Stockdell, Atlanta; J B. Nilson, Richmond; L. M. Tucker, Columbus, Miss.; Chas. E. Rice, New Orleans; Edward S. Gay, Atlanta; I. B. Cobb, Macon; J. W. Covington, Atlanta.

DECATUR DOINGS.

Young Bob Alston an Independent Candidate for the Legislature.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

DECATUR, August 18.—Mr. Giles Humphries, whose name has been mentioned by me as a candidate for representative, has declined to enter the race, his business, health and conscience not permitting him to do so. This is regretted by many friends in the county, who believed he would make a good representative. Robert W. Alston, who, like his father, Colonel R. A. Alston is familiarly known as "Bob Alston," has in a card to the DeKalb News announced himself a candidate for representative, subject to the will of the people at the ballot box, which means he will not submit his claims in the primary election but will be what is known as an independent candidate. He is a young man about 24 years of age.

CEDARTOWN CHIPS.

A Five Thousand Dollar Fire in Colonel Waddell's House—A Valuable Team Drowned.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

CEDARTOWN, August 17.—The splendid residence of Colonel J. O. Waddell, situated near this place, was entirely consumed by fire at 7 o'clock p.m. on yesterday. Loss $5,000 to $6,000; insurance $3,000. The greater part of the furniture was saved. A team of mules belonging to Major Sam Byrd was drowned in the Cherokee mill pond yesterday afternoon. They were left untied, and evidently went to the pond to drink and fell in. The water at that point was ten feet deep.

ELBERTON EVENTS.

Extensive Preparations for a Thanksgiving Dinner—Appearance of Hydrophobia.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

ELBERTON, August 17.—Extensive preparations are being made for the thanksgiving dinner and celebration that is to come off here on the 24th of this month. The largest crowd ever assembled here is expected on that day. Hydrophobia has made its appearance here, and a dog ordinance is being strictly enforced. Quite a number of dogs have been killed by the marshal. Merchants are buying very large stocks of dry goods, and fine trade in that line is looked for this fall.

POWDER SPRINGS.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

POWDER SPRINGS, August 15.—A negro who looked more like an escaped convict than a minister of the gospel visited our village last Sunday for the purpose of carrying on a protracted meeting. Being a stranger to the colored congregation, he was interrogated by a deacon in reference to his success as a minister. He said: "I preached close to Atlanta 'tother day, and took my tex in de testamint and axed all who would pay tention to me to hold up dar hand, and I recon a hundered hold up dar hands, and I gin to preach and da gin to holler, and when I mence tellin dem bout de golden street da hollered louder, and den I flung open dem pearly gates to der vew, and den, bless God, by dat time I could not hear myself talk, and you couldn'er herd me three miles." Here the deacon embraced him and they made their way to the church, where they are still enjoying the sweets of religion.

KILLED BY A TRAIN.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

CARTERSVILLE, August 18.—Marion Foster, colored, who was convicted of larceny from the house at the last term of our superior court, accidentally fell from a car near Rockmart this morning and was killed, the car passing over and cutting off both legs.

GEORGIA PACIFIC PROGRESS.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

VILLA RICA, August 18.—Track laying on the Georgia Pacific railroad reached Temple, formerly known as Ringers Cross road, at three o'clock this afternoon.

NOTES FROM ALABAMA.

The Recent Lynching in LaFayette—A Sad Shooting Affair—Death of Ben Hill, Etc.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

LAFAYETTE, Ala., August 18.—The recent lynching in this place of the two negro murderers is, of course, the sensation of the hour. It is unnecessary to say that this lawlessness is unequivocally and strongly condemned by the entire people, who express themselves on the subject. The courts and officers are using everything in their power to bring to justice the perpetrators of the foul deed, and with some prospect of success. But it is always difficult to bring to justice the actors in these affairs from the fact that when fifty or sixty men are directly engaged, is is next to an impossibility to find a jury who will convict, were the evidence ever so strong.

One of the saddest cases of killing ever recorded took place in Tallapoosa county, adjoining this, some days ago. A Mr. Sam Johnson, a well-known and highly respectable planter and a man well to do in the world's goods, shot and killed his own niece. It appears a large white dog had been annoying Mr. Johnson at night by going to his house and depredating upon everything in reach. He had several times made an effort to shoot the dog, but without effect. On the night in question Mr. Johnson's niece, a young lady of 18 years, was spending the night with his daughter, her cousin, of the same age. Some young gentlemen had called, and after spending an hour or two, left. The young ladies continued to occupy the front piazza for some time after the gentlemen left, laughing and chattering. Mrs. Johnson and her husband, who had retired, were aroused by the noise the girls were making, and thinking it was the obnoxious dog, she called her husband and remarked that the dog was then out on the piazza. Mr. Johnson arose, got his gun, and being not fully awake, went out the door, and seeing something white at the farther end of the piazza, fired away, believing the object to be the white dog. What was his consternation after firing to hear shrieks and a fall. Rushing up he discovered that he had killed his own niece—the entire charge going through her stomach. His own daughter was slightly wounded. The young lady died instantly. Mr. Johnson is on the verge of insanity at this great calamity.

The death of Senator Hill is as much deplored in Alabama as it is in Georgia. Every one is bowed with sorrow at the great loss. They looked upon Ben Hill as their friend and counselor.

There is no doubt of the existence of yellow fever at Pensacola. Montgomery has quarantined against the place and much uneasiness is felt all over this section. The papers in a general way deny the presence of the scourge, but you may put it down as a fact and a sad fact that they have it there and have it badly.

As for crops, it is useless to say anything. They are just as good in Alabama as were ever produced.

Hop Bitters Co., Toronto:
I have been sick for the past six years, suffering from dyspepsia and general weakness. I have used three bottles of Hop Bitters, and they have done wonders for me. I am well and able to work, and can sleep well. I cannot say too much for Hop Bitters. SIMON ROBINS.
Sept. 14th, 1880.

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no longer from Dyspepsia, Indigestion, want of Appetite, loss of Strength lack of Energy, Malaria, Intermittent Fevers, &c. BROWN'S IRON BITTERS never fails to cure all these diseases.

Boston, November 26, 1881.
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BROWN'S IRON BITTERS acts like a charm on the digestive organs, removing all dyspeptic symptoms, such as tasting the food, Belching, Heat in the Stomach, Heartburn, etc. The only Iron Preparation that will not blacken the teeth or give headache.

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B. RIVAL, a Planter at Bayou Sara, La., says: "My plantation is in a malarial district. For several years I could not make half a crop on account of bilious diseases and chills. I was nearly discouraged when I began the use of TUTT'S PILLS. The result was marvelous; my laborers soon became hearty and robust, and I have had no further trouble.

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Try this remedy fairly, and you will gain a healthy Digestion, Vigorous Body, Pure Blood, Strong Nerves, and a Sound Liver. Price, 25 Cents. Office, 35 Murray St., N. Y.

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References—Hon D A Jenkins, Charlotte, N C; First National Bank, Charlotte, N C; National Park Bank, New York; Hon S R Phillips, Solicitor General U. S., Washington. july4—dt

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The luxurious and costly appointments, medical apparatuses and appliances introduced since the purchase of our present location and the erection of our new Medical Department, have justly earned for this S

HORRIBLE BAIT.

AN UGLY STORY FROM THE PENNSYLVANIA METROPOLIS.

The Outrageous Purpose to Which a Woman's Body Was Put in the Delaware River—Human Bait for Eels—The Story as to How the Body Was Found and its Disposition.

From the Philadelphia Press.

Dr. Cadwalader gave the result of his autopsy yesterday before the coroner in the case of the headless, armless and legless body which was found in the Delaware river, near Shackamaxon street wharf, on Tuesday. The examination proved that the remains were those of a woman; that she had been about five feet five inches in height, and between 25 and 30 years of age. Fish, aided by decomposition, had eaten away most of the skin and much of the flesh on the trunk, and had separated the limbs and head from the body. One arm was off from the elbow, and on the other side of the body the scapula protruded from the shoulder. Where the head should have been a portion of the vertebral column appeared above the moldering flesh. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of "found dead." Much of the disintegration of the remains was due to the laws of nature, for the body had been in the water a long time, but the brutal conduct of a money-loving man had also done as much toward assisting the natural corruption of the flesh.

Abram Shutter is a man who sleeps in a hut in the rear of a stable at Beach and Hanover streets. He has an unkempt beard, a rough voice, and innocent-looking blue eyes. He was idly leaning against the fence yesterday, which surrounds the lumber-yard of A. W. Von Utassy, Beach and Shackamaxon streets. He is a longshoreman and fisherman by turns.

"Did I find a body in the water not long ago? Yes, I did. What of it?" he growled in reply to a question. "Nothing queer about getting a corpse in the river, is there? I gave it away; that's what I did with it."

After much interrogation the following facts were obtained from the rough-voiced, mild-eyed man: Late on the afternoon of either Monday or Tuesday of last week, Shutter returned from Camden, where he says he had been "a looking after some business." He crossed the river in the ferry-boat Shackamaxon, which lands on this side of the river at the foot of Shackamaxon street. He was standing on the lower end of the boat, as he relates, when he noticed something floating in the water, bobbing up and down in the rough wake.

"I knowed it were a corpse, and I knowed the coroner would give me a quarter for it," he replied; "so arter I got on land I loaned myself a rowboat, and as the tide was going up the river I went up with it to fetch the thing down to the coroner." Shutter stated that after searching for some time he again saw the remains in the river, nearly opposite Hanover street. He fastened a rope to the ghastly object and towed it to shore just above Davies's wood wharf. It was quite dark when he reached dand, and so he concluded to tie his capture to a convenient stake and wait until the following morning before notifying the coroner. Shutter said he was not aware that he could accomplish his purpose in this respect by informing the most accessible policeman that he had found a body in the river.

"I wasn't going down to no coroner's office that night," he continued. "Just when I was leaving the 'find' a man comes up to me. No, I don't know what his real name might be; I always heard him called 'Poodle.' I guess on account of his shaggy hair they call him that. Poodle says, 'What's you've got?'

"'Coroner's case,' says I.

"'What you're going to do with it?' says he.

"'Take it to the coroner, where it belongs.'

"'I'll take it for you, and save you the trouble,' says Poodle."

Shutter replied that he expected to receive 25 cents for the body, and "Poodle" agreed to give him that sum if he ("Poodle") got it from the coroner after notifying that official. With this understanding the men separated, leaving the corpse in the water fastened near the wharf. Shutters states that the body, at that time even, was without arms, legs, or head, and that it was greatly dissolored and swollen.

Saturday evening "Poodle" met him in the street and handed him 25 cents. "Poodle," Shutter states, carried a large covered bucket slung on one arm, and raising the lid he displayed with evident pride five or six extraordinarily large fat eels. Shutter inquired of "Poodle" where the eels were caught.

"I've got a new eel-pot, the best in the world," was the reply. "It's made of flesh and bone, and I got it from you."

Shutter says that his suspicions were immediately aroused by this remark. "You don't mean to say you're keeping that body out in the river for the eels to fasten on?" he demanded. "Poodle" admitted that such was the case. Shutter says that he started of to tell the police, when "Poodle" called him back, and promised to notify the coroner that a body had been found if he would not make any complaint. Shutter consented to this arrangement. After "Poodle" left him he went down the river to the spot where he had fastened the remains, but they were not there. In all probability "Poodle" had removed the body to a more retired spot in the water, and was using it for a bate for the slimy fish to fasten upon. Judging from what is now known, "Poodle" must have been alarmed at Shutter's threats, and unfastening the body, allowed it once more to drift back and forth with the river's tide. After its discovery on Tuesday, when the remains were taken to the morgue, the intestines were found to be entirely eaten out by the eels, and such portions of the decomposed flesh as still clung to the ribs was riddled through and through by these same snakelike fish. Shutter declares that he does not know "Poodle's" right name, or the place in which he lives, and an active search yesterday in the neighborhood where the event narrated occurred failed to afford a clue by which that individual could be discovered.

Who the unfortunate woman was is not known, as all attempts made by the coroner's messengers to discover her identity proved unsuccessful. The remains will be buried today from the morgue.

Nervousness, debility and exhausted vitality cured by using Brown's Iron Bitters.
aug15d&w1w

In this day of lofty aspirations the thermometer is holding its own.

Two great evils—headache and constipation, afflicting nearly all humanity, are relieved by Bailey's Saline Aperient.
aug15 d1w thurs sat thes&w1t

Queen Victoria sometimes gets as many as forty telegrams in a day.

Woman's primitive beauty and vigor, which have been lost, can be restored and retained by the action of certain constitutional agents. These agents necessarily regulate, build up, fortify and antagonize all existing female irregularities and excesses, or obstructions which produce the ill health. The remedy must unload the locked up secretions, add iron to blood, strength to system and vitality to nerves. Such a remedy is found in the use of English Female Bitters.
aug15-d1w thurs sat tues & w1t

W. Smallwood, assistant postmaster at Lula, Ga., is 90 years of age.

If you are a frequenter or a resident of a miasmatic district, barricade your system against the scourge of all new countries—ague, bilious and intermittent fevers—by the use of Hop Bitters.

LUDINGTON, Michigan, February 2, 1880.

I have sold Hop Bitters for four years and there is no medicine that surpasses them for bilious attacks, kidney complaints and many diseases incident to this malarial climate.

H. T. ALEXANDER.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

AS A COOLING DRINK.

Dr. M. H. Henry, New York, says: "It possesses claims as a beverage, beyond anything I know of in the form of medicine, and in nervous diseases I know of no preparation to equal it."

Upward of 13,000,000 letters and post cards are posted daily in the world.

Forty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never-failing success by millions of mothers for their children. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhœa, griping in the bowels and wind-colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price 25 cents a bottle.
mar26—d1y sat sun wed&w1y

The jail in Orange county, Virginia, being without inmates, has been let to a wine manufacturer for storage purposes.

Hie, lads and lassies! hie away!
Nor brook a single hour's delay,
If you would carry in your mouth
White teeth, and odors of the south.
Haste, haste, and buy a single font
Of the unrivalled SOZODONT.
aug13—d1w sun tues thurs sat&w1t

There is one advantage about fly time. One doesn't need an alarm clock to secure an early awakening.—Syracuse Herald.

Dr. Fuller's Pocket Injection with syringe combined cures stinging irritation, inflammation and urinary complaints. $1. Lamar, Rankin & Lamar, and all druggists.

Dr. Fuller's Youthful Vigor Pills cure nervous debility, impotence and nocturnal emissions. $2. By mail. Depot 429 Canal street, New York.
apr 11 d&w1y tue s thur sat

An American traveler in Germany weeps because he cannot find a bed longer than five feet ten inches.

Protection From Malaria.

The preventive is the far-famed southern remedy, Simmons Liver Regulator, a purely vegetable tonic, cathartic and alterative. It acts more promptly than calomel or quinine.

Many a good politician has remained consistent by not reading his party's platforms.—New York Herald.

A Few More Left.

And a happy circumstance it is, too, that notwithstanding the rapidly increasing demand for Hunt's Remedy, there are a few more bottles left. This is, indeed, joyful news for the afflicted. People are beginning to find out that they have kidneys and that weakness of the back and loins, and many supposed rheumatic pains, come from these delicate organs, and may be precursors of serious troubles like Bright's Disease, and of death. People are also finding out that the sure specific for all ailments of the liver bladder and kidneys is Hunt's Remedy, and hence the great and increasing demand. And still we are able to say of the bottles of this great remedy, there are "a few more left."
aug15 d3t tues thur,sat&w1t

A Frenchman says that there has not been not pure French novel written during the last twelve months.

The Parson and His Horse.

A well known clergyman drove twelve miles into the country to pass the day with a friend. While at dinner a servant came running in with the message that his horse was lying on his back in frightful agony, kicking and struggling as if about to die. PERRY DAVIS'S PAIN KILLER happened to be on hand and some of it was at once put down the suffering beast's throat. In consequence the horse, which had a bad attack of colic, was able to trot cheerily home in the evening. This method of curing sick horses is regularly resorted to in Providence, R. I., among the animals belonging to the Fire Department. The chief of that department, Captain Oliver J. Greene, says: "For colic in horses a small bottle of it in a pint of milk will afford relief in the worst cases, if taken in time."

THE

IMPERISHABLE

PERFUME.

Murray & Lanman's

FLORIDA WATER,

Best for TOILET, BATH and HANDKERCHIEF.

apr1—d6m sat thur tues nxt rd mat

THE MARKHAM HOUSE,

Atlanta, Georgia.

HEADQUARTERS FOR COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS and Southern Tourists.

RATES—$2.50, $3.00 PER DAY.

Special rates made with families.

July 4—2m W. A. HUFF, Proprietor.

NEW HOLLAND SPRINGS,

HALL COUNTY, GEORGIA.

THE FINEST ACCOMMODATION, THE BEST water and the purest climate in the south.

TERMS:

$30 per month; $10 per week; $2 per day.

Special rates given to families.

July 4—3m W. A. HUFF, Proprietor.

BEE LINE ROUTE

(C. C. C. & I. R'Y.)

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST LINE FROM CINCINNATI TO

CLEVELAND,
SANDUSKY,
PUT IN BAY,
NIAGARA FALLS,
THOUSAND ISLANDS,
SARATOGA,
WHITE MOUNTAINS,

and the SEACOAST. Eleven hours quicker from

CINCINNATI AND BOSTON

than any line with through Sleeping Cars. Quicker time between

CINCINNATI AND NEW YORK CITY

than any line, with no extra fares on fast trains. Only line running directly into NEW YORK CITY without ferryage or transfer.

D. EDWARDS,
General Southern Agent, Cincinnati, O.
A. J. SMITH,
General Passenger Agent, Cleveland, O.
june1 d3m

NERVOUS DEBILITY

A CURE GUARANTEED.

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATment: A specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Headache, Mental Depression, Loss of Memory, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Involuntary Emissions, Premature Old Age, caused by over-exertion, self-abuse, or over-indulgence, which leads to misery, decay and death. One box will cure recent cases.

Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to return the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by

LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Atlanta, Ga.
Orders by Mail will receive Prompt Attention.
655 may1—d&w1y

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR.

HOW TO TELL

Genuine Simmons Liver Regulator, or Medicine.

Look for clean, neat white wrapper with the red symbolic letter stamped upon it in the form of a ribbon gracefully curved into the letter Z embracing the emblems of our trade, Spatula, Mortar and Graduate with the words A. Q. SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR or MEDICINE thereon, also observe the signature of J. H. ZEILIN & CO, in red ink on the side.

TAKE NO OTHER.

Beware of those who know nothing of Medical Compounds who put out nostrums known to sour, and being analyzed prove worthless and only made to fleece the public, and to pirate on the well-earned reputation of Zeilin & Co's medicine. These frauds have no reputation to sustain and will cheat you for a few pennys every way they can.

Look careful to the medicine you are induced to take, for much suffering, permanent injury, and even death has resulted from improper treatment, and from taking unskillfully prepared medicine.

DR. SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR,

Manufactured only by J. H. ZEILIN & CO.

Sold by all respectable Druggists.
aug30—d1y tues thur sat&w1y top col n r m

LISTEN, LISTEN,

To the Words of Warning from One of South Carolina's Noblest Daughters.

Dr. V. R. Stone:

DEAR SIR—Please send me a half dozen bottles of your valuable APEPSIA. I have seen it do such remarkable cures in cases of Dyspepsia that I resolved to try it for sick headache. When I feel the headache coming on I take two teaspoonfuls of APEPSIA, which arrests the trouble immediately and puts a stop to my suffering. I wish I could convince the heads of every household that APEPSIA should always be kept on hand. I never intend being without it now that I find it as good for sick headache as it is for Dyspepsia. Hoping to receive your orders soon, I am yours respectfully,

KATE S. VILLARD,
Seminole, S. C.

APEPSIA!

The great scientific preparation will positively cure old chronic cases of Dyspepsia, Dyspeptic Fits, Dyspeptic Vertigo and Dyspeptic Consumption, where every other known medicine has failed to give relief. I refer with pleasure to the following gentlemen of Savannah, whose characters are irreproachable: Dr. J. H. Halliwanger, Clarence S. Connerat, Captain George M. Weymouth. Price $1 per bottle. For sale by LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR, and all retail druggists.

V. R. STONE, M.D.,
mar7—d&w1y Philadelphia.

DR. CLARK JOHNSON'S

Indian Blood Syrup

Cures all diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Skin and Blood. *Millions* testify to its efficacy in healing the above named diseases, and pronounce it to be the BEST REMEDY KNOWN TO MAN.

Guaranteed to cure Dyspepsia.

TRADE MARK. AGENTS WANTED.

Laboratory 77 West 3d St., New York City. Druggists sell it.

DR. CLARK JOHNSON:—I have given your INDIA[redacted] can recommend it to all afflicted as a valuable med[redacted]
Doraville, DeKalb Co., Ga.
aug15—d&w1y nx rd mat

LOTTERIES.

The Public is requested carefully to notice the new and enlarged scheme to be drawn Monthly.

CAPITAL PRIZE $75,000.

Tickets only $5. Shares in proportion.

L. S. L.

Louisiana State Lottery Co.

Incorporated in 1868, for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of $1,000,000—to which a reserve fund of over $550,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d, A. D., 1879.

The only Lottery ever voted on and endorsed by the people of any State.

It never scales or postpones.

ITS GRAND SINGLE NUMBER DRAWINGS WILL take place monthly.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. NINTH GRAND DRAWING, CLASS I, AT NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1882—148th Monthly Drawing.

LOOK AT THE FOLLOWING SCHEME, under the exclusive supervision and management of

GEN. G. T. BEAUREGARD, of Louisiana, and GEN. JUBAL A. EARLY, of Virginia,

who manage all the drawings of this Company both ORDINARY and SEMI-ANNUAL, and attest the correctness of the published Official Lists.

CAPITAL PRIZE, $75,000.

100,000 Tickets at Five Dollars Each. Fractions, in Fifths in proportion.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 CAPITAL PRIZE		$75 000
1 do	do	25,000
1 do	do	10,000
2 PRIZES OF $6000		12,000
5 do	2000	10,000
10 do	1000	10,000
20 do	500	10,000
100 do	200	20,000
300 do	100	30,000
500 do	50	25,000
1,000 do	25	25,000
APPROXIMATION PRIZES.		
9 Approximation Prizes of $750		6,750
9 do do	500	4,500
9 do do	250	2,250
1,967 Prizes, amounting to		$265,500

Application for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the Company in New Orleans.

For further information, write clearly, giving full address. Send orders by Express, Registered Letter or Money Order, addressed only to

M. A. DAUPHIN,
New Orleans, La.

or M. A. DAUPHIN,
607 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

N. B.—Orders addressed to New Orleans will receive prompt attention.
aug8—d&w3w top col

---47TH---

POPULAR MONTHLY DRAWING OF THE

COMMONWEALTH DISTRIBUTION CO.

In the city of Louisville, Ky.

Thursday, August 31st, 1882.

These drawing occur monthly (Sundays excepted), under provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of Kentucky.

The United States Circuit Court on March 31st, rendered the following decisions:

1st—That the Commonwealth Distribution Company is legal.

2d—Its drawings are fair.

N. B.—The Company has now on hand a large reserve fund. Read the list of prizes for the

AUGUST DRAWING.

1 Prize	$30,000
1 Prize	10,000
1 Prize	5,000
10 Prizes, $1,000 each	10,000
20 Prizes 500 each	10,000
100 Prizes 100 each	10,000
200 Prizes 50 each	10,000
600 Prizes 20 each	12,000
1000 Prizes 10 each	10,000
9 Prizes $808 each, Approximation Prizes	2,700
9 Prizes 200 each	1,800
9 Prizes 100 each	900
1,960 Prizes	$112,400

Whole Tickets $2. Half Tickets $1.
27 Tickets, $50. 55 Tickets, $100.

Remit money or Bank Draft in letter, or sent by Express. Don't send by Registered Letter or Post-office order. Address all orders to R. M. BOARDMAN, Courier-Journal building, Louisville, Ky., 309 Broadway, New York.
aug1—d&w tues thur sat&w3w

NOTICE.

TO RAILROAD CONTRACTORS

I WILL LET TO RESPONSIBLE PARTIES FROM one to five miles of light grading. Apply to
aug17—d2w J. H. POWERS, Cilmax, Ga.

W. S. COX. A. B. C. DORSEY.

COX & DORSEY,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS

GAINESVILLE, GA.

MAKE A SPECIALTY OF SELLING, RENTING and leasing city and country property, and looking after wild lands. may18 d6m

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TRADE MARK. NESTLE'S CONDENSED SWISS MILK

is guaranteed to be the PUREST and RICHEST on the market. Try it once and you will use it always. Ask for the "Nest" Brand and take no other. Send for pamphlet about "Nestle's Milk Food."

THOS. LEEMING & CO., Sole Agents, NEW YORK CITY.
apr15—d6m

EDUCATIONAL.

WESLEYAN FEMALE INSTITUTE,

Staunton, Virginia.

OPENS ITS 33D ANNUAL SESSION SEPTEMber 20th, 1882. One of the FIRST SCHOOLS FOR YOUNG LADIES IN THE UNITED STATES. Thorough in all departments. Buildings and surroundings beautiful. Climate and home comforts unsurpassed. One hundred and thirty-nine boarding pupils from eighteen States. Refers to over thousand pupils and patrons. TERMS AMONG THE BEST IN THE UNION, CONTAINING ALL IMPORTANT ADVANTAGES IN ONE CHARGE, viz: Board, Washing, Fuel, Gas Lights, English course, Latin, French, German, Instrumental Music, etc., for entire scholastic year from September to June, $238. For catalogues, write to

REV. WM. A. HARRIS, D.D., President,
Staunton, Virginia.
july1—d&w till sept1 sat tues thur

GLENDALE FEMALE COLLEGE.

TWENTY-NINTH YEAR BEGINS SEPT. 19TH. Its patrons in twenty states—chiefly west and south, are best judges of its claims. Mad. C Rive and others in Musical Department. Address as heretofore, Rev. L. D. Potter, D. D., Glendale, O.
july 22 d&w sat&w2t.

UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA,

P. H. MELL, D.D., LL. D., Chancellor.

THE 82ND SESSION OF THE DEPARTMENTS at Athens, Georgia, viz:

Franklin College, State College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts and Law School

Will open Wednesday, 4th of October next. Full courses of instruction in Literature, Science, Engineering, Agriculture and Law. Tuition Free in Franklin and State College. For catalogues and

[redacted]

SOUTHERN HOME SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

197 & 199 N. Charles Street, Baltimore, Md.

MRS. W. M. CARY, MISS CARY.

Established 1842. French the language of the school.
aug1—d2m tues thur sat

VIRGINIA FEMALE INSTITUTE.

STAUNTON VA.

Mrs. GEN. J. E. B. STUART, Principal.

The next session will open September 14th, with a full corps of teachers. Training thorough and terms moderate. Catalogue sent upon application to the principal.
july18 d6w tues thur sat

CIVIL, MECHANICAL AND MINING ENGINEERING at the Rensselaer Polytecnic Institute, Troy, N. Y. The oldest engineering school in America. Next term begins September 14th. The Register for 1882 contains a list of the graduates for the past 55 years, with their positions; also, course of study, requirements, expenses, etc. Address

DAVID M. GREENE, Director.
july15—dim sat tues thur

NORWOOD HIGH SCHOOL AND COLLEGE,

Norwood, Nelson County, Virginia.

R. H. WILLIS, JR., (Univ. of Va.) } Principals.
L. B. WHARTON, (Univ. of Va., D. D.) }

OPEN SEPTEMBER 21ST, WITH FULL CORPS of instructors. Located on especially healthy, Chalybeate water. Complete courses of study in all departments. Thorough preparation for University of Virginia and other higher institutions. Board and tuition from $200 to $260 per annual session. Apply to Principals for catalogue.
july15—d1t sept tues thur sat

BALTIMORE, MD.

EDGEWORTH SCHOOL, 59 FRANKLIN ST. MRS. H. P. LEFEBVRE, Principal.

A thorough English and French Home School for girls. The twentieth annual session will begin September 21. For further information apply to the Principal.
july4—d2m tues thur sat

THE HANNAH MORE ACADEMY, NEAR Baltimore, for Girls, noted for healthfulness, careful training, thorough instruction and the influences of a Christian home. The next term will begin Sept. 20th. Rev. Arthur J. Rich, M.D., Reisterstown, Md.
july18—d m wed sat

KIRKWOOD ACADEMY.

MILITARY ORGANIZATION.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

THE NEXT SESSION BEGINS AUGUST 21st, and continues sixteen weeks. It is the design of the school to train the mind and body thoroughly; to inculcate the habits of obedience, order and neatness. The past is the pledge of the future.

For circulars apply to

CHAS. M. NEEL, Principal,
or Capt. LYMAN HALL,
july22—d1m&w2t Atlanta, Ga.

EDUCATIONAL

NEW SCHOOL.

I WILL OPEN A PRIVATE SCHOOL IN THE basement of the M. P. church, corner of Garnett and Forsyth streets, on Monday, September 4. Being an experienced teacher, satisfaction is guaranteed to all who may patronize the school. Terms moderate.

MRS. A. M. CAMPBELL.
aug19 2w.

Sam'l Bailey (Male) Institute

GRIFFIN, GA.

GEO. C. LOONEY, A. M.....Principal
rs. C. D. CRAWLEY, Principal of Primary Dep't.
W. W. SEALS, A. M., Professor Ancient Languages and Belles Lettres.

ONLY THE VERY BEST AND MOST EXPERienced talent employed to fill positions in this school.

Fall Term of sixteen weeks, or four scholastic months, will begin August 14th, 1882. Tuition from $1.50 to $5.50 per month. No incidental fee. Board $10.00 to 12.00 per month.

This is the most economical school of its grade for young men and boys in the state.

Superiority in the system of instruction, and the rapidity with which pupils advance, make it easier to obtain an education here than at other places where, in gaining something in free tuition a year or two of time may be lost. Time is more than money.

Address the Principal till August 1st, at Jonesboro, Ga., after that at Griffin, Ga.
july20 d1m

MEANS' HIGH SCHOOL,

76 North Forsyth Street, Atlanta, Ga.

BEGINS ITS FIFTH SCHOLASTIC YEAR ON the first Monday in September, 1882. Instruction thorough and practical. In addition to the regular course, pupils are taught to speak and write French fluently by a native teacher. For catalogue address

T. M. MEANS,
s88july23—d1 Principal

ATLANTA FEMALE INSTITUTE,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

PEACHTREE STREET, OPPOSITE GOVERnor's Mansion. The exercises of this school will be resumed Wednesday, September 6, 1882, with a corps of experienced teachers. The object of this institution is to afford the advantages of a thorough education embracing Primary, Intermediate, Academic and Collegiate Departments. Special attention given to the study of Music, Modern Languages, Belles-Lettres and Art. Native French and German teachers are employed. The music department is under the able management of Prof. Alfredo Barili. For circulars apply to

MRS. J. W. BALLARD, Principal.
feb12—d6m.

SWATHMORE COLLEGE,

RE-OPENING IN RESTORED BUILDING.

BOTH SEXES ADMITTED. COLLEGE AND Preparatory School. Under care of Members of the Society of Friends. The main building, destroyed by fire 9th month, last, has been completely rebuilt, enlarged, and fitted up with all conveniences. Thorough instruction in Languages, Literature, Mathematics, and the Sciences. New Scientific Building containing Laboratories, Drafting Rooms, Machine Shops, and all appliances for pursuing a thorough course in Chemistry, Mechanical and Civil Engineering. The next term opens 9th month, September 12th. Apply early, as, other things being equal, places will be given the earliest applicants.

For full particulars, address EDWARD H. MAGILL, President, Swathmore College, Delaware County, Pa.
june21—d78t

WESLEYAN FEMALE COLLEGE,

Macon, Georgia.

THE FORTY-FIFTH ANNUAL SESSION WILL begin October 4, 1882. The College is furnished with all modern appliances looking to health, happiness and comfort of its inmates.

Unsurpassed advantages in Literature, Music and Art, at moderate rates.

Apply for Catalogue to

REV. W. C. BASS, President,
july5—d3m or Rev. C. W. SMITH, Secretary.

EMORY COLLEGE,

ORGANIZED IN 1837.

WITH A FACULTY OF FOURTEEN MEN ACtively engaged. Emory College is prepared to do thorough work, and is doing it. No extras for French or German or Hebrew. Oxford is on a granite ridge, 800 feet above the sea, and is as healthful as any place can be in the country. Expenses small compared with first-grade colleges. For special information address the president.

ATTICUS G. HAYGOOD,
aug15—1m Emory College, Oxford, Ga.

Garnett's University School,

ELLICOTT CITY, MD., Principal, JAMES M. GARNETT, M. A., LL.D. Re-opens Wednesday, Sept. 13. Thorough preparation. Location high. Climate very healthy. july29 d2m wed sat

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MORGAN PARK MILITARY ACADEMY.

A CHRISTIAN FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS. Prepares for College, Scientific School or business. Send to Capt. ED. N. KIRK TALCOTT, Principal, Morgan Park, Cook county, Ill., for catalogue.
july15—d10w

Cincinnati College of Music,

305 RACE STREET,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

ALL BRANCHES OF MUSIC TAUGHT. PUpils can enter any time. Next session opens September 20th. Boarding for non-residents. For announcement address

DORA NELSON, President,
july24—d&w1m 305 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

SOUTHERN FEMALE COLLEGE,

LaGrange, Georgia.

WITH FULL FACULTY, FINE BUILDINGS, and a complete outfit for Literary, Art and Music Departments, opens September 20th. Advantages unsurpassed. Last Catalogue numbers 145 pupils and 110 in music. Annual expenses for board and tuition, $267.09; the same with music, $267.20. For Catalogues address

I. F. COX,
june27—d&w2½m President.

TO PARENTS

DESIRING TO EDUCATE THEIR SONS AND Daughters thoroughly at a Live School, Gordon Institute, having all the modern appliances and a record for successful teaching unparalleled, offers superior inducements; 247 pupils in last catalogue; earnest pupils, enthusiastic teachers. For Catalogue and particulars, address Charles E. Lamb, President, or W. H. Woodall, Secretary, Barnesville, Ga.
jul3 d&w 6w

WOOD-WORKING MACHINERY

WHEAT & HODGE, OFFICE AND FACTORY 531 and 533 Marietta street, Atlanta. Manufacturers and proprietors of the Wheat patent

Self-Feeding, Rip and Re-Saw Machine.

This excellent SAW defies competition in the Wonderful Accuracy, as well as SPEED and VARIETY of its work. It runs light and noiseless; frame is heavy and well braced; mandrel and shafts large; boxes all heavy, connected and well babbitted; friction feed gear is stopped, slowed or speeded independent of saw, and saw is speeded or slowed as desired. Georgia pine, white pine, oak or hickory (green or dry) are all cut alike; and for bevel siding and re-sawing lumber of any width or thickness to the finest light work, this is the only complete saw made. One boy can adjust and run it and do better and double the work of two men with any other machine. Price $125 to $175, owing to size and number of saws. Also other machines for special work made to order, and

Cordesman & Eagan's Machinery

supplied on liberal terms at factory prices and low freight guaranteed. All machines tested before leaving factory and all warranted. Engines and boilers also for sale. Information cheerfully given, and we beg to be given an opportunity before orders are sent north for machinery.

WHEAT & HODGE,
aug16—d1y Atlanta, Ga.

Ballard's Baggage Transfer.

WAGONS WILL MEET ALL INCOMING trains on the E. T. Va. & Ga. railroad (Georgia division and the Georgia Pacific also,) and will call and deliver baggage to the above named railroads. Leave your orders at baggage room, Union passenger depot, all of which will be promptly attended to. Hacks will be furnished if ordered.
aug6—d1m

WANTED—HELP.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED TRAVELING salesman in wines and liquors. Address A B C post-office box 427, Atlanta, Ga.
aug18 3t

WANTED—A COOK, ALSO, COMPETENT man to handle stock. A good place for man and wife. A. Murphy, West End. aug17—d1f

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WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—TO BUY A GOOD HORSE AND second-hand Buggy, cheap for cash. Davis Smith, 10 E Alabama street. aug19—1t

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WANTED—EVERYBODY WITH SORE EYES to try Wilhite's eye water. A cure guaranteed. For sale by Lamar, Rankin & Lamar.
july25—3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

PAINTERS, CONTRACTORS AND ALL WHO wish to paint, we offer a large stock non corrosive, ready mixed paints, all colors, warranted the best make, at factory prices. Call and examine paints and prices. Pemberton, Iverson & Co., wholesale druggists, 40 and 42 Wall street, opposite passenger depot. aug12—d1t1 sept 1st

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FOR RENT—HOUSES, ETC.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, new 7-room house, 2-room kitchen, good water, a block from street car. Good tenant can get bargain, as owner must give up housekeeping. Apply to 35 Broad street, room 2. aug19—1t

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FOR RENT—FRONT BASEMENT OF NO. 37 Marietta street, corner Forsyth street, opposite post-office. Nelson, Barker & Co. june20—tf

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FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—A FINE, FULL-TONED, 7½ OCtave Weber piano, almost new. Original price $600, will be sold for $275 cash, as the owner is about to leave the city. Address Piano, P O Box 153, Atlanta. aug19 2t

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FOR SALE—15 SHARES HOME BUILDING AND Loan Association. Davis Smith, 10 E Alabama street. aug19—1t

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FOR SALE—A CONSIGNMENT OF FAMILY and Extra Family Flour, in quarters and half sacks. Will be sold cheap for cash. Adair & Brother.
aug18 1t

FOR SALE—AN ESTABLISHED DAIRY BUSIness having a large run of customers. Address at once Dairyman, Constitution. 1t

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MACHINERY FOR SALE—1 EXPOSITION ENgine, 40-horse power, only $700. 1 engine and boiler, 15-horse power, only $300. 2 hand planers and jointers and 2 scroll saws very cheap. Wheat & Hodge, 531 and 533 Marietta street.
aug17 tf.

SUMMER BOARDING.

THREE ROOMS WITH BOARD CAN BE HAD in one of the most desirable homes in Atlanta. Address "S. F. S.," care Constitution office.
july26—dtf

WANTED SITUATIONS.

WANTED—A GENTLEMAN OF UNIVERSITY education and much experience as a tutor, wishes an engagement in some family, or will take private pupils. References given. Address "C." this office. aug17 3t

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WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—1,000 AGENTS TO SOLICIT FOR the Southern Central Marriage Association. Pays $3,000 upon marriage certificate. Holders can marry in two months. Apply at once to I N Smithson, Secretary, Pulaski, Tenn., for terms.
328 aug12 d1m—sun sat

WANTED—DEALERS AND CANVASSERS TO sell our Patent Athletic Suspender. No strain on buttons. Sample by mail 35 cents or 50 cents: 3 cents for circular and price list. Turner Bros. Inventors, 786 Washington street, Boston, Mass.
july1—d26t sat tues

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style of JOHNSON & CAVERLY, for the transaction of a Wholesale Grocery Business.

JACK W. JOHNSON,
CHARLES E. CAVERLY.

Dated at Atlanta, Ga., August 17, 1882.

NOTICE.

Orders promptly executed on and after Tuesday, 29th instant.

JOHNSON & CAVERLY.
aug18 d to aug28

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

THE COPARTNERSHIP OF BAKER & COOPER is by mutual consent this day dissolved. J. J. Baker will continue business, and settle all debts and collect all amounts due the firm.
August 15. 18 3t

SOLD OUT.

ON YESTERDAY MR. JOSEPH SMITH, 70 McDonough street, sold his stock of Fancy Groceries to Mr. C. J. Kamper. To the public who have extended to Mr. S. a generous patronage he returns his sincere thanks, and of his old customers he would ask that a liberal share of their trade be extended to Mr. Kamper.

TO THE PUBLIC.

As will be seen from the above card, I have purchased the interest of Mr. Joseph Smith on McDonough street, including dwelling house, store and stock of Fancy Groceries. I propose to run a first-class Family Grocery, and solicit the patronage of the public. I shall always keep a full stock of the best, and hope to merit your patronage.

C. J. KAMPER, 70 McDonough Street.
aug16—d5t

NOTICE!

TO CONTRACTORS

WE WILL SUB-LET TWENTY-TWO MILES OF the Georgia Pacific railroad from Anniston, Alabama, to Coosa river within the next twenty days. Profiles and specifications can be seen and information obtained by calling on Pat Lynch, at the office of Lynch & Lea, No 12 Loyd street, Atlanta, Ga., or James E. Lynch on the works near Anniston, Alabama.

LYNCH & BRO.
418 aug13 dtf Contractors.

"FOR FENCE" OR "STOCK LAW."

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, July 25th, 1882.—Notice is hereby given that under an Act of the General Assembly of said State, approved September 29th, 1881, petitions have been filed in this office, by as many as fifteen freeholders, and more, of each of the 1348th (South Bend) District, G. M., the 1332d (East Point) District G. M. and 479th (Bryant's District, G. M., for the benefit of sections 1449, 1450, 1451, 1452, 1453 and 1454, of the Revised Code of Georgia known as the Stock Law, in each of said districts, and that after this notice has been published for twenty days, an election will be ordered in each of said Districts, in which the question "For Fence" or "Stock Law" will be submitted to the lawful voters therein. Fifteen days notice will be given of said election.

W. L. CALHOUN,
july28—d20d Ordinary.

PITTS'S CARMINATIVE,

FOR INFANTS AND CHILDREN.

COLIC, CHOLERA INFANTUM, DIARRHŒA, Dysentery, or any morbid state of the Alimentary Canal, cures the child. A relief to the aching heart of the over-taxed mother. For adults—cures nausea and vomiting. Peculiar to females—cures painful menstruation, coughs colds, cholera morbus and others derangements of the stomach and bowels. Hundreds can testify to its wonderful virtues. Retail price 25 cents. At wholesale by Lamar, Rankin & Lamar, Atlanta, Ga., and for sale by all druggists. may4 d&w6m

THE CONSTITUTION,

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION is published every day, except Monday, and is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed postage free at $1 per month $2 50 for three months, or $10 a year.

THE CONSTITUTION is for sale on all trains leaving out of Atlanta, and at newsstands in the principal southern cities.

ADVERTISING RATES depend on location in the paper and will be furnished on application.

CORRESPONDENCE containing important news solicited from all parts of the country.

ADDRESS all letters and telegrams, and make all drafts or checks payable to

THE CONSTITUTION, Atlanta, Georgia.

ATLANTA, GA., AUGUST 19, 1882.

Copies of Thursday's CONSTITUTION, containing the elaborate and complete sketch of Senator B. H. Hill's life and death, with portrait, can still be had at this office by mail for five cents a copy.

THE signal service bureau report indicates for South Atlantic states to-day, local rains, winds shifting to north and east, generally higher barometer, stationary or lower temperatures.

SUNDAY'S CONSTITUTION will consist of twelve pages, and will be one of the best papers ever issued. It will contain an elaborate account of Senator Hill's funeral, including the sermon; a war sketch, Bill Arp's letter, and spicy special correspondence from New York, Long Branch and Washington; full departments and other special features. Extra orders should be sent in early, and advertisements cannot be received after ten o'clock p.m.

HISTORIC Kennesaw has, it appears, been seized upon by the thrifty Georgia farmer and made to bloom with the peach and the vine. It sounds curious to read of the first attempt at cultivating the mountain side as being regarded a doubtful experiment, which it was considered. In Europe the sunny side of the French, Italian, German and Swiss slopes are famous for the superior quality of fruit, and there is no reason why our own hillsides should not be as fertile as those of Italy.

IN all probability the nomination of General Gartrell by the greenback labor convention completes the list, though it is possible that some other organization, at present unknown and unheard of, may come forward with a new indorsement and a fresh platform. The worthy general will hereafter be known as the laborious greenback liberal republican candidate—and he has enough platforms under him to last an ordinary statesman a lifetime. The prospects are that he has received more nominations than he will get votes.

THE national greenback party of Georgia has met and formulated and nominated. It will support General Gartrell for governor and Elder Hook for congress, and its platform is certainly long enough to satisfy the most exacting. It deals with nearly all known subjects, from a sound currency to a support of the faithful in Egypt. The great swashbuckler in Egypt is hailed as a second Washington. This is a very unkind remark to make about the British lion—but let that pass. The national greenback labor party of Georgia has a platform commensurate with its name, and that is enough. It advances an opinion on nearly every known subject except the new germ theory in medicine, and even that subject may be smothered in some clause that we have not yet had time to read. The people now have the democratic, two republican, the liberal and the greenback labor platforms to go to, in search of wisdom, and if these five do not furnish it in all desired quantities they need not look further. General Gartrell already stands on four platforms, and the canvass is still young. If four is not enough, he can undoubtedly be accommodated to more, for platforms are clearly epidemic in Georgia this year.

THE EAST TENNESSEE SHOPS.

The Cincinnati and Georgia railroad company has expended in and about Atlanta a large sum of money. It has given us two new lines of railroad without asking for a subscription of one dollar from any citizen of Georgia. It deserves well, in a word, of Atlanta and the entire county of Fulton. The officers of the company are friends of Atlanta, but they are also servants of the corporation that pays them good salaries. It is their duty to look to the interests of their company regardless of personal inclination; and this they will certainly do, for they are honest men. These men have in hand the location of large shops for the entire southern division of their system. Macon and Rome and Dalton wants these shops, and have offered valuable inducements towards securing them. Atlanta also wants them, and she cannot plead centrality to much better advantage than can her rivals. We can and should offer something more substantial, if we propose to make an earnest effort to secure these shops. It is not too much to say that the location of the shops of the company would benefit the city more than perhaps the business that its roads will otherwise bring in. If they can be secured, another and very important step will have been taken in the effort to make Atlanta a manufacturing city. The location of these shops on Pryor street would naturally increase the value of all suburban property on the south side, and justice to that part of the city demands that an offer be one that the company can afford to accept. We believe the officers of the company will deal fairly with our people, and that if we will save the company from actual loss, Atlanta will secure the shops. We need not raise the bids of other towns, but we must come up to the best of them. More than this is not expected or asked for, and less than this would be equivalent to no bid at all.

THE NEGRO IN THE SOUTH.

T. T. Fortune, the negro editor of the New York Globe, has written a letter to one of his race in Memphis, in which he says: "The salvation of the colored man in the south will depend in the future upon the measure of success with which he comes to appreciate the fact that he must become intelligent and act in political concert with those with whom he is so closely identified, and this feeling must of necessity be reciprocated by the whites as well. The best of them recognize this."

Now, all this THE CONSTITUTION has said over and over again, and there was a time when it seemed that the more intelligent of the colored people in Georgia would give some substantial token that they understood their responsibilities as citizens and that they appreciated the fact that their present, as well as their future, their prosperity and their security, their happiness and their comfort, are identified with the prosperity and the security of their fellow-citizens, the whites. But the token has never been given; on the contrary, the attitude of the negroes toward the state and the white citizens of the state is to-day almost identical with their attitude during the days of the carpet-baggers. They not only do not hesitate to array themselves against the best interests of the state, but they jump at the opportunity of doing so. They go into politics with the idea that they have some peculiar interest to subserve altogether above, or beyond, or outside of any interest of the state. Perhaps this is one of the results of the peculiar teachings of the freedman's bureau; perhaps it is the result of inability to comprehend their true relations to the state; but, whatever its origin, it is to be deplored.

Unfortunately, to deplore this condition of things is not to cure it. It exists and will continue to exist until circumstances bring the negro voters to a realizing sense of the purposes of citizenship. At present they have not materially improved since they placed themselves in the hands of a set of irresponsible adventurers. They have improved in intelligence, but their attitude toward the state is that of aliens. They are ready to support men for office in whose integrity they have not a particle of confidence; and if they can find some one who is thoroughly obnoxious to the whites, they are not only ready, but anxious, to give their enthusiastic support. It is not at all necessary, in order to demonstrate that they appreciate their responsibilities as citizens, that the negroes should vote the democratic ticket, but it is highly necessary that they should support honest and capable men for office, and thus show their interest in their own prosperity and the prosperity of their neighbors. There is nothing simpler than this, but, simple as it is, it is a necessity. No voter is really and truly a citizen until he understands the relations existing between himself and the state.

Editor Fortune appears to be a colored man who has studied something else besides machine politics. In all probability he could not manipulate conventions as easily as some of his colored brethren in Georgia, but the extract which we have quoted from his letter shows that he is a man of thought. It is true, as he says, that the salvation of the negro in the south depends upon the measure of success with which he comes to appreciate the fact that he must act in concert with those with whom he is so closely identified; and this fact makes it imperative that such men as Thomas T. Fortune and Richard R. Wright (who is a young colored man of great intellectual promise) should make it their business to go among their people and explain to them their duty to themselves, their children and their white neighbors. We would suggest, moreover, that such a work cannot be begun too soon or carried out too thoroughly.

A FEW weeks ago nobody was louder in demanding party harmony than the handful of soreheads that are now making sinister attacks upon the democracy. We know of no reason why these soreheads should continue to beat the air and denounce the action of the convention unless they ardently desire to see the democratic party demoralized and defeated.

WE notice that one or two of our esteemed contemporaries in southern Georgia are applauding the soreheads. Very well. If it ever happens that soreheadism, or any other ism, shall demoralize and disorganize the democratic party in southern Georgia, the people of that section will never recover from the evil results.

THE independent organs are inviting the soreheads to join the coalition. The organs are not given to strategy, else they would perceive that the soreheads are doing the independents more good by their underhanded attacks upon the democratic party than if they were to join the coalition.

MR. ALEX E. SWEET, of the Texas Siftings, proposes to incorporate some of his humorous sketches in a volume. There ought to be a large demand for the book. If Mr. Sweet puts his best between its covers, it will be much the freshest volume of American humor that has yet appeared.

OUR public men, young and old, ought to bear in mind that during his whole life public aggrandizement was the last thing Ben Hill ever thought of, if he thought of it at all. He never used his position or his popularity to advance his own personal interests.

THE tariff commission should give tent exhibitions over the country before cold weather sets in. The American people are anxious to see the members of that body in their great two horse act of devouring refreshments provided by the monopolies.

ONE of the coalition organs threatens to oppose Colonel Thomas Hardeman if he makes a campaign in the seventh district. What will the organ do when the prow of the roller chair is set in that direction?

THE soreheads think that by refusing to support Mr. Stephens they are vindicating their dignity. In point of fact they are lending something more than a quasi-support to the coalition business.

IT is generally conceded that if the star-routers are acquitted it will be in deference to the fact that they compose the working brigade of the republican party.

IT is hinted around that Colonel Thornton is preparing to take the stump in behalf of the liberal party. Evidently there are stirring times ahead.

COLONEL ARABI BEY will probably be glad to learn that he is indorsed by the esteemed greenback party of Georgia.

JACK BROWN proposes to run for congress in the third district. If we remember correctly, Jack's legs are mighty short.

GEORGE GORHAM, stalwart, and the Georgia independents are patting the soreheads on the back. This is natural.

IT will be a sad day for the lower portion of the state when soreheadism divides the democratic party.

IF the liberal party could get a broom big enough they would sweep the state.

STATE POLITICS.

Troup and Heard concede that Carroll shall name a senator this year. Carroll's favorite son has not been clearly designated.

Henry county has to date four announced candidates for the legislature—C. T. Zachry, S. H. Griffin, E. J. Reagin and Arch Brown.

"When the cancer," said Martin J. Crawford, "silenced the tongue of Ben Hill, it hushed the voice of one of the grandest orators who ever passed through the doors of the United States senate.

The Columbus Enquirer is sorry to see General Gartrell spend "so much useless breath in a cause directly antagonistic to the good of the country and the well being of the state." The time thus employed is labor lost.

"The nomination," says the Washington Gazette, "of Seaborn Reese for congress from the eighth district is now nearly a certainty, and we wonder if the republicans and independents are foolish enough to think they can beat him. They say they can beat him, but we are inclined to think that they will tackle the wrong man."

Says the Columbus Times: "One of the oldest and truest democrats in Muscogee county, in conversation yesterday on the situation, expressed the wish that Governor Colquitt would appoint B. H. Hill, oldest son of the late senator, as his successor to fill out the few months of the unexpired term. Doubtless a much worse appointment might be made."

The attempt to show that Judge Buchanan is not strong in the upper end of his district has completely broken down. Mr. Alvin D. Freeman not only says that he is not in sympathy with any independent movement, but he says that no man can carry Coweta county against Mr. Buchanan. Judge Buchanan's re election is assured. His only opponent is Mr. Pou, and he is not at all dangerous."

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

CAPE MAY girls wear silk embroidered bathing dresses.

[redacted]

CHARLES ARCHER, the celebrated English jockey, is reported to have won $100,000 on the race for the Manchester cup, $30,000 on the Exeter stakes at Newmarket, and $50,000 on the race for the Steward's cup at Goodwood.

"THIS has been," said Edward McPherson, "as clean a session as I have ever seen." Whereupon the Buffalo Courier remarks: "From which one would infer that the McPherson had sent his life in a coal hole."

MAJOR BARR, judge advocate and military secretary to the secretary of war, is about to resign. He has been in the service fifteen years, and will draw one year's pay for every five of service, making about $10,000.

THE name of the troublesome Egyptian we are all talking about is pronounced Arahbi—accent on the second syllable. This on the authority, first, of his friend, Sir William Gregory, and secondly, of Mr. Cookson, British consul at Alexandria.

RUSKINS's mode of publication, without the intervention of a publisher and at the rate of a guinea a volume, has been a great pecuniary success, and his books have paid him much better than under the old system of commission and abatements.

A WOMAN that Mrs. Siddons was engaging as cook replied to the question, "Can you make pastry?" "Well, no, ma'am, not exactly, to say the finest of pastry. I can make plain puddings and pies, but I am not a professed puff pastry cook, and I think it best to say so, as every one should stand upon their own bottom with fortitude and similarity, I think."

OVER a grave in Brompton cemetery, London, has just been set up a beautiful cross, on which appears the following inscription: "In memory of Elizabeth Jones, who died May 31, 1881; for fourteen years the faithful servant and friend of Alexandra, princess of Wales, by whom this monument is erected. Life's race well run; life's work well done; life's crown well won. Now comes rest. Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord."

THE comic opera by Gilbert and Sullivan for next season will be finished before December. They work car fully and slowly, discarding a great deal, and revising again and again what is retained. The completed portions of the piece contain a pretty barcarolle in F sharp—a trying key for amateurs; a military march for two or three hands; a duo, "On every lip, 'Her Ladyship,'" descriptive of the wife of a London knight, and another duo, "With a curly, curly wig," in which an old man tries to dazzle a girl with his title.

[redacted]

THE girl with two beaus is on her string is to be envied—sometimes. But when they live in Peoria, it is not so certain. Two youthful gallants of that sweet town, enamored of the same young lady, got into an altercation Sunday evening, when one of them, Harry A. Ruth, produced a razor and began slashing his rival, a painter named Daprow. After the job was finished and measured, the total cut was found to be forty-five inches, or just a yard and a quarter. Anything under a yard will not count hereafter in Peoria. Strange as it may appear, Daprow is likely to recover, the doctors having sewed him up with sixty-three stitches

THE VOICE OF THE PRESS.

Expressions of Opinion by Papers In and Out of the State on Senator Hill's Death.

From the Columbus, Ga., Times.

The most enduring monument to his memory will be the sternly honest purpose of his life and the sublime heroism with which he resigned his exalted position.

From the Vicksburg, Miss., Commercial.

He has been the able champion of democratic principles and earnest advocate and eloquent defender of the ex-president of the confederate states and the rights of the south.

From the Dawson, Ga., Journal.

No man since the days of Clay, Webster and Calhoun has illustrated the true statesman more nobly than the Hon. Benjamin Hill, and in his death Georgia will sustain a loss that can never be repaired.

From the Richmond, Va., State.

Through all his intense suffering he displayed that heroic Christian fortitude which was the admiration of those around him, and which will ever be held up as a striking example of Christian philosophy.

From the Covington, Ga., Enterprise.

Words cannot express the sorrow felt at the loss of such a stateman. His name and fame will live on and on forever. Our pen fails to convey the sentiments of a heart that deeply mourns for the deceased. May he sleep sweetly in the silent city of the dead.

From the New Orleans, La., Picayune.

Not yet fifty-nine years of age, the foremost lawyer in Georgia, the idol of the people whom his oratory always charmed and controlled, it seemed but the other day as though there yet remained before him many years of zealous service in the national forum where real service is worth something to the country.

From the Georgia Baptist.

For years he has represented the state in the councils of the nation, and stood eminent among his colleagues by reason of his superior talents and masterly eloquence. Though of a different political faith from us, and a majority of those who will read this, all of us may for the moment lay aside political tenets and pause to drop a tear and lay a flower upon the bier of the departed statesman and Christian.

From the West Point, Ga., Enterprise.

His biography is as familiar as the alphabet to al Georgians, and it is needless to write it here. His was a life of unbroken brilliancy from the cradle to his death. Georgia can never fill his place. There was one Shakspeare, one Cicero, one Napoleon, and there can be but one Ben Hill. But he is dead, and in common with a bereaved people, we mingle our grief, our sympathy and our sorrow.

From the LaGrange, Ga., Reporter.

His patient heroism, his uncomplaining fortitude through his long and agonizing illness, were a wonder to all but those who realized that his strength to endure was derived from omnipotence and was his through Christian faith and love. More lustrous than his oratory, more resplendent than his statesmanship and more grand than his matchless fame, shone those Christian virtures which the night of his suffering brought out like stars in the firmament. Truly, the night reveals beauties never dreamed of in the day.

From the St Louis, Mo., Globe-Democrat.

Of Senator Ben Hill it is to be said that he will be missed; it can hardly be said that his loss will be felt. The eloquent Georgian has been a striking figure in congress, but he was in no sense a great man. His life was very uneven. He opposed secession, but "went with his state;" he helped restore the south to the union, but defended some of the most atrocious acts of the war. Hill was a man governed by his impulses almost wholly, but, all in all, was perhaps the most distinguished son of his state."

From the Cincinnati, Ohio, Enquirer.

The worth of Senator Hill as a public man was demonstrated by the universal sympathy which his long sickness and suffering called out. Probably no man in the country was more deeply imbedded in the affections of his immediate constituency, and his great intellectual force, and his independency and honesty in public affairs, secured for him general respect, notwithstanding his prominent participation in some of the most acrimonious political encounters at Washington. In the death of Mr Hill the United States senate loses one of its brightest minds.

From the Charlotte, N. C., Observer.

The public career of Mr. Hill is well known, for but few men in public life had attracted more attention in the councils of the nation or made a more brilliant record, honorable alike to himself and to the state which proudly pointed to him as one of her representatives. Georgia has had and may have other great men, but she has never had a son who has done her more honor, or in whom her trust was more worthily bestowed than the honest, incorruptible, fearless, eloquent and brilliant Benjamin H. Hill, whose death she mourns to-day and in which she has the sympathy of all who admire chivalric devotion to duty, and honor and virtue. Such men die but are not often forgotten.

From the Louisville, Ky, Courier-Journal.

The strong man has gone, with the brilliant, alert mind, and he leaves a vacancy difficult to fill in the really small group of our public men possessing genuine oratorical talent. Senator Hill's speeches in congress were always good, keen and incisive. He met and parried the assaults of northern demagogues during the days of sectional bitterness, a few years back, with marked ability. He had great distinction as a lawyer, and few men in congress surpassed him in legal ability. The south loses in him one of the most judicious and patient of champions, and the country certainly loses one of her most talented and patriotic citizens.

From the Nashville, Tenn., World.

He ranked first among the ablest debaters in congress, and his ready wit, caustic and seething sarcasm, and brilliant eloquence gained for him the soubriquet of the "the silver-tongued orator of the south." Among the many passages which will be remembered as evidences of the elegance of his oratorical art, none will be more lasting than the following glowing tribute paid to the memory of General R. E. Lee. The occasion will be long remembered as affording an opportunity in which his ability shone forth with distinguished splendor. His services to his country were manifold and his connection with the political history of his times and the fortunes of his section gain for him preeminent ascendancy. Georgia will long mourn her dead hero and embalm his memory in the innermost shrine of her heart.

From the Albany, Ga., News.

Although the death of Senator Benjamin H. Hill has been expected for several weeks past, the news which came by telegraph from Atlanta that he had breathed his last early yesterday morning was a great shock to our community, and a sorrow that entered the hearts of our people like a sudden shaft from a cruel hand.

His death is to the people of the south what the death of Stonewall Jackson was to the southern confederacy—an irreparable loss, and there is no man in Georgia who can be to us what he was up to the time the fatal hand of affliction was laid so heavily upon him, and he was compelled to quit his post of duty at Washington a few months ago. He was the peer of any man in the American congress, and had the courage to defend his people and the south whenever and by whomsoever assailed.

From the Charleston, S. C., News and Courier.

In many respects Blaine and Hill resembled each other. In ready wit, quickness of apprehension—all the qualities which constitute mental alertness and vigilance—they were very like each other. In power of arrangement and clearness of statement, Blaine was the superior. In the effects produced both were nearly equal. Upon many who studied him, Hill made the impression of a man who lacked depth of conviction. Probably the inconsistencies of his political record prepared a political opponent to believe that Mr. Hill was not a man of earnest and deep opinions, and it may be that his habit of clothing propositions in extreme and striking language conveyed the impression that he was insincere. "A brilliant, but not a safe political leader," said a prominent public man of Senator Hill a year ago; and that is a description which many who have carefully observed him during the last seven years of his life believe to be a true one.

From the Washington Post.

The people of the United States, without regard to party differences or sectional lines, mourn with the people of his native and beloved state the loss of Georgia's great senator. For it is a happy thing for our country that the scars of war are so nearly healed that a statesman who was prominent in the confederacy, who was a senator at Richmond before he entered the senate of the United States, is now, in all fair minds, credited with that honesty and patriotism that every honest man feels his own due. Mr. Hill was a profound jurist and a great orator. He achieved success at the bar not only by his thorough knowledge of the law and careful study of each case, but by the magnetic power of his oratory. Whether he tried a case before a judge alone, or before a jury, he was armed at all points and was always able to supplement the law and the evidence with such rhetorical eloquence as few of his contemporaries possessed.

From the Baltimore, Md., Sun.

Senator Benjamin H. Hill, whose death occurred at Atlanta, Ga., yesterday, will be sincerely mourned throughout the whole country. He was greatly admired in the north as well as in the south for his brilliant talents, while his courtesy and kindness of heart won for him hosts of friends among those who differed most widely from him in political opinion. He was a man of strong, earnest convictions, and had the courage to express them without regard to immediate consequence, but he was also one of the most generous and tolerant of men towards those whose opinions did not accord with his own. In the confederate senate he was a conspicuous character, and his opposition to Jefferson Davis brought him into sharp antagonism with a number of the leading men of that body. In the house of representatives he won a national reputation as a ready debater and courageous party leader, and when transferred to the senate he fully sustained the fame which he had won in the house.

From the Savannah, Ga., News.

It is a loss, too which will most seriously be felt, for the place of the distinguished dead will be hard indeed to fill. He may in the course of his public career have committed acts which did not command general approval, still what he did he no doubt did conscientiously and according to what he believed right, for it is certain that he was at all times and under all circumstances jealous with becoming and righteous jealousy of his own good name and the welfare of his beloved commonwealth. Now that he is gone, the few errors of his life will readily be forgotten by his surviving fellow citizens, who will remember with melancholy satisfaction only his many virtues, while they gladly accord him the honors which he so commendably won and so worthily wore. In time to come no doubt a successor equally as brilliant, equally as capable and equally as devoted to the interests of Georgia may arise to take his place; but his fame will be handed down from generation to generation, and the historian of the future will inscribe among his brightest pages, and in indelible letters, the honored name of Benjamin H. Hill.

From the Chicago, Ill., Inter-Ocean.

Mr. Hill was an able man, but the exact degree of ability he possessed has always been a matter of dispute. There have been occasions when he has developed profound learning and displayed great eloquence, but he had not always an effective way of demonstrating his wisdom and his learning, and his reputation has, therefore, suffered; but there have been few men from the south in congress of late years who were abler than he. He was conscientious, honest and upright, a man of sincere motives and correct life. The habit of intemperance which prevails to so great an extent among southern statesmen and politicians never attacked him, and his faults were so few that his enemies pronounced him sanctimonious, and ridiculed him as endeavoring to pose as a Christian statesman. He was a hard fighter, tenacious and persistent, and never was afraid to say what he thought. His ability and integrity saved him from political disaster several times when his lack of shrewdness and ignorance of intrigue left him in embarrassing situations. The heroism displayed during his illness has won the admiration of the people, as his suffering claimed their sympathy, and he was more popular and more honored at the hour of his death than at any period of his life.

From the Montgomery, Ala., Times.

An orator and a statesman, he led men and moulded events by the powers of his peerless intellect, for the prowess of his arm played no part in beating out his way to fame. He was none the less a hero & citizen hero, out of whose eloquent eyes a great soul looked upon the world and spoke just enough of kinship with its weakness and its sin to make men love him as a brother while they venerated him as a leader. His heart was full of human nature, its joys and its sorrows, its passions and its aspirations, and, as one grasping his birthright, he won the admiration as he captured the hearts of all men. His crowning virtue was his wealth of patriotism. The word has become the mouthing cant of cheap demagogues and mercenary placemen, and the world is forgetting its primitive truth and beauty. But in him it was a breathing life, instinct with freshness and purity and beauty as in the old Roman days when patriots died for the heritage of the name. He wrapped his country in his heart of hearts and joyed with all her joys and wept with all her sorrows, and trembled at the thought of harm to her. To make his country rich and prosperous and great, to preserve his people's liberties and promote their happiness was his thought by day and his dream by night, and the last study of his priceless wisdom was to solve the one great problem that threatens her future of to-day.

From the Indianapolis, Ind, Journal.

While there is much in his political life to criticise there is little lacking in his character as a man. This was proven day after day, during the last past few months, in a manner that left no doubt in the minds of all who have marked his heroic fortitude in life's supremest hour. From the time of his entry upon the duties of manhood Ben Hill's life was one of unceasing activity. Whatever he undertook he accomplished to the best of his ability, concentrating every energy upon it. Whatever may be said of his political errors, it is but fair to say that he was always consistent, earnest and indefatigable. As an advocate of what he believed to be right, he was an honorable opponent to those who took issue with him, and by his eloquence and power of logic won for himself the respectful consideration of all men. Let his political faults be buried with him. Time will adjust all. But his example, as a man, patient under prolonged suffering, dignified in the presence of death, and calmly resigned to his melancholy fate, may well be treasured. Possessed of every element of the orator, and animated by a laudable ambition, it must have been a struggle for him to relinquish the high honors he so worthily sustained. That he gave it all up with a perfect resignation was plainly apparent, for he turned his back upon the scenes of his triumphs and made no sign of regret. When the shadows of death thickened he passed into them emboldened by the consciousness that he was ready for the great change. Not that he thought he was a perfect man, but rather that he had lived up to his convictions and was willing to leave the result with the Great Judge. As a politician Ben Hill will be variously judged; but as a man there can be but one sentiment—that he was true and honorable. His sad death will be universally regretted.

From the Nashville, Tenn., Banner.

His public life was teres atque rotundus—a completed volume. His faults, as his virtues, were those of a sincere, frank, impulsive man, whose impulses were just and under control of a ripe judgment. Short sight called him impracticable, because he would plant for to morrow where short sight demanded instant fruition, and sordidness looked only to the usufruct of politics. He was willing to labor for the coming years without present returns, and it is a credit to Georgia, the only truly progressive state in the south, that he has been uniformly sustained. Georgia is the only southern state which preserved the seed of true statesmanship in the wreck of war and the scenes which followed war. Hill was the best of her states men. He was broad, liberal, progressive. He held firmly by as much of the past as should be ever cherished. He owed no man to asperse the honor and the patriotism of his country and his people. He met with stern rebuke every foul imputation upon the honor of those who did well to fight, did well in the fight, and did well to fail in securing, but gathered, nevertheless, glorious fruits of all their work. He never paraded these memories in politics. He forgot the past in the duties of the present, while treasuring them as a people's noblest heritage. He was the noblest champion of his people attacked, the most liberal and progressive of southern statesmen. He was not a bourbon, obstinate, fossil, like Toombs, nor a charlatan progressive, like Mahone, or Joe Brown in some respects. He was a philosophical statesman, who recognized the present as descending from the past, not one of those hallow babblers who think oblivion of all the past is necessary to progress, who would sweep away the very foundation beneath them upon which their progress must be built; nor yet one of those who sit hugging the delusive phantoms of a fading past, lost to all realities of the living present, having no care for the increasing future. Conservative progressive aptly describes Senator Ben Hill as a public man. The only true conservatism is progressive: the only true progressism is conservative.

From the Chicago, Ill., Tribune.

Mr. Hill was one of the most creditable representatives his section of the country has had in congress since the war. He was a man of strong and positive convictions, pugnacious by temperament, and remorseless in the pursuit of an enemy. But he knew how to take blows as well as to give them, and he could be magnanimous when the feebleness of his opponent was clearly demonstrated. His eloquence was that of the bar rather than that of the popular assembly. He was strictly logical, keen, incisive and direct. In his celebrated debate with Blaine he coolly weighted and sifted the evidence for and against Jefferson Davis's responsibility for the atrocities of Andersonville. And, while Blaine carried all before him by his impetuous and brilliant manner, there were those present who thought that Hill had made the better statement of the case, from his point of view. Garfield punished Hill more severely than Blaine did. It was Garfield, and not Blaine, who undertook the task of refuting Hill's statements seriatim, and successfully accomplished it. Whatever else may be said of Senator Hill's political conduct, it cannot be doubted that after the war he was always a sincere union man. He was drawn into the confederacy reluctantly and against his better judgment. He was a delegate to the convention that adopted the ordinance of secession, but joined with Alexander Stephens, an opponent of many years, in advising against that measure. But when the convention declared for secession he voted for the ordinance. During the war he was a member of the confederate senate and an extreme rebel. After peace was declared he took an active part in opposing the reconstruction legislation; but he sympathized with the efforts to bring Georgia into the union on what he deemed honorable terms, and to keep it there. He constantly reiterated his desire for peace and good feeling between the different sections. When he was a member of the lower house, in the memorable debate already referred to, he said: "The south is here, and here she intends to remain. We are here, we are in the house of our fathers, our brothers, and our companions, and we are here to stay." Though Mr. Hill was never a democrat until after the war, having been by turns a know-nothing, a whig, and a Bell and Everett union man, he was a bourbon and a sectionalist in his later political life. He still believed in the union and the nation, but he believed more in "his people" at home in Georgia, and the interests of the south were more to him than those of the whole country. He was singularly pure and punctilious about small matters in public life, and, though he had little but his salary to depend upon, his integrity has never been called into question even by his enemies. He will be much missed in the senate chamber, where his strong individuality made him a man of note, while his personal charm of manner endeared him to many of his associates.

TELLING A STORY.

From the Boston Transcript.

They were sitting on the verandah after tea, when the man with a story began to tell it.

"By the way," he said, "I heard a good thing in town to-day."

"Was it very warm in town?" asked the woman who stays at home.

He assured her that it was, and then continued:

"I met Jack Rollins—"

"What, little Jack?" exclaimed the old gentleman. "Why, I remember when Jack's father first come to Huckleberryville, long 'fore he married Hulda—she was a Smith, you know old Billy Smith's darter. Ole Billy was a curus chap. Did I ever tell yer 'bout that scrape him and me got inter in ther winter of thirty-five—no, 'twas thirty-four—yes—no—well I disremember zactly wich, but anyhow, Billy and me, we—"

"Yes, yes; we know all about it, Uncle Ben," said the man with a story. "As I was saying, I met Jack Rollins, and he and I thought we'd go down on the beach and have a swim—"

"You are getting on swimmingly now," observed the retailer of second hand puns.

"Well, as I was saying," resumed the man with a story, "Jack and I went down to the beach, and—"

"You had a nice bath," said the woman who interrupts.

"No, I didn't," sharply answered the man with a story; "you see, the tide—"

"Oh, that reminds me of a funny thing that happened to a lot of us fellows when we were in the army!" exclaimed the war veteran. "It was just after the second Bull Run, and the major—"

The war veteran was reminded of a "funny thing" invariably seven evenings a week, and though he always told it from beginning to end, nobody ever listened to it. It is not necessary therefore to repeat it.

After he had finished, however, the man with a story began again:

"The tide, you see, was way out, and Jack said that we might as well go up to the hotel—"

"Oh, tell us!" again interrupted the retailer of second-class puns.

The man with a story frowned on the punster and continued:

"Go up to the hotel and see who was there. Charley Sprague—"

"Is Charley one o' Squire Sprague's boys?" quired the old gentleman. "The squire and me—"

"No, Charley isn't one of the squire's boys, Uncle Ben," was the rather peevish rejoinder of the man with a story. "Charley—"

"Do you remember what a time we had that night it rained so?" suddenly asked the young lady with the erratic mind.

"It's awful dry," remarked the amateur agriculturist; "if we don't have rain soon I guess my potatoes won't amount to much."

"What a horrid dress that Boston woman had on to-day!" said the young lady in the rocking chair.

"We had a bully time on the river to-day," interjected the boy in the flannel shirt.

"Shall you go to the mountains before you return?" asked the young gentleman who was doing the agreeable to the young lady with the low forehead.

The man with a story saw it was no use. So he gave it up in despair and walked sadly away, leaving the others to chat at their own sweet will.

But, mark you, he will tell that story to every one of them separately, and probably two or three times to most of them. They will come to the conclusion finally that it would have been much better for them to let the man with a story tell it at once and have done with it.

The Twelfth Illinois District.

QUINCY, Ill., August 18.—The republican convention of the twelfth congressional district met at Whitehall to-day. The convention adjourned without nominating a candidate for congress in consequence of General Singleton, of this city, becoming the independent candidate. The greenbackers having made no nomination, there will be but two candidates in the field, J. M. Riggs, regular democratic nominee, and General Singleton, independent.

A Deceived Woman.

DETROIT, August 18.—An unmarried young woman was found a few days ago in her room near Dexter, in this state, at the place where she was stopping, in an unconscious condition and with a pair of dead twins in bed. The poor creature has been in spasms most of the time since. It is thought she cannot live.

Postmaster at Holly Springs.

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.

WASHINGTON, August 18.—By order of the president, John A. Mahon was to-day appointed postmaster at Holly Springs, Mississippi, vice Mrs. P. A. Nabers, suspended.

Three Men Fall From a Precipice.

GENEVA, August 18.—Dr. Gobat, an Englishman, left Zermatt on Friday last with two guides, to ascend the Dent Blanche. All three were found dead on Sunday, having fallen from a precipice. This is the fourth accident of a similar character that has occurred this season.

Consternation in Durban.

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.

DURBAN, August 17.—The intention of the government to restore Cetewayo causes consternation here.

TO A FRIEND STUDYING GERMAN.

Vill'st dou learn de Deutsche sprache?
Denn set it on your card,
Dat all the nouns have shenders,
Und the shenders all are herd,
Dere ish also dings called pronouns,
Witch it's shoost ash vell to know;
Boot ach! de verbs or time-words—
Dey'll work you bitter woe.

Vill'st dou learn de Deutsche sprache?
Den you allatag moost go
To sinfontes, sonatas,
Or an oritorio.
Vhen you'dinks you knows 'pout musik
More ash any other man,
Be sure de soul of Deutschland
Into your soul ish ran.

Vill'st dou learn de Deutsche sprache?
Dou moost eat about a peck
A week of stinging sauerkraut,
Und sefen pfounds of speck,
Mit Gott knows vot in vinegar,
Und deuce knows vot in rum:
Dish ish de only cerdain way
To make de accents coom.

Vill'st dou learn de Deutsche sprache?
Brepare dein soul to shtand
Shoosh sendences ash ne'er vas heardt
In any oder land.
Till dou canst make parentheses
Intwisted—ohne zahl!—
Dann wirst du erst Deutschfertig seyn;
For a languashe ideal.

Vill'st dou learn de Deutsche sprache?
Du must mitout all fear
Trink efery tay an gallon dry
Of foamin' Sherman bier.
Und de more you trinks, pe certain,
More Deutsche you'll surely pe;
For Gambrinus ish de emperor
Of de whole of Germany.

Vill'st dou learn de Deutsche sprache?
Be sholly, brav, an treu,
For dat veller ist ein Deutscher
Who ish not a sholly poy.
Find out vot means gemuthlichkeit,
Und do it mitout fail,
In sang and Klang dein Lebenlang,
A brick—gans kreuzfidel.

Vill'st dou learn de Deutsche sprache?
If a shendleman dou art,
Denn shtrike right into Deutschland,
Und get a schwetes heart.
From schwabenland or Sachsen,
Vhere now dis writer pees;
Und de bretty girls all wachsen
Shoost like apples on de drees.

Boot if thou bee'st a laty,
Denn, on de oder hand,
Take a blonde moustachied lofer
In de leafed green Sherman land,
Und if you shoost kit married
(Vood mit vood soon makes a vire),
You'll learn to sprechen Deutsch, mein kind,
Ash fast ash you tesire.

—Charles Godfrey Leland.

FINANCIAL FACTS.

NEW YORK, August 18.—Share speculation opened with prices weak, being ¼ to ½ per cent lower than yesterday's closing prices, the latter in Minneapolis and St. Louis. In early dealings there was a fractional recovery of ⅛ to ½ per cent, the latter in Denver and Rio Grande, Texas Pacific, Chesapeake and Ohio, first preferred, and Western Union being prominent in the upward movement. At 11 o'clock the general list reached ⅛ to ⅝ per cent. Later Texas Pacific, Delaware and Lackawanna, Richmond and Danville, and St Paul and Omaha were also prominent. After 11 o'clock there was a general decline of ¼ to 1 per cent, the latter in Canada Southern, Oregon and Transcontinental, Northwestern, Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, and Wabash preferred were conspicuous in the downward movement. At noon prices in the main were steady. After 12 o'clock prices became irregular, but in the main ⅛@⅝ per cent lower, the latter in Oregon and Trans-Continental. Northwestern advanced 1¼ per cent, and St Paul ⅞ per cent, but he latter fell off 1¼ per cent before 2 o'clock. During the remainder of the evening prices continued to decline, and closed in the main weak and ⅛@1¾ per cent lower than yesterday's closing figures, the latter in Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, Michigan Central, Canada Southern and Delaware and Hudson were also conspicuous in the decline. Speculation to-day was dull. Transactions aggregated 261,000 shares.

Georgia 6s	*104	Panama	165
Georgia 7s mort'g'e	*106	Quicksilver	10
Georgia do gold	*114	do Preferred	45¼
Louisiana consols	69	Reading	60¾
North Carolina old	*20	St L & San Fran	40½
North Carolina new	*18	do Preferred	58⅞
Funding	*8	do first Preferred	98
Special tax	7¼	St. Paul	123¼
Tennessee 6s	55¼	do Preferred	136½
Tennessee new	55¼	Texas Pacific	51½
Virginia 6s	*35	Union Pacific	116
Consolidated	57	United States	74
do Deferred	12	Wells & Fargo	130½
Adams Express	140	Chicago & N.W	145¾
American Mer. Ex	95¼	do Preferred	168¾
Chesap'ke & Ohio	29½	Erie	28⅝
Chicago & Alton	†140	East Tenn R. R.	11
C. St. L. & N. O	78	Ga. R. R.	—
Consolidated Coal	32	Illinois Central	136¾
Delaware & Lack	146½	Lake Shore	114⅛
Fort Wayne	136	L. & N.	74¾
Hannibal & St Joe	85	Memphis & Char'n	61
Harlem	205

THE GARLAND MURDER CASE.

Evidence as to Facts Alleged to Have Preceded the Hostile Meeting.

LUNENBERG C.H., Va., August 18.—The interest in the Garland murder trial is unabated. People from all sections of this and adjoining counties continue to flock to the court room. The examination of witnesses for the defense being resumed to-day, John T. Roach was called to the stand. He testified to meeting Garland and Boswell on the road the day before the shooting. Garland asked witness to accompany him down to the intersection of Wards and Mills roads to hear a conversation with reference to a misunderstanding between him and Addison. Witness also testified to Boswell's returning from Wedderburn's mill and saying Addison was not there; also to Boswell going to the mill next day and returning to the scene of the conflict accompanied by Addison, and to the introduction that followed; to Garland's asking Addison if he was the person who had written these insulting letters, and to the duel that followed; to Addison's being wounded, and to his saying he was fatally wounded and was sorry he could not accommodate Garland any further. W. W. Boswell, witness for the defense, being re-called, said he was armed during the shooting because he heard Thomas Orgain, Addison's friend, had said that if Addison did not clean Garland out he would. Witness only accompanied Garland to the scene to have an amicable settlement of the difficulty. E. G. Bain, witness for the defense, who sharpened the knife for Addison on the morning of the shooting, was not allowed by the court to testify what threats were made at that time. George C. Orgain, who at the time of the shooting roomed with the deceased, testified to having gotten the knife out of a pair of pants on the morning of the tragedy, but could not swear they were Addison's pants. During the examination of this witness the court took a recess.

After the recess counsel for the defense asked to introduce as evidence a letter from Miss Mamie Hatchett from Sassagrass Fork, N. C., dated July 18, in reply to Garland's letter of the 5th July, in which the writer says as he, Garland, has denied her charges, she has nothing more to say. This request provoked a protracted discussion between counsel, the prosecution claiming that such testimony would not be legal, and the defense that it was legal and should be admitted. The court rejected the letter. The testimony both for the commonwealth and the defense being concluded, and the counsel for prosecution having asked further time to prepare instructions, the court adjourned until to-morrow, when the instructions will be submitted to the court and argument commenced. Several ladies asked permission to attend court to-morrow, which Judge Perry granted.

A SECRET MOVEMENT.

The Tone of Arabi's Men—Distress Reported in the Rebel Camp.

LONDON, August 18.—A dispatch from Alexandria, dated 11:20 a.m., says; A division of the guards of the sixtieth regiment are now embarking. The Gordon and Cameron highlanders are going to Ramleh. The Daily News has the following: Alexandria, August 18.—The transports Orient, Capella, Palmyra and Iberia left the harbor here to-day. Also, another steamer with railway wagons, rails and engines for Ismailia. The guards, with horses, have gone to sea on board the Batavia, Orient and Iberia. The greatest secrecy exists in regard to the destination of the transports.

THE ENEMY'S POSITION.

A correspondent of the News at Alexandria says: The enemy seems content with his entrenchments, doing little or nothing to improve them. The rebel official returns state that their forces number 36,000 regulars, 38,000 militia and 50,000 armed Bedouins. They claim to have 25,000 men at Kefr el Dwar. These numbers are, of course, greatly exaggerated, but show the tone of confidence adopted by the native party.

SUFFERING IN ARABI'S CAMP.

The Daily Telegraph has the following dispatch: Alexandria, August 17.—A deserter from Arabi Pasha's forces, who came in here to-day, gave a graffic description of the misery prevailing in the latter's camp. The wounded were crawling about, their sufferings unheeded, presenting a sad picture of distress and neglect. Some of these poor creatures are said to have been shot by their comrades to free them from their misery. This state of things is due to the sanitary condition of the camp and the scarcity of doctors.

INDIAN ATROCITY.

Eleven Women Cruelly Tortured, Outraged and Murdered.

TUCSON, Arizona, August 18.—Advices from Guaymos, Sonora, of the 16th instant, say the Apaches are depredating fearfully and committing frightful atrocities in Sohuarapa district, at Tarotic ranche. They killed six men at Pass Lamas. They killed two in Lucuchella and two in Arincoponda, and for three hours afterwards attacked Elcarriel, killing eleven women and a child, stripping the women and brutally outraging them, then putting them to death by the most cruel torture. The number of hostiles is two hundred, commanded by Juh Chehuahua, a chief who escaped after the battle with General Fuero last spring. General Keys, with a large force, is in Sahyarapa district, and declares that he will not spare a man, squaw nor papoose if he again encounters them.

OMAHA, Neb., August 18.—The commanding officer at Ft. Robinson telegraphed to the army headquarters here that he had dispatches from Agent McGillicudy, at Pine Ridge agency, to the effect that Red Cloud had notified him that he must leave the agency by October 1. The agent also informed the commissioner of Indian affairs that Red Cloud had been sullen ever since he was deposed from the chieftainship of the Sioux by General Crook. For this reason, Agent McGillicudy deposed him from the chieftainship of his own band. There are 7,000 Sioux at Pine Ridge, and 7,000 at Rosebud agency. In case of an outbreak there will be about 3,000 warriors.

SOUTHERN SUNDAY SCHOOLS.

The Proceedings of the Southern Sunday School Assembly at Tullahoma.

TULLAHOMA, August 18.—The meeting to consider a southern Sunday school assembly met in the Methodist church last night. The attendance was very fine. W. H. Morrow, of Nashville, was elected temporary president, and W. G. Whidbey, of Atlanta, Ga., temporary secretary. Committees were appointed as follows: On nominations—Sidney Root, of Georgia; T. A. Parker, of Alabama; R. E. Travis, J. R. Dean, L. S. Stein. On Sunday school assembly—J. H. Warren, M. B. DeWitt, of Tennessee, and R. B. Reppard, O. M. Doyle, W. J. Houston, of Georgia. Stirring five minute talks were made by R. B. Reppard, of Georgia; J. R. Dean, of Tennessee; T. A. Parker, of Alabama, and L. S. Stein. The singing by the choir from Nashville added interest. All is harmonious and the meeting is pregnant of good. The outlook is fine for a larger attendance to-morrow. Rev. W. P. Harrison, of Nashville, lectured to night. Seats were arranged in a beautiful grove, where services were held.

Special Dispatch to The Constitution.

TULLAHOMA, Tenn., August 18.—The assembly organized to-day by electing R. B. Reppard, of Savannah, president; W. H. Morrow, of Nashville, and Rev. Dr. Parker, of Gadsden, Ala., vice presidents; W. G. Whidby, editor of the Southern World, Atlanta, Ga., secretary; Dr. T. S. Rubey, Lebanon, Tenn., assistant secretary.

NAMED FOR CONGRESS.

Hon. George D. Wise and Mr. A. S. Bowen for Congress From Virginia.

RICHMOND, Va., August 18.—Hon. George D. Wise was renominated for congress by the democratic convention of this (the third) district, which met here to-day. The nomination was by acclamation. The coalition convention at Marion yesterday nominated A. S. Bowen for congress from the ninth district.

COLORED PEOPLE.

They Hold a Meeting at the Capitol and Take Action Senator Hill's Death.

Last night the colored people held a meeting in the hall of the house of representatives to pass resolutions on the death of Senator Hill. R. J. Henry was made chairman, and J. Thomas Grant acted as secretary. On motion a committee was appointed to draft resolutions. The committee was as follows: Dr. L. W. West, chairman, A. W. Burnett, G. R. Dolly, J. M. Mathews, J. Minor.

The committee reported the following resolutions which were adopted:

The death of Hon. Benjamin Harvey Hill occasions sadness and sorrow throughout our community. Few of our public men have been so well known, and ew have died leaving so large a circle of personal friends to mourn their loss. Born and reared in this state, his whole life was in full view of his fellow-citizens, and after a long career of public usefulness, and while performing the duties of a position of prominence and honor he passed away.

Resolved, That in the death of Senator B. H. Hill, the state has lost one of its most valuable and prominent citizens, one whose success in business and high political honors seemed a source of personal gratification and pleasure to all who made his acquaintance.

Resolved. That we sympathise with the afflicted family and friends of our late statesman and leading orator of the age, in the hour of their trial and grief.

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the city papers and a copy thereof be transmitted to his family.

Eulogistic addresses were made by Dr. L. W. West, A. W. Burnett and others, after which the meeting adjourned.

BEN HILL DEBATING SOCIETY.

Thursday night the Ben H. Hill debating society, an organization composed of young gentlemen of Atlanta, which holds weekly meetings at the library building, convened in called session. The society was called to order by Mr. F. S Spencer, the vice-president.

It was moved by G. M. Brown and unanimously carried by the society that the regular business be suspended and a committee of four including the presiding officer, as chairman, be appointed to draft suitable resolutions on the death of our beloved senator, Benjamin H. Hill, after whom the society was named. The committee reported the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Whereas God in his infinite wisdom has seen fit to take from our community, our beloved senator, Benjamin H. Hill; therefore, be it

Resolved 1. That the youth of Georgia have lost by his death their noblest example and truest friend.

Resolved 2. That the senate of the United States has lost one of its wisest and most eloquent members, the south one of her most gifted statesmen, and Georgia her most distinguished son.

Resolved 3. That we tender our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family.

Resolved 4. That these resolutions be printed in THE CONSTITUTION, and a copy be sent to the family of the deceased senator, also a page in our minute book be devoted to his memory

F. S. SPENCER, Chairman.
G. M. BROWN,
A. M. GREEN,
THOS. L. BISHOP, Committee.

THE RETAIL GROCERS.

At a meeting of the retail grocers' association held last night at the hall on Mitchell street, Mr. Volney Dunning in the chair and Charles C. Thorn acting as secretary, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved. That, whereas Hon. Benj. H. Hill, late United tates senator from this state, has been removed from our midst by death after a long and painful illness, therefore, be it resolved by this association, that in the death of Hon. B. H. Hill the state of Georgia has lost a most talented and patriotic legislator, and the United States senate has lost one of its most valued and reliable members, and that in his death the city of Atlanta has lost one of its best citizens.

Resolved, That we tender to the bereaved family of the deceased our heartfelt sympathy for their irreparable loss.

Resolved, That we will individually attend the funeral of our old friend and fellow-citizen to-morrow, and that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family of the deceased, and be sent to the city papers for publication.

MR. BLISS'S ARGUMENT.

He Claims that the Government has Made Out Its Case.

WASHINGTON, August 18.—Mr. Bliss resumed his argument in the star route cases to-day, and continued his review and analysis of the evidence relating to the routes set forth in the indictment. He went into a history of the expedition of the routes with great particularity, pointing out in each case the large discrepancy between the stock actually employed upon the route and the number set out in the contractor's affidavit. He showed how this discrepancy had invariably resulted in benefit to the contractor and great loss to the department. He then devoted some time to a detailed examination of the petitions on which the expedition had been ordered, and endeavored to show that they had been altered after their arrival in Washington. In conclusion he summed up the facts which he thought the government had proved and expressed his belief that the jury as men who have taken an oath who desired to stand well before their Maker must find a verdict that the government had made out its case, and that the defendants had been guilty of a gross and outrageous conspiracy to defraud the United States. At the conclusion of Mr. Bliss's speech the court adjourned until Monday, when Mr. Totten will argue for the defense.

IMPRISONMENT OF DWYER GRAY.

The Sentence Treated as an Outrage Upon Mr. Gray as a Journalist.

LONDON, August 18.—The Pall Mall Gazette says: "Mr. Gray's sentence looks worse to day than yesterday. Its now a question whether Mr. Gray, as a journalist, has not been instrumental in unearthing a grave scandal. We do not believe there is a single English journalist who would not have called attention to such a report as that mentioned by Mr. Gray. That Mr. Gray should be in jail a scandal of the first magnitude." A dispatch to the Pall Mall Gazette from Dublin states that the speeches delivered at the banquet given to Mr. Parnell after the conviction of Mr. Gray, have been submitted to the law officers for decision as to whether any action should be taken upon them. The O'Gorman Mahon, member of parliament for county Clare, in a speech on that occasion, compared Judge Lawson to Jeffreys, and pointed out that the former had narrowly escaped being torn to pieces by an indignant people. Mr. Healy, member of parliament for Wexfordborough, denounced Judge Lawson with similar violence.

THIRTY-SIX NEW CASES.

The Ravages of Yellow Fever—Two Thousand People in Destitution.

WASHINGTON, August 18.—A late dispatch this afternoon to Surgeon-General Hamilton from the acting collector of internal revenue at Brownsville, Texas, reports thirty-six new cases of yellow fever at that place since yesterday. The acting secretary of the treasury received a telegram to-day from the mayor of Brownsville, Texas, stating that on account of the quarantining of that city by the New Orleans and Texas, 2,000 people have been deprived of work and subsistence, and are dependent upon charity. He therefore asks aid from the government. A reply was made that the request for assistance must come from the governor of the state to enable the government to act.

A RUSSIAN SCHEME.

Massing Troops on the Border of Asia Minor—A Denial From St. Petersburg.

LONDON, August 18.—A dispatch to the Times from St. Petersburg says: It is believed at Erzeroum, Armenia, that Russia is about to occupy the whole of Asia Minor to the Bosphorus. Owing to the undefended state of that part of Turkey the Russians could easily do this without much bloodshed. A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from Paris says: "It is no secret that Russia is concentrating a formidable army in the Caucasus. The army, it is estimated numbers 78,000 men."

ST. PETERSBURG, August 18.—The government officially denies the reports relative to the concentration of troops in the Caucasus.

Shot by Her Drunken Husband.

ROCKLAND, Me., August 17.—Herbert Rowell, a saloon keeper, while drunk, fatally shot his wife.

BUTLER FOR GOVERNOR.

The Greenbackers of Massachusetts Nominate the Chronic Candidate for Governor.

BOSTON, August 18.—A Massachusetts state greenback convention assembled here to-day. Three hundred and twenty-five delegates were present, representing seventy-nine towns. Charles H. Litchman, of Marblehead, was elected president, and made an interesting address. General B. F. Butler was nominated for governor on the second ballot. The ticket was then completed as follows: Lieutenant-Governor, George Dutton, of Springfield; secretary of state, John Hawes, of Worcester; treasurer, George Foster, of Lynn; attorney general, E. A. Snow, of Athol; auditor, Augustus F. Merchant, of Leverett.

The Liverpool Cotton Circular.

LIVERPOOL, August 18.—This week's circular of the Liverpool Cotton Brokers' association, says: Cotton has been in good demand throughout the week and generally advanced. American has been in active request and advanced 1-16d to ⅛d. In sea island there was a fair business. In futures near positions were strong and advanced. New crop was fairly offered at a decline of 1-64d.

The Manchester Market.

LONDON, August 18.—The Manchester Guardian in its commercial article says: Very little business has been done, because prices were too low for sellers. Numerous orders for India were met at the lowest rates touched daring the last four months.

The Adjournment of Parliament.

LONDON, August 18.—The house of lords and the house of commons have both adjourned till the 24th of October. There was no formality observed and not even a quorum of the house of commons was present.

BAKING POWDERS.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall-st., N.Y.

714 june18—d&wly 5p top col nx rd or fol rd mat

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

WARREN RAY, 62 South street, New York, will dispatch the packet AMERICAN EAGLE from New York for Brunswick on Monday, 21st instant.

Patronage of Atlanta merchants solicited.

LITTLEFIELD & TISON,
AGENTS,
aug18—d3t BRUNSWICK, GAs

REMOVAL.

THE MERRICK THREAD CO (CARLISLE & Merrick's Cotton and Ready Wound Bobbins) Removed to No. 257 W. Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Maryland. F. D. HOVEY.
aug19—d3t sat tues thur

KENTUCKY
AGRICULTURAL & MECHANICAL
ASSOCIATION
FAIR!

THE SIXTH ANNUAL FAIR OF THIS association (new series), will be held on the grounds of the Association at Lexington, beginning

ON TUESDAY, AUGUST 29, 1882,

And Continuing Five Days.

aug18 2t H. P. KINKEAD, Sec'y.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

WANTED—A MEDIUM SIZE SECOND-HAND Iron Safe—combination lock. Will pay cash. Address, giving lowest price, P O Box No. 94, city.
aug19—d2t sat sun

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED ACCOUNTant as assistant Book-keeper. Must be steady, accurate and good penman. Address, giving experience and salary expected, P O Box No. 94, city.
aug19—d1t

WATCHES!
DIAMONDS!
FINE JEWELRY!
—AND—
STERLING SILVER-WARE,
FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW,
31 WHITEHAL. TREET.
feb4—d1y 5p

PILES

WILL BE PERMANENTLY AND RADICALLY CURED BY

ESSLINGER PILE REMEDY.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
aug17—d1y sat wed 1 2 or 3d col 5p

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, August 4th, 1882—J M McAfee has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Elvira Hutchins, deceased.

This is therefore to notify all persons concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in September next, else letters will be then granted said applicant as applied for.

W. L. CALHOUN,
aug5—d4w 4w sat Ordinary.

OFFICE OF THE
FRANKLIN FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT THE FRANKlin Fire Insurance Company, of Philadelphia, state of Pennsylvania, intends to withdraw from business in the state of Georgia. Said company has satisfied all losses and all claims of its policy holders in the state of Georgia, and will on October 2d, 1882, make application to Hon D N Speer, treasurer of State of Georgia, for leave to withdraw the $25,000 of bonds herebefore made by this company.

J. W. McALLISTER,
President Franklin Fire Insurance Co.
july21—d1aw2m fri

BAKING POWDERS.

THE CONTRAST!

While other Baking Powders are largely adulterated with Alum and other hurtful drugs,

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

has been kept unchanged in all its original purity and strength. The best evidence of its safety and effectiveness is the fact of its having received the highest testimonials from the most eminent chemists in the United States, who have analyzed it, from its introduction to the present time. No other powders show so good results by the true test—the TEST OF THE OVEN.

IT IS A PURE FRUIT ACID BAKING POWDER
—MADE BY—
STEELE & PRICE,
Chicago, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo.,
Manufacturers of Impalle Yeast Gems, Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts, and Dr. Price's Unique Perfumes.

may20—d1y sat tues thur top col nx rd mat 1 4 6pd &wly 8 or 2p

AMUSEMENTS.

The Fifteenth Anniversary
—OF THE—
YOUNG MEN'S LIBRARY
ASSOCIATION,
Will come off at
DeGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE,
Monday Night, August 21st.

Commencing at 8 o'clock. An attractive programme is in preparation. 398 aug13—d1w

LECTURE
FOR THE BENEFIT Y. M. L. A.
TUESDAY EVENING.

Commencing at 8 o'clock at DeGive's Oopera House.

"EGYPT,"

Ancient and Modern, illustrating Cause and Characters of Present Drama—

By GEN. WM. W. LORING.

Tickets 50 cents; Gallery 25 cents. For sale at Phillips & Crew's. No extra charge for reserved seats. aug18—tf

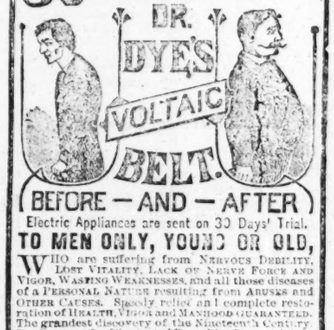
THE GRAND EXCURSION
DONATED
By the Ga. Division of the E. T. V. & Ga. R.R. of the
YOUNG MEN'S LIBRARY
ASSOCIATION, TO
"INDIAN SPRING,"
WILL LEAVE ATLANTA
THURSDAY MORNING, AUG. 24TH, 1882
AT 7:30 O'CLOCK.
ROUND TRIP ONLY $1.00.
CHILDREN HALF PRICE.
aug16—dtilaug24

Niagara Falls and Montreal.

THE ONLY GRAND EXCURSION OF THE SEAson, will leave Atlanta Saturday and Sunday August 19th, 20th, via Chattanooga and Cincinnati, for Alexandria Bay, Thousand Islands, River St. Lawrence and Montreal. Ticket for round trip, good for twelve days, Alexandria Bay, Thousand Islands, Niagara, Chautauqua $24; to Montreal and return $30. Trains will run over W and A R R, Cincinnati Southern and N Y P and O R R.

G P HUMPHRIES,
378 aug13 d1w Agent N Y P and O R R.

30 DAYS TRIAL



(BEFORE — AND — AFTER)

Electric Appliances are sent on 30 Days' Trial.

TO MEN ONLY, YOUNG OR OLD,

WHO are suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST VITALITY, LACK OF NERVE FORCE AND VIGOR, WASTING WEAKNESSES, and all those diseases of a PERSONAL NATURE resulting from ABUSES and OTHER CAUSES. Speedy relief and complete restoration of HEALTH, VIGOR and MANHOOD GUARANTEED. The grandest discovery of the Nineteenth Century. Send at once for Illustrated Pamphlet free. Address

VOLTAIC BELT CO., MARSHALL, MICH.

aug8—w1y &d1y sat only

aug27—d1y tues thur sat & wk1y 1y No 2

FRESH TURNIP SEED

JUST RECEIVED FROM D. LANDRETH, WHICH I will sell cheap. I also keep vegetables and fruits of all kinds always on hand, which I am selling at the lowest market price. Bouquets and floral designs made to order only. Call at No 86 Peachtree street, where you will find J W Roberts always ready to accommodate you.

july22—d1m A. LAMBERT.

SEEDS, MACHINERY, ETC.

TURNIP SEEDS,
ALL VARIETIES, 40 CTS PER POUND.
DALLAS WHEAT,
GEORGIA RYE,
GEORGIA BARLEY,
TURNING PLOWS, SULKEY PLOWS,
Acme Harrows, Blanchard Churns, Swing Churns, Eagle Gins, Gate City Gins, Gate City Seed Cotton Cleaner and Condenser. All of the very best and the very LOWEST PRICES.
MARK W. JOHNSON & CO,
27 Marietta Street, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
mar12—d1y

300,000 APPLE AND PEACH TREES
FOR FALL SALES, BY
M. COLE & CO., PROPRIETORS
OF THE
ATLANTA NURSERIES.

Also, standard and dwarf Pears, Plums, Cherries, Apricots, Nectarines, Almonds, Walnuts, Pecans Mulberries, Quinces, Figs, Pomegranates, Raspberries, Blackberries, Gooseberries, Currants, Strawberries Asparagus and Grapes. Including Pocklington, Prentiss, Duchess and Lady Washington; and

The Largest Stock of Hardy Ornamentals in the South.
Cape Jessamines and Roses a Specialty.
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Descriptive Catalogues and wholesale lists to the trade, FREE.

M. COLE & CO. ATLANTA, GA.
jun15 d3m—5p

HINTON A. HELPER, President } B. G. SANDERS, { A. S. J. GARDNER, Secretary and Treas.
Gen. L. J. GARTRELL, Legal Adviser, } General Manager. { MERCHANTS' BANK, Depository.

GEORGIA MATRIMONIAL SECURITY ASSOCIATION,
18 CENTENNIAL BUILDING, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

ORGANIZED AND CHARTER APPLIED FOR JUNE 10th, 1882. BENEFITS PAID IN FOUR MONTHS. First month's membership Nos. 250. Reliable Agents Wanted in every town and county in the South.
aug1—d1m sun tues fri Address A. S. J. GARDNER, Secretary.

IF YOU WANT STYLISH
FURNITURE,
CALL AT
MILLER'S FASHION PARLOR.
Ash Suits Trimmed with Walnut are all the Rage.
Also, the Only Store in Atlanta where you can find the celebrated
WRAMPELMEIER WALNUT FURNITURE.
44 PEACHTREE STREET.
117 july2—d1m sun tues thur

CREAM BEAUTIFIER.

A Skin of Beauty is a Joy Forever.
DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S
ORIENTAL CREAM
—OR—
MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER
PURIFIES as well as BEAUTIFIES THE SKIN.

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, and Pimples and Patches and every blemish on beauty and defies detection. It has stood the test of thirty years and is so harmless we taste it to be sure the preparation is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. The distinguished Dr. L. A. Sayre, said to a lady of the haut ton (a patient:) "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the Skin preparations." One bottle will last six months, using it every day. Also Poudre Subtile removes superfluous hair without injury to the skin. MME. M. B. T. GOURAUD, Sole Proprietor, 48 Bond Street, New York.

For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers throughout the U. S., Canadas and Europe. Beware of base imitations. $1,000 Reward for arrest and proof any one selling the same.

116 mar6—d6m sun wed sat &wky6m

Consult Dr. BUTTS and secure the advantages of long experience in curing diseases of the Blood, Skin and Bones.—Nervous Debility, Impotency, Organic Weakness, Gonorrhœa, Syphilitic and Mercurial Affections especially treated on scientific principles, with safe and sure remedies. Call or write for List of Questions to be answered by those desiring treatment by mail. (Persons suffering from Rupture should send their address and learn something to their advantage. It is not a truss.) Address, DR. BUTTS, 12 N. 8th St., St. Louis, Mo. ESTABLISHED OVER THIRTY YEARS.

FREE "THE SCIENCE OF HEALTH"

Is a very interesting book, having been pronounced so by thousands of readers. It explains principles of life and death, and origin of diseases. Should be read by all thinking people. Contains valuable prescriptions for the cure of Nervous and Physical Debility, Lost Vitality, Defective Memory, Despondency, and the whole train of disorders brought on by overwork or indiscretions; prescriptions for Catarrh, Scrofula, etc. A copy of this work by mail, sealed, free, by addressing W. S. JAQUES, M.D. 130 W. 6th St. Cincinnati, O.

Self Cure Free
Nervous Debility — Lost Manhood — Weakness and Decay
A favorite prescription of a noted specialist (now retired.) Druggists can fill it. Address
DR. WARD & CO., LOUISIANA, MO.

TRADE MARK. Seminal Pastille
Size
An entirely New and positively effective Remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Seminal Emissions and Impotency by the only true way, viz., Direct Application to the principal Seat of the Disease. The use of the remedy is attended with no pain or inconvenience, and does not interfere with the ordinary pursuits of life. The success of treatment has stood the test in very severe cases, and is now a pronounced success. There is no nonsense about this preparation. Practical observation enables us to positively guarantee that it will give perfect satisfaction. It is conceded by the Medical profession to be the most rational means yet discovered of reaching and curing this very prevalent trouble. The Remedy is put up in neat boxes, of three sizes. No. 1 (lasting a month), $1; No. 2 (sufficient to effect a permanent cure, unless in severe cases), $2; No. 3 (lasting over three months, will dispel carbuncles and cure in the most severe cases), $3. Sent by mail, sealed in plain wrapper. Full directions for using accompany each box.

Send for a Descriptive Pamphlet giving testimonial illustrations, which will convince the most skeptical that there can be no cure to perfect manhood, also Medical advice for the debilitated. Address, HARRIS REMEDY CO. MFG CHEMISTS, Market and 8th Sts., ST. LOUIS, MO.

METROPOLITAN LIFE UNVEILED!
AGENTS WANTED!

Most Exciting Book Issued. 600 pages. 200 Illustrations! Revealing mysteries of high and low life in America's great cities; fashion's follies and frivolities; behind the scenes; tricks of pretty deceivers; city's rich and poor; lascious corruption at Washington; ruin of innocent girls; old heavy-headed sinners by gas-light; bewitching sirens & victims; Voudou and Mormon horrors; Startling Revelations! Price $2.50. Illust'd circulars free. Outfits 75c. Add. ANCHOR PUBLISH'G CO. ST. LOUIS, MO. CHICAGO, ILL. ATLANTA, GA.
may29—d1y sat tuet thur & wk1y

FLOUR!
IF YOU WISH
THE FINEST FLOUR
IN THE MARKET
Inquire of Your Grocer for
TANNER, CURRIER & HEATH'S
Fancy Roller Process.
363—july23 tf

MEDICAL

A DOCTOR'S TROUBLES.

Mother—"You did wrong in wearing that thin dress, this cold damp night."

Daughter—"I did, and am now paying the penalty. Sarah Goss suffered in the same way; please get that which relieved her."

Mother—"Nonsense! I'll do no such thing, but will send for our Doctor."

Daughter—"Our Doctor keeps one in bed a long time and pours down a vast quantity of medicine, besides making daily changes."

Mother—"Doctor, is she dangerous and what is her affliction?"

Doctor—"Yes, madam, she is dangerously ill. The ventricular and auricular forces are not in equilibrium, there is an increased centripetal action about the cerebrum and medulla oblongata, the portal circulation vascillates, suspended Nature seems hesitating, and I—"

Mother—"Stop, for heaven's sake stop and go to work at once."

Doctor—"I will do all I can."

Mother, after two weeks have expired—"Daughter, our Doctor shall be discarded at once. Two weeks and no relief. I will procure that which you desired at first."

Daughter, in a low tone—"I am glad, and think it the only thing that will restore me to health."

Mother—"Get out of my house, you old humbug!"

Daughter—"Well, mother, you see how rapidly I have improved since discharging 'our Doctor' and I commenced the use of that which I so much needed. The effect has been most wonderful. The one relieved my head, cured the constipation, while the other imparted strength, came to the help of Nature and made me feel new."

THE CONFESSION.

Mother—"Very true, and I believe they have saved your life. I now confess that Dr. Dromgoole's English Female Bitters is the most wonderful female medicine and iron tonic I ever knew, and that Bailey's Saline Aperient is a pleasant and sovereign remedy for headache, constipation, acid stomach, biliousness, etc., etc." Family Medical Adviser free. Address J. P. Dromgoole & Co., Louisville, Ky
may20—d1y sat tues thur &wly no2

PROF. J. H. VAN STAVOREN
Portrait and Landscape Painter,
Has Removed His Studio to

NO. 73 1-2 WHITEHALL STREET, WHERE HE has fitted up rooms suitable to display his work of Art, and has the largest exhibition of Oil Paintings that was ever before seen in the city, consisting of full length, life-size Portraits of eminent men, lovely women, and beautiful children.

The public are cordially invited to call. Prof. Stavoren is now prepared to instruct a limited number of pupils the Art of Portrait or Landscape painting.

MILL & FACTORY SUPPLIES

Of all kinds. Belting, Hose and Packing, Oils, Pumps all kinds, Iron Pipe, Fittings, Brass Goods, Steam Gauges, Engine Governors, &c. Send for Price-list. W. H. DILLINGHAM & CO., 421 Main Street, LOUISVILLE, KY.
aug12—d1y sat tues thur

HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN
BROKER
AND DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
STOCKS and BONDS
OFFICE,
No. 10 East Alabama St.
STOCKS AND BONDS FOR SALE.
apr29—d1y head fin col

State Charter 1870.
BANK
OF THE
STATE OF GEORGIA.
ATLANTA, GA.
CASH CAPITAL.....$100:000.00
SURPLUS FUND..... 87,000.00
STOCKHOLDERS (with unincumbered property worth over a million dollars) INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
Accounts solicited. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. Loans on good collaterals and No. 1 paper, always at reasonable rates
july28—d&wly head fin col

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, August 18 1882

STATE AND CITY BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked
Ga. 8s	125	126	Atlanta 6s	102	104
Ga. 6s	107	108	Augusta 7s	106	108
Ga. 7s	107	108	Augusta 6s	104	106
Ga. 7s, gold	115	116	Macon 6s	101½	102½
S. C. (Brown)	101	102	Rome, new	95	100
Savannah 8s	85	85½	Columbus 7s	105	107
Atlanta 8s	115	117	Columbus 6s	81	82
Atlanta 7s	108	110			

RAILROAD BONDS

Ga. R. 7s	107	109	At. & Char. inc. 6s	84	86
Ga. R. 6s	106	109	Atlantic & G. con	109	110
W. & A. 10s	---	---	E. T., V. & G		
Cent. R. 7s	110½	111	inc. 6s	45	47
C. C. & A. 1st 10	107½	108			
At. & Char. 1st 107		108½			

RAILROAD STOCKS.

Georgia	148	151	Central	93	93½
At. & Char.	76	76¼	Aug. & Sav.	119	121
Southwestern	115	116	At. & W. P.	103	105
South Car.	25	30	C. C. & A.	54	54½

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK, August 18—11:00 a. m.—The stock market opened weak with prices ⅛@½ per cent lower than when it closed yesterday, the latter for Minn. and St. Louis. In early trade there was a fractional recovery of ⅛@⅛ per cent, the latter for Denver and Rio Grande, Texas Pacific, Chesapeake and Ohio first preferred and Western Union being conspicuous in the upward movement. At 11 o'clock the general list reacted ⅛@⅜ per cent, the latter for Texas Pacific; Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, Richmond and Danville and St. Paul and Omaha were also prominent.

NEW YORK, August 18—Noon—Stocks mainly steady. Money 3. Exchange—Long 485¼; short 488½. State Bonds generally unchanged. Governments unchanged.

Evening — Exchange 485 Governments unchanged; new 5s 101¼; 4½s 114½; 4s 119⅜. Money 2@4½. State Bonds dull but steady.

Sub-treasury balances:
Gold.....$81,699,798 Currency ...$5,958,337

Stocks closed weak and lower.

Ala. Class A 2 to 5	8	Mem. & Char.	61
do. Class A small	8½	N. C., & St. Louis	65½
Ala. Class B 5s	97	N. Y. Central	135½
do. Class C 4s	80	Pittsb'g F. W. & C	138
Chicago & N. W	140¾	Rich. & Alleghany	2¾
do. Preferred	163¾	Rich. & Dan	119
Erie	38⅝	Rock Island	137
East Tenn. S. R.	11	S. C. con., Brown	103
Ga. R. R		W. Pt. Terminal	64¼
Illinois Central	136¾	Wab., St. L. & Pac.	36¾
Lake Shore	114½	do. Preferred	62¾
Lou. & Nash	74¼	Western Union	88¾

*Bid

PARIS, August 18—4:30 p.m.—Rentes 82f. 52½c.

THE COTTON MARKET

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, August 18 1882.

New York—The cotton market presents no material change. A dull tone has prevailed throughout the week, and at the close to-day prices had undergone no quotable change. Spots hold quiet at 13 1-16c for middling.

Net receipts for the week ending to-day 6,338 bales, against 4,767 bales last week and against 20,565 bales for the corresponding week last year; exports for the week 11,186 bales; same time last year 27,015 bales; stock 145,630 bales; same time last year 230,339 bales.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures to-day:

OPENED.		CLOSED.	
August	12.8@12.90	August	12.93@12.94
September	12.53@12.54	September	12.52@12.53
October	11.89@11.90	October	11.89@11.90
November	11.65@11.66	November	11.65@11.66
December	11.67@11.68	December	11.66@11.67
January	11.73@11.75	January	11.72@11.73
February	11.85@11.86	February	11.83@11.84
March	11.98@12.00	March	11.97@11.99
April	12.12@12.14	April	12.11@12.12
May	12.27@	May	12.23@12.25

Closed barely steady, sales 45,000 bales.

Liverpool — Futures closed quiet. Spots — Uplands 7 3-16d; Orleans 7⅜d; sales 10,000 bales, of which 7,400 bales were American; receipts 18,900; American 3,200.

The local cotton market remains about the same. Business, owing to light stocks, is very light. We quote: middling 12¼c; low middling 11¾c, good ordinary 11c, ordinary 9½c.

The following is our statement of receipts and shipments for the week ending to-day:

RECEIPTS.

By wagon	21
Air-Line Railroad	6
Georgia Railroad	422
Central Railroad	5
Western and Atlantic Railroad	—
West Point Railroad	15
Total	469
Receipts previously	125,404
Total	125,873
Stock September 1	1,109
Grand total	126,982

SHIPMENTS.

Shipments for the week	—
Shipments previously and including local consumption	125,832
Local consumption for the week	115
Total	125,947
Stock on hand	1,035

NEW YORK, August 18—The following is the comparative statement for the week ending to-day:

Net receipts at all United States ports	6,338
Same time last year	20,565
Showing a decrease	14,227
Total receipts from September 1	4,625,248
Same time last year	5,747,985
Showing a decrease	1,122,690
Exports for the week	11,186
Same week last year	27,015
Showing a decrease	15,829
Total exports to date	3,513,432
Same time last year	4,485,718
Showing a decrease	972,286
Stock at all United States ports	145,639
Same time last year	220,396
Showing a decrease	74,766
Stock at interior towns	7,957
Same time last year	20,581
Showing a decrease	12,624
Stock at Liverpool	654,000
Same time last year	750,000
Showing a decrease	96,000
American cotton afloat for Great Britain	21,000
Same time last year	77,000
Showing a decrease	56,000

NEW YORK, August 18—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1, 1881:

Galveston	429,094
New Orleans	1,175,449
Mobile	263,497
Savannah	726,981
Charleston	496,398
Wilmington	133,572
Norfolk	608,929
Baltimore	38,773
New York	172,830
Boston	235,604
Providence	1,468
Philadelphia	82,986
City and West Point	176,548
Brunswick	[illegible]
Port Royal	22,736
Pensacola	19,887
Portland	7,694
Indianola	14,485
Washington, N. C.	10,501
Total	4,625,248

NEW YORK, August 18—The Post's cotton market report says: "Future deliveries, at the first call, showed a slight advance and subsequently paid—August 7-100 and the later months 2@4-100 dearer. After a decline of 2-100 September sold at the third call at 12.04, October 11.90, January 11.75, March 11.99, April 12.13. August was held at 12.96, November and December 11.68."

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, August 18—noon— Cotton steady; middling uplands 7 3-16; middling Orleans 7⅜; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and export 2,000; receipts 18,900 American 3,200; uplands low middling clause August delivery 7 10-64, August and september delivery 7 9-64, 7 9-64@7 10-64; September and October delivery 6 59-64; October and November delivery 6 43-64; November and December delivery 6 29-64; December and January delivery 6 38-64; March and April delivery 6 42-64; May and June delivery 6 46-64; June and July delivery 6 48-64; futures opened quiet.

Weekly—Sales 62,000; American 46,000; speculation 4,300; export 6,500; actual export 56,000; import 44,500; American 17,500; stock 654,000; American 338,000; afloat 196,000; American 21,000.

LIVERPOOL, August 18—2:30 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause August delivery 7 9-64; October and November delivery 6 42-64; December and January delivery 6 37-64; May and June delivery 6 45-64; June and July delivery 6 47-64. The Manchester market for yarns and fabrics is quiet and steady.

LIVERPOOL, August 18—2:30 p.m.—Uplands low middling clause September and October delivery 6 58-64.

LIVERPOOL, August 18—4:00 p.m.—Sales of American 7,400; uplands low middling clause September and October delivery 6 59-64; futures closed quiet.

NEW YORK, August 18—Cotton firm; middling uplands 13 1-16; middling Orleans 13⅜; sales 725 bales; net receipts 40; gross 55.

Weekly—Net receipts 972; gross 4,614; exports to Great Britain 5,553; to France 515; to continent 2,408; sales 8,524; stock 404,663.

GALVESTON, August 18—Cotton steady; middling 13⅜; low middling 12; good ordinary 11⅝; net receipts 896 bales; gross 96; sales 143; stock 80.

Weekly—Net receipts 1,058; gross 1,76; sales 1,124; exports coastwise 1,451.

NORFOLK, August 18—Cotton steady; middling 12½; net receipts 168 bales; gross 168; sales —; stock 625.

Weekly—Net receipts 802; gross 802; sales 729; exports coastwise 177.

BALTIMORE, August 18—Cotton quiet middling 13; low middling 12⅝; good ordinary 11⅞; net receipts none; gross none; sales none; to spinners —; stock 3,575 bales.

Weekly—Net receipts 301; gross 1,064; sales 1,023, to spinners 4,3; exports to Great Britain 400; coastwise 180.

BOSTON, August 18—Cotton steady, middling 13⅜; low middling 12⅝; good ordinary 12, net receipts 64 bales; gross 65, sales none; stock 3,880.

Weekly—Net receipts 209; gross 541; sales none; exports to Great Britain 1,716.

WILMINGTON, August 18—Cotton steady; middling 12¼; low middling 11 13-16; good ordinary 10 15-16; net receipts bales; gross 3; sales none; stock 402.

Weekly—Net receipts 83; gross 83; exports coastwise 156.

PHILADELPHIA, August 18—Cotton quiet; middling 13¼; low middling 12⅞; good ordinary 11⅞; net receipts 4 bales; gross 127.

Weekly—Net receipts 526; gross 1,361; exports to Great Britain 200; stock 6,777.

SAVANNAH, August 18—Cotton unchanged; middling 12; low middling 11½; good ordinary 10¾; net receipts 340 bales; gross 340; sales 50; stock 2,045.

Weekly—Net receipts 881; gross 881; sales 400; exports coastwise 4,73.

NEW ORLEANS, August 18—Cotton steady; middling 13⅜; low middling 12¾; good ordinary 11⅝; net receipts 116 bales; gross 119; sales 475; stock 12,788.

Weekly—Net receipts 707; gross 1,418; sales 3,250, exports to France 594; coastwise 4,120.

MOBILE, August 18—Cotton quiet; middling 12⅝; good middling 12¾; good ordinary 11⅝; net receipts 12 bales; gross 12; sales none; stock 728.

Weekly—Net receipts 65; gross 65; sales 100; exports coastwise 295.

MEMPHIS, August 18—Cotton steady; middling 12½; good middling 12⅝; good ordinary 11; net receipts 67 bales; gross 67; shipments 71; sales none; stock 2,391.

Weekly—Net receipts 272; gross 272; shipments 1,084; sales 400; to spinners —.

AUGUSTA, August 18—Cotton quiet, middling 12; low middling 12⅝; good ordinary 11¼; net receipts 13 bales; shipments 405; sales 100.

Weekly—Net receipts 107; shipments 405; sales 345; to spinners none.

CHARLESTON, August 18—Cotton quiet; middling 12½; low middling 12; good ordinary 11½; net receipts 62 bales; gross 62; sales 25; stock 501.

Weekly—Net receipts 184; gross 184; sales 100; exports coastwise 181.

MONTGOMERY, August 18—Cotton steady; middling 12⅝; low middling 11½; good ordinary none; net receipts of the week 19; shipments 96; stock of 1881, 1,409; 1882, 203; sales 96.

MACON, August 18—Cotton quiet; middling 12; low middling 11¾; good ordinary 11; net receipts of the week 10 bales; sales 5; stock of 1881, 1,893; 1882, 782; shipments 5.

COLUMBUS, August 18—Cotton in good demand; middling 12; low middling 11¾; good ordinary 11; net receipts of the week 124 bales; shipments 946; sales 922; to spinners —; stock 1881, —; 1882, 1,574.

NASHVILLE, August 18 — Cotton quiet and steady; middling 12½; low middling 12; good ordinary 11⅛; net receipts of the week 34 bales; shipments 558; sales 1,214; to spinners 66; stock of 1881, 2,861; 1882, 1,866.

SELMA, August 18—Cotton nominal; middling 12¼; net receipts of the week 22 bales; shipments 22; stock 1882, 390.

ROME, August 18—Cotton in good demand; middling 12⅝; low middling 11½; good ordinary 10¾; net receipts for four weeks 22 bales; shipments 383; stock 158.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, August 18, 1882.

The following quotations indicate the fluctuations on the Chicago board of trade to-day:

WHEAT.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
August	1 01½	1 02⅞	1 01½	1 02⅞
September	99½	99	98⅝	99
October	97½	98	97⅞	98
PORK				
September	21 05	21 25	21 05	21 22½
October	21 25	21 40	21 25	21 40
CLEAR RIB SIDES.				
September	12 80	13 00	12 80	12 95
October	12 85	12 85	12 80	12 80

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, August 18—Flour—Market easy at the following prices and tending downward: fancy $6.75; extra family $6.50; family $6.00@$6.25. Wheat—Chicago—The market has changed but little during the past few days and a general steady feeling prevails; August closed $1.02⅞, September 99, October 98. The local spot market is quiet at quotations: Tennessee No. 2 $1.08@$1.10; Georgia best will sell at $1.05, while the lower grades will average 90c@$1.00; demand quiet. Corn—Steady with stocks light and demand very moderate; choice white is held at $1.15; yellow $1.10; demand and stock limited. Meal—$1.05@$1.10; firm. Grits—$5.25@$5.50. Oats—50c; steady. Wheat bran—80@85.

BALTIMORE, August 18—Flour steady; Howard street and western superfine $3.25@$3.75; extra $4.00@$5.00; family $5.25@$6.25; city mills superfine $3.[illegible]@$3.75; extra $4.00@$6.75; Rio brands $6.00; high grade family $7.00; do. winter wheat patent $7.50. Wheat, southern firmer western higher, closing heavy and sluggish; southern red $1.[illegible]@$1.13; amber $1.14@$1.15; no 2 western winter red spot $1.12¼@$1.15⅝; August $1.12¼@$1.13¼. Corn, southern easier; western lower and dull; southern white 88@91; yellow nominal at 90; western mixed spot 83; August 80 bid. Oats lower and dull; southern new 59@65; red rust proof 50@53; western white 60@63; mixed 59@60.

NEW YORK, August 18—Flour, southern steady with fair export inquiry; common to fair extra $4.90@$5.75; good to choice extra $5.80@$7.75. Wheat, cash lots ¾@1¼c higher, closing firm at about ½c under outside rates; ungraded red $1.01@$1.14; No. 2 red August $1.13¼@1.13⅞. Corn ½@¾c higher, closing strong at outside rates; ungraded 81½@86; No. 2 August 85⅞@86½. Oats 1@2½c higher on spot; No. 3 55@58¾. Hops quiet but firm; eastern 4@48; New York 41@50; yearlings 20@25.

CHICAGO, August 18—Flour quiet; common to choice spring wheat $4.00@$4.60; fair to choice old winter wheats $5.00@$6.50; new $5.00@$5.50; low grades $3.00@$4.75; patents $7.50@$8.75. Wheat active, firm and higher; regular $1.02½ August; 99⅛ September. Corn higher; 76½@76¾ cash and August; 76½@76¾ September. Oats active, firm and higher; 46⅝ cash; 43 August; 37⅞ September.

LOUISVILLE, August 18—Flour quiet; extra family $4.50@$4.75; fancy to choice $5.50@$6.25. Wheat steady, with good demand; No 2 red winter 93@96. Corn active and a shade lower. No 2 white 90@92; do. mixed at [illegible] in fair demand and lower. No. 2 old 57; do. new 48.

ST. LOUIS, August 18—Flour quiet; family $4.25@$4.75, choice $4.80@$4.90. Wheat higher and very active; No 2 red fall 96⅝@97½ cash; 98⅝ August. Corn dull; 77⅝@77¾ cash; 77¼@77½ August. Oats higher but slow; 41¼@43 cash, 39¼@39¾ August.

CINCINNATI, August 18—Flour dull; family $4.50@$4.75; fancy $5.50@$6.50. Wheat firmer; No. 2 red winter $1.01@$1.02 spot; $1.03¾ October. Corn strong; No 2 mixed 78¼@79 spot; 67⅝@6 7⅝ November. Oats irregular; No. 2 mixed 46@47.

Groceries

ATLANTA, August 18—The following prices were established at the board of trade to-day: Coffee—Rio 9¾@12½. Roasted Coffees—Old government Java 25@3[illegible]. Sugars—Standard A 10@11 ¼, granulated 10½@10¾; cut oaf 12; powdered 12; white extra C 10⅛; yellow C 8½@9¼; market about bare of New Orleans sugar. Molasses—Black strap, in barrels, 36. Syrup—Fair 45; prime 55; choice 60. Teas—Oolong 35@60; Japan 40@$1.00; imperial and gunpowder 45@80; Young Hyson 37@75; English breakfast 35@75. Pepper 19; allspice 20; cinnamon 30; saigon 55; cloves 60; African ginger 10; mace $1.25; nutmegs $1.20@$1.25; mustard, best, 40; medium 18@25. Crackers—milk 9c; Boston butter 8½c; pearl oyster 9c; soda XX 6½c; do. XXX 7c; cream 9c; lemon 10c; molasses cakes 9½; ginger snaps 10c. Candy—Assorted stick 13c. Mackerel—No. 3 bbls $9.00; ⅛ bbls $4.50@$5.00; ¼ bbls $1.8[illegible]@$2.25; kits 75; No. 2 ¼ bbls $5.[illegible]@$5.50; kits 85; No. 1 ½ bbls $6.00@$6.25; kits $1.00. Soap—$2.50@$7.00 per 100 cakes. Candles—Full weight 15½; no light weight on market. Matches—$3.00. Soda, in kegs, 4.@5c; in boxes 5½@5¾c. Rice—Scarce and high; choice 8c; prime 7½c; fair 7c.

NEW YORK, August 18—Coffee dull; Rio cargoes 8½@11; job lots 8½@12. Sugar more active and rather more steady; centrifugal 7⅜; fair to good refining 7 3-16@7 5-16; refined quiet; standard A 8⅞; yellow C 7¾@7⅞; white extra C 8¼@8⅜; yellow do. 7⅞@8⅛; yellow 6⅞@7½; off A 8⅜@8¾; mould A 9@9½; confectioners A 9; cut loaf 9⅝; crushed 9½; powdered 9⅜@9½; granulated 9¼; Cubes 9½. Molasses dull, north side 50-test Cuba 31; refining 32@34; New Orleans 6@75. Rice quiet and steady; rangoon 5¼@5⅝; patria 5⅞@6.

BALTIMORE, August 18—Coffee easy; Rio cargoes, ordinary to fair 8½@8¾. Sugar quiet; A soft 9½.

CINCINNATI, August 18—Sugar quiet; hards 9¾@10⅝; New Orleans 7¾@8¾.

Provisions.

NEW YORK, August 18—Pork very quiet, without marked change; new mess spot $22.00; old $21.37½@$21.50. Lard dull and wholly nominal; long clear 13¾. Lard variable and unsettled, opening 2½c higher, closing at last evening's prices with fairly active business reported; prime steam spot 12.60; choice 12.65; September 12.57½@12.65.

ATLANTA, August 18—The market holds firm for all descriptions of the hog product. Clear Rib Sides—Are in active demand at firm prices and upward tendency; we quote 14c for box lots on 30 days; loose 13¾c. Bacon—Smoked sides small and bright 13½@14c. Tennessee hams 14@14½c; sugar-cured hams 16½c. Lard—Refined 14c; leaf 15½c.

CHICAGO, August 18—Pork active, firm and higher; $21.20@$21.25 cash and August; $21.25@$21.37½ September. Lard active, firm and higher; 12.40@12¼ cash and August; 12.22½@12¼ September. Bulk meats higher; shoulders 12¼; short ribs 13¼; short clear 13.40.

ST. LOUIS, August 18—Pork firmer with good jobbing demand at $21.50. Bulk meats slow but firm; shoulders 9½; short rib 13.10; short clear 13.60. Bacon strong; shoulders 10½@10⅝; short rib 13¼; short clear 14.50@14⅞. Lard higher and nominal at 12.25.

LOUISVILLE, August 18—Provisions firm; Mess pork $22.50. Bulk meats, shoulders 9¾; clear rib 13¼; clear sides 14. Bacon, shoulders 10¾; clear rib 14; clear sides 14¾. Sugar-cured hams 14. Lard, choice leaf 14.

BALTIMORE, August 18—Provisions fairly active; mess pork $22.25@$23.25. Bulk meats, shoulders and clear rib sides packed 11@11¼. Bacon, shoulders 12; clear rib sides 13½; hams 15½@16¼. Lard, refined, 14.

CINCINNATI, August 18—Pork dull at $22.00. Lard nominal at 12¼. Bulk meats dull; shoulders 9½; clear rib 13¼. Bacon steady, with fair demand; shoulders 10¼; clear rib 14¼; clear sides 14⅝.

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

ATLANTA, August 18—Market steady. Corn whisky, rectified, $1.00@$1.40; rye, rectified, $1.10@$1.50; rye and Bourbon medium $1.50@$2.00; rum rectified $1.25@$1.75; New England $1.75@$2.50; St. Croix $4.00; Jamaica $3.50@$4.50; gin, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $3.00@$4.50; Cognac brandy, domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $5.00@$8.00; copper distilled corn whisky, Georgia made, $1.75; apple and peach brandy $2.00@$3.00; cherry and ginger brandy $1.00@$1.50; port wine $1.50@$6.00, owing to quality; sherry $1.50@$6.00; catawba $1.25@$1.75; scuppernong $1.00@$1.25.

CINCINNATI, August 18—Whisky strong at $1.17; combination sales of finished goods of 720 barrels on a basis of $1.17.

BALTIMORE, August 18—Whisky firm at $1.18@$1.19½.

CHICAGO, August 18—Whisky higher at $1.19.

ST. LOUIS, August 18—Whisky steady at $1.17.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, August 18—Spirits turpentine steady at 41½; rosin firm $1.35 for strained; $1.50 for good strained; tar firm at $2.00; crude turpentine firm at $1.75 for hards; $2.75 for yellow dip and virgin.

SAVANNAH, August 18—Rosin firm; D $1.60; E $1.65; F $1.75; G $1.85; H $1.90; I $2.00; K $2.10; M $2.40; N $2.62½; W G $3.12½; spirits turpentine quiet at 42.

CHARLESTON, August 18 — Spirits turpentine quiet at 41; rosin steady at $1.40 for strained to good strained.

NEW YORK, August 18—Rosin steady at $1.80@$1.95; turpentine dull at 45½@46.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, August 18—Eggs—16@17c. Butter—Strictly choice, 22½c; lower grade 16@20c. Sweet Potatoes—$1.25@$1.50 ⅌ bu. Poultry Stocks and receipts light; prices firm; hens 27@30c; roosters 22½@24c; chickens 16@22½c. Irish Potatoes—$2.25@$2.50 ⅌ barrel. Dried Fruit — Peaches—Peeled 10@16c; unpeeled 4c; apples 4c. Wax—20c. Onions—$2.50@$3.00 ⅌ bbl. Cabbage—None. Feathers—Choice 55; prime 50; no demand for econd-hand. Cheese—13½@15½.

BALTIMORE, August 18—Butter steady; western packed 14@20c; creamery 23@27. Eggs quiet at 19@20c.

Live Stock

ATLANTA, August 18—The market is quiet and dull with stocks limited; good mules and horses in fair request; we quote job lots as follows: mules, 14 hands high, $85@$105; 15 hands 125@$135. Horses, plug $65@$85; good driving and saddle $150@$200; The supply of live stock is moderate.

CINCINNATI, August 18—Hogs quiet; common and light $6.50@$8.25; packing and butchers $7.75@$8.85.

CLARKE & MILLER,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 9 Forsyth Street,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA,
WISH TO CALL THE ATTENTION OF THE public to the fact that they have opened a Commission House at the above number, for the purpose of doing a General Commission Business, and hope by strict attention to business and square dealing, to merit the patronage of both shipper and dealer. We shall deal in, and sell on commission all kinds of Hay, Grain, Flour, Fruits, Vegetables, Butter, Eggs, and everything in the Produce line. Our store is large and convenient to business.
Correspondence solicited, and any information in relation to markets freely given at any time.
343 aug13 d1w

MISS LOUISE STUART,
Manufacturer of Hair Goods,
65½ PEACHTREE ST., ATLANTA, GEORGIA,
Has the finest human hair, in all shades, made up in latest styles and sold at lowest prices. Combings made up to look like new hair. Old, faded braids etc., restored to their original color. Ladies' hair dressed from latest fashion plates. Shampooing done.
395 aug13 d1w-g

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific Railroad Co.

TIME TABLE,
CINCINNATI SOUTHERN DIVISION,
IN EFFECT AUGUST 1, 1882.

READ DOWNWARD. Day Exp.	Accm	Night Exp	STATIONS.	READ UPWARD. Night Exp.	Accm.	Day Exp
8:45 a m	5 30 p m	8 40 p m	Lve Cincinnati ... Arr	7 40 a m	10 25 a m	7 00 p m
11 28 a m	8 14 p m	11 10 p m	" Georgetown ... Lve	5 26 a m	7 33 a m	4 30 p m
11 55 a m	8 40 p m	11 35 p m	" Lexington ... "	5 05 a m	7 05 a m	4 05 p m
12 26 p m	9 12 p m	12 05 p m	" Nicholasville ... "	4 33 a m	6 33 a m	3 33 p m
12 47 p m	9 35 p m	12 23 p m	" High Bridge ... "	4 11 a m	6 10 a m	3 11 p m
1 16 p m	10 05 p m	12 47 p m	" Danville ... "	3 44 a m	5 40 a m	2 42 p m
1 26 p m	10 15 p m	12 57 a m	" Junction City ... "	3 35 a m	5 30 a m	2 32 p m
3 00 p m	.....	2 20 a m	" Somerset ... "	2 15 a m	.....	1 05 p m
3 48 p m	.....	2 36 a m	" Point Burnside ... "	1 52 a m	.....	12 40 p m
7 50 p m	6 55 a m	2 06 a m	" Rockwood ... "	10 08 a m	7 40 p m	8 40 a m
8 23 p m	7 32 a m	6 40 a m	" Spring City ... "	9 35 p m	7 03 p m	7 50 a m
10 25 p m	9 35 a m	8 30 a m	Arr Chattanooga ... Lve	7 30 p m	5 00 p m	5 55 a m
ALABAMA GREAT SOUTHERN DIVISION.						
9 00 a m	.....	.....	Lve Chattanooga ... Arr	.....	.....	6 00 p m
12 55 a m	.....	.....	" Attalla ... Lve	.....	.....	2 50 p m
3 13 a m	.....	.....	" Birmingham ... "	.....	.....	12 21 p m
5 35 a m	.....	.....	" Tuscaloosa ... "	.....	.....	9 57 p m
10 00 a m	.....	.....	Arr Meridian ... Lve	.....	.....	5 30 a m
VICKSBURG AND MERIDIAN DIVISION.						
10 20 a m	.....	.....	Lve Meridian ... Arr	.....	.....	4 45 a m
12 50 p m	.....	.....	" Forest ... "	.....	.....	1 44 a m
2 58 p m	.....	.....	" Brandon ... "	.....	.....	11 28 a m
5 35 p m	.....	.....	" Jackson ... "	.....	.....	10 43 a m
7 20 a m	.....	.....	Arr. Vicksburg ... Lve	.....	.....	8 00 p m
VICKSBURG, SHREVEPORT AND PACIFIC DIVISION.						
11 00 a m	.....	.....	Lve Vicksburg ... Arr.	.....	.....	2 00 p m
1 30 a m	.....	.....	" Delta ... Lve	.....	.....	12 30 p m
5 30 p m	.....	.....	Arr. Monroe ... Lve	.....	.....	7 30 a m

JOHN SCOTT, Vice Pres't and General Manager Cincinnati Southern R'y, Cincinnati, O.
E. P. WILSON, Gen. Pass. Agt. Cin. Sou. Ry., Cincinnati O.
H. COLLBRAN, Gen. Pass. Ag't, Ala. Gt. Sou. R. R., Chattanooga Tenn.
J. HARDY, Gen. Pass. Agt. V & M R. R., Vicksburg, Miss.
JOS. MCGUIRE, Gen. Pass. Agt. [illegible]

—THE—
RICHMOND & DANVILLE LINE
72 MILES SHORTER
Than any Existing Route
TO WASHINGTON AND THE EAST
350 MILES SHORTER
—THAN—
ANY ROUTE VIA CINCINNATI.

Schedule in Effect May 21st, 1882.	Express, 51.	Mail, 53.
Leave Atlanta via R & D R R	2 40 p m	4 00 a m
" Toccoa " "	7 10 p m	8 18 a m
" Greenville " "	10 08 p m	11 04 a m
Arrive Charlotte " "	3 15 a m	4 00 p m
Leave Charlotte " "	4 00 a m	4 40 p m
" Salisbury " "	5 53 a m	6 24 p m
Arrive Greensboro " "	8 00 a m	8 20 p m
" Danville " "	10 17 a m	10 12 p m
Arrive N. Danville " "	10 20 a m	10 15 p m
Lve N Danville via Va M R R	10 40 a m	10 30 p m
" Lynchburg " "	2 10 p m	12 55 a m
" Charlottesville, " "	4 40 p m	3 10 a m
Arrive Washington " "	9 25 p m	7 40 a m
Lve N. Danville via R & D RR	10 35 a m	11 00 p m
" Burkeville " "	2 15 p m	4 22 a m
Arr Belle Isle " "	4 20 p m	7 12 a m
" Richmond " "	4 30 p m	7 20 a m
Lve Richmond via R, F & P R R	5 00 p m	8 00 a m
Arr Washington via A & F R R	9 50 p m	1 10 p m
Lve Washington via B & P R R	10 20 p m	1 30 p m
" Baltimore, P, W & B RR	11 55 p m	3 05 p m
Arr Philadelphia, P W & B R R	3 30 a m	6 30 p m
" New York via Penn R R	6 50 a m	9 35 p m
" Boston	3 55 p m	7 45 a m

Arrangement of Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars
—VIA—
Charlotte, Danville & Lynchburg
On 53—Through Sleeper Charlotte to W without change.
On 51—Through Sleeper Atlanta to New York without change.
—VIA—
Charlotte, Danville and Richmond
On 51—Through Sleeper Atlanta to Danville and Richmond to New York.
On 53—Sleeper Charlotte to Richmond.
T. M. R. TALCOTT, General Manager. | M. SLAUGHTER, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
I. Y. SAGE, Superintendent. | W. J. HOUSTON, Assistant G. P. A.
May 5th, 1882. 868 feb26—d1y

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE GENERAL MANAGER,
AUGUSTA, GA., July 1, 1882.

Commencing Sunday, 2d instant, the following Passenger Schedule will be operated:

NO. 2 EAST DAILY.		NO. 1 WEST DAILY.	
L've Atlanta -	8 20 am	L've Augusta -	10 30 am
Ar. Athens - -	4 00 pm	" Macon -	7 10 am
" Washington -	2 55 pm	" Milledg'e	9 10 am
" Camak - -	1 57 pm	" Camak -	12 29 am
" Milledg'v'e -	4 48 pm	" Wash'g'n	11 20 am
Ar. Macon - -	6 45 pm	" Athens -	9 45 am
" Augusta -	3 55 pm	Ar. Atlanta -	5 45 pm

COVINGTON ACCOMMODATION.
(Daily, Except Sundays.)

L've Atlanta -	6 00 pm	L've Covington	5 40 am
Ar. Covington, -	8 20 pm	Ar. Atlanta -	8 00 am

DECATUR ACCOMMODATION.
(Daily, except Sundays.)

L've Atlanta -	12 30 pm	L've Decatur -	2 00 pm
Ar. Decatur -	1 00 pm	Ar. Atlanta -	2 30 pm

NO 4 EAST DAILY.		NO. 3 WEST DAILY.	
L've Atlanta -	8 45 pm	L've Augusta -	8 50 pm
Ar. Athens -	8 30 am	" Athens -	6 00 pm
Ar. Augusta -	6 30 am	Ar. Atlanta -	6 40 am

Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 3 will if signaled stop at any regular scheduled Flag Station.
Close connection to and from Washington on Sundays.
Connects at Augusta for all points East and North-East.
Superb Improved SLEEPERS to Augusta. PULLMAN SLEEPERS Augusta to Washington, D. C.
☞ Only one change Atlanta to New York.
JOHN W. GREEN, General Manager. | E. R. DORSEY, General Pass. Agent

—THE—
GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.
Superintendent's Office,
ATLANTA, GA., July 22d, 1882.

ON AND AFTER JULY 22d, THE FOLLOWING schedule will take effect between Atlanta and Villa Rica:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAYS.

No. 1.	s. m.	No. 2.	
Leave Atlanta	7:30	Lve Villa Rica	11:40 a m
Arrive Villa Rica	10:25	Arrive Atlanta	2:15 p m

Trains will arrive at and depart from the Georgia Pacific Railway Depot grounds in Atlanta.
W. J. HOUSTON, General Passenger Agent. | I. Y. SAGE, Superintendent.

INCREASE
YOUR CAPITAL.
$10 $20 WHEAT $50 STOCKS $100
Those desiring to make money on small and medium investments in grain, provisions and stock speculations, can do so by operating on our plan. From May 1st, 1881, to the present date, on investments of $10.00 to $1,000, cash profits have been realized and paid to investors amounting to several times the original investment, still leaving the original investment making money or payable on demand. Explanatory circulars and statements of fund Wsent free. We want responsible agents, who will report on crops and introduce the plan.

CITY NEWS.

THE REGULAR RECORD OF CURRENT LOCAL EVENTS.

The Day's Doing in Public Offices—The Record of the Courts, the Railroads and Hotels—Capitol Jottings—Real Estate Operations—Improvements—Gossip of all Kinds.

The fire brigade is in fine trim.

The ice cream vendor is again on the streets.

The talk of building a new opera house is being revived.

Several new residences are being built on Houston street.

The hotels and boarding houses are all full and travel is brisk.

Recorder Glenn's court was a slim affair yesterday morning.

The usual daily rain failed to put in an appearance yesterday.

The city council will meet in regular session Monday night.

The electric fire alarm will be put up within the next two weeks.

Only two state cases were booked at the station house yesterday.

The approaching municipal election is becoming the theme for street talk.

The Atlanta base ball club goes to Griffin next week to play the Griffin club.

The Good Templars entertainment next week promises to be quite interesting.

The post office will be closed this evening at 3 o'clock for the remainder of the day.

The broom brigade at the opera house next Wednesday night will draw a big house.

The work on Peachtree street goes slowly on, and Alabama street is nearly finished.

The Young Men's library association will furnish the city with amusements next week.

Ivy street is having new pavements put down on both sides between Wheat and Gilmer.

The painter is using his brush freely in Atlanta and the paint houses are doing a good trade.

There was quite a demand for houses yesterday and the rental agents were kept quite busy.

A Handsome Window.

One of the handsomest pictures of our dead senator can be seen in the window of Chamberlin, Boynton & Co. The window is elaborately draped in crape, and naturally attracts a great deal of attention.

Not Correctly Written.

In the interview with Chief Connolly, which appeared in yesterday's CONSTITUTION, the report discussed was put down for the month of August and the station-house fees were said to be $720.50. The report was for the month of July and the station house fees should have been $72.05.

Breaks a Leg.

While Tom Lofters, a hostler in the employ of Mr Baker, on Haynes street, was currying a horse yesterday morning the animal let loose with both heels and struck Lofters on the left leg, breaking it badly just below the knee. Lofters's injuries will confine him to his room for some weeks to come.

Wants the Thief.

Yesterday morning Mrs. Poole, who resides on Garnett street, gave a negro girl who had been in her service some months a ten dollar bill with instructions to go to Ryan's store for some goods, but up to 4 o'clock in the afternoon the girl had not returned and the police are now on the lookout for her. Inquiry at Ryan's discloses the fact that the girl never visited the store. She is a small fourteen-year-old mulatto and is known as Milley Sanders.

Pardoned and Nominated.

George Abbott, of Brunswick, who has been in the city for some days past, trying to secure the pardon of Tom Lawrence, who is serving a four years term in the Georgia penitentiary, yesterday succeeded in securing Lawrence's freedom. Abbott, who is a colored man, also received a letter yesterday from his home informing him that he had been nominated by the republican senatorial convention of the fourth senatorial district for their representative in the senate.

Burglarizing a Residence.

Some time Thursday night a thief entered Mr. Palmer's residence, on Merritt's avenue, and pocketed a fine gold watch and chain, a pair of sleeve buttons, a small diamond pin and a pocketbook containing about fifty dollars in bank bills. The loss was not ascertained until the next morning, when the open window through which the thief made his ingress and egress was noticed. The police have been notified, and the case is being worked by a detailed officer.

A Lamp Explosion.

About ten o'clock last night a lamp exploded in a house on Wheat street. Maud Jones was in the room sitting beside a table upon which the lamp was when the explosion occurred. In an instant the burning oil was all over the girl, and but for the timely aid of those her screams brought in, she would doubtless have been burnt to death. Her hands and face were badly burned and disfigured and her injuries are exceedingly painful. Nearly all the hair was burnt from her head.

An Old Offender.

Early yesterday morning Officer Pounds, aided by Supernumery Phillips, succeeded in capturing Elbert Ware, a much wanted negro law breaker. Ware has for the past six months figured conspicuously in quite a number of burglaries, but so great was his shrewdness that he always evaded the officers when they attempted to capture him. Night before last Officer Pounds received information of Ware's whereabout, and early yesterday morning captured him while engaged at a game of cards.

Robbed at the Union Depot.

Yesterday afternoon a lady who gave her name as Mrs. Ferris, and her home as Chattanooga, created quite an excitement at the union passenger depot immediately after the arrival of the Western and Atlantic passenger train by announcing to the large crowd present that she had been robbed. Mrs. Ferris claimed that just before leaving her seat in the lady's coach she put her pocketbook, containing seventeen dollars, in her pocket, and that it was abstracted while she was leaving the train or immediately thereafter.

Hunting For a Mule Thief.

Yesterday morning C. S. Parman, of Paulding county, reached Atlanta in pursuit of a negro boy named Hunt, who is riding a mule which does not belong to him. Hunt has been working for Mr. Parman for some weeks past, and on Tuesday night last went to the mule lot and mounted an iron gray mare mule, which he rode away. The negro and mule were missed early Wednesday morning and soon thereafter Mr. Parman began the pursuit, which landed him in Atlanta yesterday morning. He is now searching the city for his mule and the negro.

Nearly a Fatal Accident.

Yesterday when the passenger trains were standing in the union passenger depot awaiting the time for their departure a fatal accident almost occurred. Carrie Steele, the faithful stewardess, was leading an old lady and gentleman to the West Point train, and when between the coaches on the Central track the Central engine began backing up in order to couple the cars. The old gentleman saw the approaching cars and jumped from the track hurriedly, although there was an abundance of time to have escaped, and at the same time called to the old lady. Her husband's fright and the approaching car completely paralyzed the old lady, and she sank to the floor of the depot almost lifeless. Carrie rushed towards her as she fell, and picking her up carried her safely from the track at the risk of losing her own life, as she barely escaped the bumpers of the two cars as they came together.

THE RAILROAD SHOPS.

Steps Taken in Earnest to Secure Their Location in Atlanta.

Yesterday morning, on the invitation of Colonel G. W. Adair, a meeting of the commissioners of roads and revenue for Fulton county, was held at the office of G. W. Adair, on Wall street. Colonel Adair said he had invited the commissioners to come together to lay before them for their careful and deliberate consideration, as the representatives of the people and the property of Fulton county, a matter of special importance; that he had not previously named it to any of them, but wished to present the subject to them thus assembled, openly and frankly. The matter he said was that of having the main shops of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, located in Atlanta. This company, he said, had come among us and built a line of railroad of the greatest importance to the people of the whole state, as well as to Atlanta—extending from Macon through Atlanta, to Rome. This line is nearly completed and the connection will be made in a few days. The trains are already coming from Dallas, through Atlanta, to Macon. A tunnel beyond Dallas only is causing some delay, but the trains will be running through it in three weeks. When the line is finished the company will have spent about $8,000,000 in Georgia. They have paid out in this city alone for right of way and ground for depot, etc., about $250,000, and have in every instance paid the cash promptly. In doing all this they have not asked any city or town or any individual for a cent of money or aid of any kind, but have paid the money for everything wanted promptly and at full prices. The company now owns and controls some twenty-eight hundred miles of railway, making complete connection from the Atlantic and the Gulf, to the lakes and the great west; that the southern division of this great system—about four hundred miles long—runs through Atlanta; that Knoxville, Dalton, Rome and Macon, all want the shops, and have made advantageous offers to secure them; but Major McCracken had authorized him to say, that if the ground can be furnished the company, as they now own it in Macon, and as other cities had offered to give it, the shops will be located here.

MR. W. D. GRANT'S OFFER.

One citizen, a large real estate owner, Captain William D. Grant, has offered the company about ten acres of ground which had cost him $5,000; that three small lots within the tract needed for the shops will have to be bought and paid for, and the entire ground will have to be graded, so as to be ready for the tracks and buildings, and that these two items would cost some $13,600. But he stated, and was authorized to do so, that if the county, or the city, or the citizens, will raise and pay $10,000, and Captain Grant give the ground, Major McCracken will, at once begin the work of locating and constructing the shops at this point; the city had donated to the Air Line railroad $300,000, to the Georgia Western—now the Georgia Pacific—$300,000, to the custom house $70,000 and to Oglethorpe park, first and last, over $100,000, and that no one ever complained of these donations, but everybody approved them. Now, as great a benefit as any of these can be secured to our city and county for $10,000. He had brought the matter to their consideration, as they had charge of the business of the county of Fulton, and asked them to give the subject their careful consideration, to confer, in their own way, with the city council and the citizens, and that he had no doubt their wisdom would find some just and feasible way to provide the necessary means or measures to secure the shops to Atlanta.

Messrs. Hoyt, Dodd, Hunnicutt and Gramling (the commissioners present) were unanimous in saying the proposition should, in some way, be accepted promptly; and they adjourned to a called meeting of their body, with the finance committee of the city council, at 4 o'clock, to consider the whole subject and determine the best course to adopt to secure the shops to the city of Atlanta. We trust the opportunity will be improved, in the best way, and that we shall not lose such an important acquisition to our city and county.

STONEWALL'S DEATH BED.

A Buffalo Robe Which Has a History and for Which an Offer of $500 Has Been Made.

"Yes," said a well-to-do business gentleman of Atlanta to a CONSTITUTION representative yesterday "that buffalo robe is old, worn, faded, ugly and worm eaten but I wouldn't take five thousand dollars for it."

"Then you are not as sensible as I thought you were," replied the reporter, as he eyed the buffalo robe spread upon the floor

"Sensible or not, I mean it. I have been offered one and two hundred dollars for it repeatedly, and once had an offer of five hundred. "See," continued the speaker pointing to the faded hieroglyphics on the inside of the robe, "that was painted by a Sioux Indian artist seventy years ago, and for many winters kept warm the body of one of the greatest chiefs that tribe ever produced. That robe was his treasure, and for it he fought and many of his best braves died."

"That's a good speech and well delivered but it sounds like a snake story," remarked the cedar shover, as the gentleman paused out of breath.

"No, it is no snake story and I will show you why I value that robe so much. My father was a Georgian and when Georgia sent her soldiers to the Mexican war he shouldered his gun and went along. From the time he left home till the treaty of peace was signed he staid with his regiment and when at last he came home that robe was all he brought with him. He put great store by it and always kept it in his room. To his family he told how he got it. One day during the war he was scouting with a detachment of his regiment and came upon a band of Indians. A fight was the result, and after a few volleys the Indians retreated, or rather those who could did so. Among the wounded was an old chief, and when the soldiers came up to where he lay on the battle-field there was some talk of killing him, for he was recognized as the most heartless, cruel and fearless Indian on the plains, but my father interfered and from his own canteen put water between the wounded chief's parched lips. But his wounds were mortal and soon all knew that the cruel, heartless chief was dying. Just before death, he beckoned my father to his side and by signs gave him that robe. That is how it came into the family."

"And that is why you wouldn't take $500 for it?"

"No, not exactly. When the late war come on I enlisted and when my old father sent my tricks to the camp he sent that robe. I did not want to take it because it was so cumbersome, but when he insisted I yielded. Well, I went to Virginia, and while trotting around after Stonewall Jackson, lost the robe. I was greatly worried over my loss, and used every exertion to recover the old robe. Everybody in my regiment knew of the robe, its history and its loss, and every one kept an eye open for it. Well, about the time of the Cross Keys and Port Republic fights, I learned one day that my robe was in Stonewall Jackson's tent. I went to see, and sure enough it was there. When I entered the tent, or rather looked into the tent, old Stonewall was lying upon the robe. Finally I mustered courage to tell him of my loss. He heard my story with patience, and then said that the robe had been brought him about a week before by an Alabama soldier. He offered to surrender it, but I couldn't take it, and told him to keep it—at the same time giving him its history—and I would get it after the war if he did not lose it. Well, he kept it. At the battle of Chancellorsville he received his death wound, and when he died he died on that robe, and I believe some of that red which looks like paint is some of the hero's blood. After his death I claimed the robe—then doubly dear to me—and sent it home. Now, would you take $5,000 for it? I can prove every word of my story true."

OUR ENTIRE STOCK

OF

SUMMER CLOTHING

AT COST,

UNTIL SEPTEMBER 1ST

FOR CASH.

JAMES A. ANDERSON & CO.,

41 Whitehall Street.

aug3 d12m—top col 7p

NOTICE OF

Dissolution and Removal.

ATLANTA, Ga., August 15th, 1882.

The copartnership of Fuller & Oglesby is by mutual consent this day dissolved. Both parties will sign the firm name in closing the unsettled business.

H. A. FULLER,
J. G. OGLESBY.

J. G. OGLESBY,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

No. 25 Alabama St., Atlanta, Ga.

The undersigned continues the Wholesale Grocery business in the new building now being completed at No. 25 Alabama street. Is now receiving a large and complete stock of groceries and provisions, and respectfully solicits the continued patronage of old, and trade of new customers. Orders promptly executed on and after Monday, 21st inst.

J. G. OGLESBY.

aug16—d1w 7th p un ander

THE ATLANTA, GA., August 15th, 1882. COPARTNERSHIP OF FULLER & Oglesby is by mutual consent, this day dissolved. Both parties will sign the firm name in closing the unsettled business.

H. A. FULLER,
aug16—d t J. G. OGLELBY.

Notice.

The undersigned have this day formed a partnership under the firm name of H. A. Fuller & Son, and will continue the wholesale grocery and provision business at the stand occupied by the late firm of Fuller & Oglesby, No. 20 Alabama street, where we will be glad to see our friends and all dealers who wish to buy close for cash or prompt payment on time. We have just returned from the markets, and are receiving a large and complete stock of the most attractive goods, both in quality and prices, ever offered in this market. These goods have been bought with care and for cash, and will be sold cheap and quick. A nimble penny is worth a slow quarter. All orders will be filled promptly and satisfaction guaranteed in every particular.

H. A. FULLER,
J. K. OGLESBY

aug16—d1w&w2w un ngle 7

THE GREENBACK CONVENTION.

The Greenback Convention Convention Meets and Recommends General Gartrell for Governor.

The greenback convention meets and recommends General Gartrell for governor. The greenback convention, which was advertised to meet in the senate chamber yesterday, met at the club room of the Central greenback club of this city, 9½ West Mitchell street, and was called to order by the chairman of the state central committee, Hon. H. N. Cramer, who asked for a temporary organization. On motion H. N. Cramer was elected temporary chairman and H. C. Dunlop secretary. The committee on credentials showed that several counties in the state were represented by delegates and the convention effected a permanent organization by electing the temporary as the permanent officers of the convention. A committee of five, consisting of J. H. Smith, Adam S. Poole, Judge Daniel Pittman, A. L. Whiteside and R. Price were appointed to draft and prepare a platform of principles. While this was being done several of the delegates discussed the political questions of the day. The committee on platform presented their report, which was adopted.

The following resolution was offered and adopted by the convention:

Whereas, The Hon. Lucius J. Gartrell has put forward in his address to the people of Georgia, the following and other sentiments which shows that he favors the cause of the people: "I maintain, as correct, the Jeffersonian principle of opposition to monopolies of all kinds, and favor prompt and vigorous opposition to every measure or system which tends to concentrate power or business in the hands of a few privileged classes, at the expense of the many;" therefore, be it

Resolved, That we indorse his candidacy for the office of governor, and recommend that the members of the national greenback labor party in this state extend to him a hearty, generous and liberal support.

The following ticket was then nominated: For congressman at large, Judge James S. Hook, of Richmond; for secretary of state, Hon. Charles H. Thomas, of Decatur; for comptroller general, William F. Stark, of Jackson; for state treasurer, Charles T. Parker, of Douglas; for attorney general, Fredrick D. Dismuke, of Spalding.

A committee, consisting of Judge Daniel Pittman, H. C. Dunlop and J. H. Smith, were appointed to notify the several candidates of their nomination and ask their acceptance, after which the following resolutions were offered and adopted:

Resolved, That we recommend that the party organize and place in nomination candidates for congress in the several districts of the state, also full tickets for members of the general assembly and for county officers.

Resolved, That we commend the action of the two republican members and fifty-six democratic members who voted with the noble nine greenback members of congress, on the final vote in the house of representatives, against the extension of the infamous national banking system—the worst of all monopolies—and we denounce the action of the one hundred and twenty-five members, mostly republicans, who voted for the iniquitous measure, and scorn the action of the ninety-nine members, mostly democrats, who dodged it.

The following was also offered by Judge Pittman:

Resolved, That in the death of Hon. Benjamin H. Hill, Georgia's gifted son and most accomplished orator, the nation has sustained a great and irreparable loss, and we hereby tender to his family and relatives our heartfelt sympathy in this, their hour of mourning and distress.

After instructing the chairman of the state central committee to appoint two members from each congressional district on the state central committee, the convention adjourned sine die.

THE PLATFORM.

The National Greenback Labor party of Georgia, in convention assembled, do hereby affirm and indorse the principles of the national platform adopted at Chicago, in 1880, and believe that the interests of the people demand the building up of a political party, in both state and nation, pledged to destroy sectional and race strife, to pay promptly the public bonded debt, to reduce the taxes and expenditures, to establish the unlimited coinage of gold and silver, to substitute government legal tender paper for bank issues, to overthrow corruption at the polls and in representative bodies, to secure a free ballot and a fair count, to control by law and bring into subjection, to the interests of the people, all corporations and monopolies which have corrupted the public service and by combination and extortion have established absolute dominion over transportation, over invention, and over land and labor.

Through painful experiences we have discovered that the leaders of the democratic and republican parties have abandoned the time-honored principles upon which their parties were founded, and have sacrificed the rights and interests of the people to "rings," syndicates," bankers, bondholders, railroad and other corporate monopolists, and in general have pursued a policy calculated to make the rich richer and the poor poorer, to the detriment of those who live by labor and the producing classes generally. We, therefore, positively and unqualifiedly denounce and condemn the unjust legislation which has characterized and distinguished both the democratic and republican parties as the friends of monopolies and the foes of the American people, and pledge ourselves to use every honorable means to accomplish their overthrow.

We demand a government that will foster and protect the educational interests of the state so that the children may have full and free education in the elementary branches at the public expense.

We demand that that foul blot on our body politic, the penitentiary convict lease system, be forever removed and consigned to the lowest depths of infamy, from whence it sprung and to where it belongs, and we propose in its stead the substitution of an enlightened and humane system of reformation directly under the supervision of state and county officers, coupled with a system of labor upon our public highways and other public works within the walls for desperate and long-term cases, thereby not bringing convict in competition with free labor, and at the same time providing for their humane and reformatory treatment and confinement. We demand that our present road laws be so amended that the unjust discrimination existing against our non-property-holders be removed, and owners of the landed property benefitted be made to share their proper portion of the taxes necessary to improve and keep in repair our public roads.

We demand that the rights, duties and obligations conferred and resting on our citizens shall not be abridged, but that our civil laws shall equally protect, and be enforced against all classes of our people.

We demand that the right to vote and hold office shall not be restricted to a tax qualification, and that the constitution of the state shall be so amended as to allow each and every elector to have a free and fair vote.

We denounce as a crime against the producing classes of the world the action of England towards Ireland and Egypt, and tender our sympathy to the people of those countries in their heroic efforts to rid themselves of the usurious land-holders and bond-holders who prey on the products of their labor.

We denounce as oppressive and unjust the present iniquitous internal revenue laws, and favor their abolishment; and in their stead we favor the passage of laws imposing a graduated income tax, leaving untouched those below one thousand dollars, and collected by state and county officers.

We favor the sanitary inspection of mines, factories and all conditions of labor and a just revision of the tariff laws in the interest of the producing classes.

We favor the national government assuming control of communication and transportation, so as to secure moderate and uniform rates for the transmission of thought and of passenger and freight traffic, and we recommend a national commission appointed by congress to regulate such matters.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS

JOHN RYAN

Is receiving daily from his buyer, who is in the New York markets, the finest and best selected stock ever brought to Atlanta.

150 pieces Black Silk, unprecedented bargains.
250 pieces Colored Silk, all prices from 50c upwards.
600 pieces Dress Goods, all styles and all prices.
100 pieces new Black Cashmeres from 40c upwards.
80 pieces all-Wool De' Beige at 20c yard, worth 35c.
150 pieces Union Cashmeres and Alpacas at 10c and 12½c yard.
Prettiest Patterns ever seen in Foulard Calcoes, 25 cases just received in every conceivable style.

HOUSE FUNISHING GOODS

IN ENDLESS VARIETY.

Bleached, Half Bleached and Brown Table Linens, Doylies, Napkins, Sheetings, Towels, Towelings, Linens, Tickings, Counterpanes, etc.

CARPETS! CARPETS!! CARPETS!!

The Carpet Department will be replete with everything in the Carpet line. The new fall stock will begin to come this week.

JOHN RYAN

Will show this season the largest and most extensive stock of Carpets ever seen in any Southern city. Every grade will be represented from the cheapest to the most expensive. Those desiring to furnish this season will benefit themselves by calling on JOHN RYAN. To accommodate his customers John Ryan will sell Carpets on the installment plan at cash prices.

KID GLOVES, HOSIERY, CORSETS, H'D'KS, LACES, &C

All the new shades in Mousquetaire Kid Gloves. 35 different makes in Corsets, consisting in part of Dr. Warner's Coraline Health, Robb's Patent, Wilsonia Magnetic, C. P., A La Direne, etc. Hosiery, all styles, colors and at any price. Handkerchiefs, magnificent assortment from 5c to $60 each. Laces in every known make from the cheapest to the most expensive.

Parties in search of New Fall Goods will do well by calling at

JOHN RYAN'S,

61 WHITEHALL, AND 68 AND 70 BROAD STREETS.

AT WHOLESALE ONLY.

Having determined to sell out our entire Retail Drug Department, September 1, 1882, we will, after that date, sell at

WHOLESALE ONLY.

PEMBERTON, IVERSON & CO.

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS

---AND---

MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS,

40 AND 42 WALL STREET, Opposite Passenger Depot.

N. B.---Third Floor 100x50 feet, with elevator, suitable for light manufacturing purposes, for Rent.

aug12—dtf 7thp un ryan

Containing all the essentials of a true tonic, and sure to give satisfaction, is Brown's Iron Bitters. aug15d&w1t

From the Great Drug House of the Northwest.

CHICAGO, July 14th, 1882.

We do not hesitate to say that for a year past we have sold more of your Swifts Specific (S. S. S.) than all other blood purifiers combined and with most astonishing results. One gentleman who used half a dozen bottles says that it has done him more good than treatment which cost him $1,000. Another who had used it for a scrofulous affection reports a permanent cure from its use. Yours truly,

VANSHAACK, STEVENSON & CO.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., July 17th, 1882.

I have had what my physicians termed eczema for over eight years, and came five years ago to this place to live in order that I might be cured. During that time I energetically applied all the healing art of the physicians here (both internal and external) in connection with the celebrated Thermal hot baths, and in addition have taken more than a hundred bottles of various medicines without the desired result. Up to three months ago I had almost believed my case incurable, and began taking Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) with all the skepticism possible, although the eruption was at first worse, yet there were some signs of improvement, and after three months use of S. S. S I am sound and well, not a sign af the eruption, my skin smooth and clear Ind my general health as good as it ever was. of there are any doubting ones, let them write to me here.

tf J. N. PRATT.

THE SILICATE PAINT CO.

"CHARLTON WHITE."

(OARR'S PATENT.) SUPERSEDING WHITE Lead, Zinc and all other poisonous white pigments hitherto in use. Also

"Duresco or Solution of Silica."

A real remedy for damp buildings, and the best preparation for the preservation of STONE, BRICK, Plaster and CEMENT, protecting them from the effects of atmospheric influences and arresting decay.

Descriptive lists and particulars to be had on application to HOWARD FLEMING, Sole Agt. U. S., New York, or A. P. TRIPOD, 13 S Broad St. Atlanta, Ga. 409 july9—d3m

LOOK!

WHAT A CHANGE!

HAVING PURCHASED

THE MEAT MARKET

FORMERLY OWNED AND OCCUPIED BY MR. A. A. Shields & Co., NO. 110 PEACHTREE STREET, would respectfully inform the public, and especially North Atlanta, that I shall spare no pains, money or labor to make the place in the future FIRST-CLASS in every respect. My past record in the Market Business will, I hope, be ample guarantee to the people that they will find my place at 110 Peachtree such as will

MERIT A LIBERAL PATRONAGE.

Will take charge Saturday morning, 19th instant. I will also continue my stand on Whitehall, as usual.

D. TYE.

aug18 d3t

REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE.

SPARTANBURG, S. C.

WE BUY, SELL, EXCHANGE AND NEGOTIATE all classes of Real Estate on commission and have on our books a very choice collection of valuable property in and around this city (Spartanburg, S. C.,) at private sale. The advantages of this section of our country for permanent investments in real estate are well conceded. Property is now being handled at a minimum price. All persons interested are respectfully invited to address

A. J. GWYNN,
Real Estate Exchange, Spartanburg, S. C.

Refers in Atlanta to Major John Keely, Messrs. Chamberlin, Boynton & Co., Mr. G. W. Adair.

june22 d1y

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

BEATTY'S Organs, 27 stops, $90. Pianos, $297.50. Factory running day and night. Catalogue FREE. Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J. may18 d1y

LAW OFFICE OF JNO. D. CUNNINGHAM,
Rooms 5 and 6, Atlanta National Bank.
Messrs. McBRIDE & CO., Atlanta, Ga.:
In reply to your question, I answer that your "Cherry's Patent Steam Evaporator" has been running on my plantation at Orchard Hill, for several weeks in connection with several others of different patents. My Orchard Superintendent reports than it gives satisfaction, and that it is the best Evaporator he ever saw for general use.
JNO. D. CUNNINGHAM.
jan16—dly top 1st col 8p

BOOKS
—FOR—
PUBLIC & PRIVATE LIBRARIES
Will be furnished in any style desired and at prices satisfactory
—BY—
HOLMAN, COFFIN & CO.
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DIAMONDS
FINE
JEWELRY,
SOLID SILVER
BRIDAL PRESENTS.
LARGEST STOCK, NEWEST STYLES
and Lowest Prices.
Send for Illustrated Catalogue.
J. P. STEVENS & CO.,
FACTORY & SALESROOM,
34 WHITEHALL STREET,
ATLANTA, GA.

COTTON AND WEATHER.

COTTON, middling uplands closed in Liverpool yesterday, at 7 3-16c; in New York, at 13; in Atlanta at 12¼

Daily Weather Report

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. A.
KIMBALL HOUSE, August 18, 10:31, P. M.

All observations taken at the same moment of time at each place named.

NAME OF STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Dew Point.	WIND. Direction	WIND. Force.	Rainfall.	Weather
Atlanta	30.01	71	63	N.	Fresh	.00	Clear.
Augusta	30.04	74	69	N. E.	Light	.00	Cloudy.
Galveston	30.08	77	72	S. E	Light	.10	Lt. rain.
Indianola	30.04	80	76	S.	Light	.06	Thr'tng
Key West	30.04	82	75	E.	Light	.03	Clear
Mobile	30.05	77	...	N. W.	Light	.00	Fair.
Montgomery	30.04	76	69	N. E	Light	.04	Fair.
New Orleans	30.02	78	70	N. W	Light	.25	Thr'tng
Pensacola	30.02	76	73	S.	Light	.10	Fair.
Palestine	30.10	74	70	S.	Light	.00	Fair.
Savannah	30.02	76	70	S	Light	.64	Fair.

Local Observations.

Time of Observation.							
6:31 a.m.	29.98	71	68	N. W.	Fresh	.00	Cloudy
10:31 "	30.01	81	68	N. W.	Fresh	...	Fair.
2:31 p.m.	29.95	83	62	N W	Fresh	.00	Fair.
6:31 "	29.97	76	63	N. W.	Fresh	...	Clear.
10:31 "	30.01	71	63	N.	Fresh	.00	Clear.

Mean daily bar.....29.979 | Maximum ther.....84.2
Mean daily ther.....75.0 | Minimum ther.....71.0
Mean daily humid.....71.7 | Total rainfall.....00

Cotton Belt Bulletin.

Observations taken at 5 p m.—Local time.

Atlanta District	Max Tem	Min Tem	Ra'n fall.
Atlanta	84	71	.00
Spartanburg	85	65	.00
Toccoa	88	67	.00
Gainesville	89	62	.65
Dalton	86	66	.52
Calhoun	86	65	.27
Cartersville	86	66	.00
West Point	87	70	.40
Newnan	85	70	.30
Griffin	86	63	.00
DISTRICTS.	AVERAGE.		
1 Wilmington	84	71	.58
2 Charleston	89	71	.99
8 Augusta	86	69	.42
4 Savannah	88	73	.35
5 Atlanta	86	66	.21
6 Montgomery	87	70	.17
7 Mobile	90	69	.10
8 New Orleans	92	72	.11
9 Galveston	94	72	.07
10 Vicksburg	89	74	.51
11 Little Rock	89	64	.01
12 Memphis	86	64	.26
13 St. Louis	...	...	...
Mean of Districts	88.2	69.2	0.31

H. HALL,
Sergeant Signal Corps, U. S. A.

ELEGANT
ESTABLISHMENT

One of the most attractive and elegant establishments in Atlanta, is the handsome jewelry store of A. F. Pickert, No 5 Whitehall street. His superb and tastefully arranged stock claims the admiration of all who see it, and a visit to his establishment is always pleasant and interesting, for aside from the attractions of a pretty and stylish stock of jewelry, he has just received a large stock of the celebrated Meriden Britania company's silverware, some elegant designs in tea sets, water sets, baking dishes, with porcelain lining, something handsome, and many other goods too numerous to mention. These goods are the heaviest triple plate, and the finest finished goods in the world. Go to No 5 Whitehall street and see them.

A. F. PICKERT,
JEWELER.

P S—A full line of the finest imported Spectacles and Eye-Glasses can also be found at my place, which I guarantee to give satisfaction for five years.
may28 dtf—1st col 8p

WATCHES,
JEWELRY.
FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW,
31 Whitehall Street.
We are prepared to do all the most difficult
WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING
IN FIRST-CLASS STYLE.
feb4—dly 8p un pick

Thankful Excursionists.

We the undersigned take this method of returning the thanks of the McDonough excursionists to Major McCracken for his liberal encouragement to the party in giving liberal rates, and to Mr. Batie for his accommodating endeavors to make everything pleasant and agreeable, and to Conductor Gurley for his courtesy and kind attention, and to Engineer Clarke for his careful management of the throttle and safe return of the whole company to their homes, all of which entitles this new road to their best wishes.

L. J. GLENN,
H. BANKS,
WM. MARKHAM
Committee.

See 10 cent column for bargain in a new house to rent, furnished or unfurnished.

For delicate ladies whose appetites are capricious and digestions feeble, they will find in Scott & Bowne's SOLUBLE BEEF a most nourishing and strengthening diet. For sale by druggists and grocers.
june29—d&w6m, thur,sat,tues no2

NEW BOOKS.

"Bright Days"—Mrs. Banks.....$1 50
(Scenes on a Georgia Plantation.)
A Woman's Perils—Mrs. Cook..... 75
(One of the best novels of the day.)
Prince Hal—Miss Andrews..... 1 25
(Romance of a Rich Young Man.)
Uncle Remus—Joe Harris..... 1 25
(None to equal it for negro sayings.)
Wild Work—Mrs. Bryan..... 1 50
(This lady's most popular novel.)
Stolen White Elephant—Mark Twain..... 1 25
(Twain's wit is the wittiest.)
Pot Bouille—By Zola..... 4 75
(A terrible book.)
Georgia Form Book..... 4 00
(Every lawyer should have it.)
Address PHILLIPS & CREW, Atlanta, Ga.
july8—dly top 2d col 8p

THE NIAGARA EXCURSION.

ATLANTA, Ga., August 18.—Editors Constitution: That your thousands of readers may know more about the Niagara and Montreal excursion, I will give a brief sketch of the proposed trip.

The excursionists can either leave Saturday, 2:40 p.m., or Sunday at 7 a.m., or 2:40 p.m., either via Nashville and Louisville or via Cincinnati Southern railroad.

The excursion will leave Cincinnati at 9 a.m. Monday the 21st, arriving at Niagara Falls at 6 o'clock Tuesday morning.

Leaving Niagara Falls at 8:30 a.m., Tuesday, from the New York Central and Hudson river railroad depot, via Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg railroad (after passing the suspension bridge), the train passes along the cliff, past the whirlpool and rapids of Niagara river below the falls to Lewistown, and thence to the city of Oswego, where a stop will be made for dinner. After which the train will proceed via Pulaski, Adams and Watertown to Cape Vincent, at the outlet of lake Ontario, where the train runs directly to the wharf of the steamer, which leaves at once, taking the voyagers among the enchanting scenery of the Thousand Islands, undoubtedly the most marvelous scenic region in America. Here the river becomes a great lake, dotted with innumerable islands, some of them being miles in extent and others mere crags projecting above the mirrored surface of the limpid waters. Passengers may stop at Clayton, where the "Hubbard" and "Walton" will be found to be excellent hotels, or at Round Island, a mile below Clayton, where is a new and splendid hotel, "The Round Island House.

Two miles up the river from Clayton the splendidly situated Prospect Park is noticed; its avenues winding among the woodlands, and about the slopes of twin headlands; and at a somewhat shorter distance down stream we come to Round Island Park, the large hotel standing commandingly in its centre, while the numerous villas of the summer residents are half discovered in the groves that line its rocky banks.

The Round Island Park house is a four story structure of over 200 feet in length, and is of very handsome build. The superintendent is Mr. Geo. L. Davis, who also managed the house during its former successful seasons. Some of the best fishing upon the river is to be found in the immediate vicinity. Rates are exceptionally low.

Below Round Island the islets become more numerous and the channel more contracted. Beautiful and fanciful cottages crown the rocks, and the fleets of brightly painted boats dot the waters.

Thousand Island park is a prominent feature in the scene, located, as it is, upon the upper end of Wells island, which becomes, for the next nine miles, the western shore of the American channel.

Such a scene, simply perfect in the eyes of the lover of the beautiful in nature, is rendered doubly pleasurable by the strains of some dulcet waltz or dreamy operatic gem that floats out from the deck of the speeding steamer.

An agent of the Thousand Island park association will meet the excursion at Oswego and make special arrangements with all who wish to stop at the park.

The Hub house stands upon its little rock half a mile to the northward looking like a hotel afloat, as it really is. Down the American channel one lovely prospect succeeds another until the traveler is fairly sated with the splendors of the day's experience.

At Alexandria bay the two hotels are the Thousand Island house and Cressmon house. Both are very large and elegant in their apportionments.

Passengers going to Montreal will leave Alexandria bay on the magnificent steamer Rothesay, of the St. Lawrence steamboat company's line.

Leaving Alexandria bay, which is decidedly the most prominent resort among the islands, its large hotels presenting an imposing front from the river, the steamer proceeds down the river, threading its way among the islands, touching at Morristown, N. Y., opposite Brockville, Ont., and at Ogdensburg, N. Y., opposite the pretty Canadian town of Prescott. At Brockville connection is made with the Canada Central railway and at Prescott with the St. Lawrence and Ottawa railroad, both roads leading to Ottawa, the capital of the dominion, and at Ogdensburg with the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain railroad to and from points on Lake Champlain and New England.

Soon after leaving Ogdensburg the current of the river perceptibly increases in rapidity. Every one is now on the qui vive, for we are approaching the first of the rapids—the Gallops and Rapid du Plan—not so wild and exciting as those yet to be met, but a fitting forecaste of the wild grandeur of this portion of the river.

The first of the rapids encountered after leaving Dickinson's landing is the Long Sault; forty minutes are required to pass this descent. Then the steamer passes into the tranquil waters of the beautiful lake St. Francis, and during the time consumed in traversing this sheet dinner is served, the menu being in keeping with other appointments of thel ne.

Cedar Rapids are safely passed and another lake discovered—that of St. Joseph—and the river flowing hence rushes in sudden haste down that most exciting and grandly beautiful of the series, the Lachine rapids—the pretty village of Lachine being noticeable on the left.

The Lachine has been described by so many pens that a full rehearsal of the wild rush of its waters and the emotions excited in "shooting" them would be superfluous. Now the steeples of Montreal come into view; the steamer passes beneath that magnificent engineering work, the Victoria tubular iron bridge, the longest and most costly bridge in the world.

At the wharf stages and coaches await the coming voyagers, bearing them away to the various hotels.

THE ST. LAWRENCE RIVER

Is, without exaggeration, the largest, most picturesque and noble river in North America. While the Mississippi has claims as the longest, in all other respects the St. Lawrence reigns supreme. It drains all the large western lakes, and its waters are transparent and pure. The scenery along its shores and islands is diversified; the banks are of a gradual slope, dotted with beautiful forests of maple, elm and oak, and interspersed with rich farm lands under high cultivation. From its beginning—which is marked on the American side by the old town of Cape Vincent and on the Canadian side by the city of Kingston—to Montreal, the metropolis of Canada, there is a succession of views and scenes which are only equaled by one other river, and that is the Rhine of Germany; and yet the latter does not possess, in some respects, the qualities which really make the St. Lawrence the grandest stream in the world.

The St. Lawrence possesses one feature which is unique, and that is the rapids, which are so numerous on the river between Ogdensburg and Montreal, and which are of such magnitude as to permit a large steamer to pass over them in perfect safety; nor can the Rhine boast of such an archipelago as the Thousand Islands between Cape Vincent and Ogdensburg, the praise of whose beauties has employed the pens of our best writers.

The shores of the Rhine are fluted with the ruins of ancient castles, around which many old legends and tales are clustered which fascinate the voyager; but even in this respect the St. Lawrence is fully its equal, if the brief history of the American continent is taken into consideration.

No part of the continent has left such records in early history as the St. Lawrence river. Many fierce battles have been fought in sight of this noble stream between the French and Indians, and between the British and French.

SIDE EXCURSIONS;

Tickets for which can be obtained on board the steamer Rothesay of the purser:

Montreal to Quebec and return.....$4 00
Montreal to Ottawa and return.....5 00
Alexandria Bay to Dickenson's Lapding and return (leaving in the morning by the Rothesay and returning the same evening, taking in the Gallops and Rapid du Plan)..... 1 50

Excursion tickets can be procured on board the Rothesay for Ogdensburg and all points on the St. Lawrence river, Lake Champlain, the Adirondacks, White mountains, Trenton Falls, and all principal points in northern New York, New England and Canada.

You will arrive at Alexandria bay August 21st; you need not leave there returning until August 28th. This will give ample time to visit any of the above points.

Excursionists can return at any time within the limit of the ticket by regular trains.

Ample arrangements will be made for all who may desire to go.

The round trip rate from Atlanta have been fixed at $24 with $6 extra to those desiring to visit Montreal. Very respectfully, B. W. WRENN.
aug18 dlt

Liberal Huff.

Colonel W. A. Huff, the open-hearted proprietor of the Markham, has telegraphed an invitation to all Macon to come up to Senator Hill's funeral and to make the Markham house their home while in the city free of charge.

Y. M. C. A.

Young Mens' meeting to-night at 8:15. Rev Dr Evans will lead the meeting Sunday evening at 5 o'clock, and the subject will be "Lessons for Young Men" from the last days of Senator Hill. Judge Jackson and other old friends and citizens will speak. Let the young men come out to this meeting.

Catoosa Excursions.

Round trip tickets to Catoosa Springs, including board one week, $10. Saturday tickets, board included, good to return until Monday morning, $6. Sunday tickets, including dinner, $3. For sale only at Western and Atlantic ticket office. july27 tf

AUGUST 19TH, 1882.

NEW GOODS EVERY DAY. BARGAINS

EVERY DEPARTMENT IS BEING FILLED.
WE WILL SPARE NO PAINS IN SELECTING
GOODS OF LATEST IMPORTATIONS AND
OF BEST QUALITIES AND STYLES. We will
OFFER this season the Largest Stock of
DRESS GOODS, SILKS, ETC.
EVER BROUGHT TO THE SOUTHERN STATES.
Our Mr. Johnson is now in New York. We are receiving Goods from selections daily.
CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.
Agents Butterick's Patterns.

In all styles Summer Dress Goods; In White Goods slightly soiled; In Table Linens in short lengths; In odd lots in Hosiery, etc.
SHOES! SHOES
Sales unprecedented in this department as we are determined to close out all odd lots REGARDLESS OF COST.
CARPETS! CARPETS
New Styles in Wiltons, Moquettes, Velvets, Body Brussels, Tapestries, etc. Full and complete assortment in Oil Cloths, Matings, Shades, Lace Curtains, Cornices, etc. MOSQUITO CANOPIES MADE TO ORDER.
CHAMBERLIN, BOYTNON & CO.

PERSONAL.

Dr H P Cooper, of Washington, is at the Kimball.

Howard Gorsuch, of Baltimore, is again in the city.

John Peabody, of Columbus, is stopping at the Kimball.

Rev C C Williams and family, of Augusta, have rooms at the Kimball.

General Robert Toombs arrived in the city last night. He is at the Kimball.

Captain J M Johnston, a prominent railroad official, is registered at the Kimball.

Senator M C Butler, of South Carolina, accompanied by Mrs Butler, are at the Kimball.

Miss Mary Dwyer, one of Savannah's accomplished society belles, is visiting Mrs M Lynch, 58 Butler street.

Mr Tewsbury, Stenographer and Typewriter, will please call on the Estey Organ Co. C M Cady, Manager.

Mr. Scoville, proprietor of the Kimball, received quite a number of telegrams yesterday asking for rooms.

The senatorial committee have rooms at the Kimball. The party consists of Senators J B Beck, of Kentucky, L Q C Lamar, Mississippi, J W Johnstone, of Virginia, J T Morgan, of Alabama, Congressmen Pettibone, of Tennessee, and C N Brumm, of Pennsylvania, Colonel F E Shober, secretary United States senate, Colonel J R Sneed, postmaster United States senate, and Captain L Dalton, assistant sergeant at-arms.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ATLANTA, GA., August 16, 1882.

Having this day sold my stock, etc, to Messrs. Lovejoy & Pitchford, I take pleasure in recommending them to my customers and the public generally, and trust they will support them with a liberal patronage. C. M. GOODMAN.

ATLANTA, GA., Augutt 17, 1882.

By reference to Mr. Goodman's card, it will be seen that we have purchased his stock of mouldings, frames, etc. We will continue the picture framing business at his old stand, No. 28 Whitehall, and with the elegant assortment of mouldings, gold and velvet frames, engravings, chromos, etc, that we will have in a short time, we hope to have anything that our customers may want.

We will still continue the book and stationery store, No. 13 Peachtree street. Hoping that we will receive the same encouragement in the future that we have in the past, we are, very respectfully,
aug18 3t LOVEJOY & PITCHFORD.

Fresh Bonescue oysters at Mercer's restaurant. Go try them. aug18—3t

Fresh Bonescue oysters at Mercer's restaurant. Go try them. aug18—3t

The banks will all close to-day at 12 o'clock and remain closed during the day.

J. C. Donald & Co., will sell you rough and dressed lumber, laths and shingles at bottom figures, either by the car load or small lots. Office and yard just adjoining the cotton factory.
july19—1m 8th p

THE VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

At the expiration of Alderman Beermann's term of office, the south side of the railroad will have no immediate representative in the aldermanic board, as there are two of the ones holding over from the north side. Justice demands that Alderman Beermann's successor should be from the south side of Atlanta and they present the name of that old, tried public spirited citizen, Major John H. Mecaslin, as a suitable man to fill the place and one that will be supported by the whole people of Atlanta.

Beef extracts are simply the flavor of meat. Scott & Bowne's SOLUBLE BEEF is the substance dissolved in addition to the flavor, and is most nourishing food for invalids and splendid stock for soups. For sale by druggists and grocers.
june29—d&w6m thurs,sat,tues no2

The proprietor of the Arlington, in Gainesville, has secured a fine string band, and a hop will be given this Saturday, evening. One of the events of the season will be a German at the Arlington next Wednesday evening.

A Rare Chance.

As M Rich & Bro's new stores 54 and 56 Whitehall street, will certainly be finished by september 1st, they will surely move into them then and, for the next two weeks they propose to make a final and clear sweep of their entire stock of dry goods novelties, etc, the most choice in the state. Sale during that time at actual auction prices. This is an exceptional chance. Prices in reach of every one. Come quick. M RICH & BRO.
422 aug13 d1w

Fresh Bonescue oysters at Mercer's restaurant. Go try them. aug18—3t

Lumber, laths, shingles, etc., can always be found at the lumber yard of J. C. Donald & Co., 156 Marietta street. july19—1m 8th p

Beef tea, as ordinarily made, is a worthless nourishment, it is simply the flavor of meat. Scott & Bowne's SOLUBLE BEEF is the substance dissolved in addition to the flavor, and is a splendid food for the sick. For sale by druggists and grocers.
june29—d&w6m thur,sat,tues no2

That Husband of Mine.

Is three times the man he was before he began using "Wells' Health Renewer." $1. Druggists. Depot Lamar, Rankin & Lamar, Atlanta, Ga.

To supply nourishing liquid food to invalids is a great desideratum. Scott & Bowne's SOLUBLE BEEF supplies the want, as it contains the substance as well as the flavor of the meat in a liquid form. For sale by druggists and grocers.
june29—d&w6m, thur,sat,tues no2

CORRECTION.

FROM HAVING SOLD OUT MY LIVERY BUSINESS, I find the impression prevails with some that I also sold my undertaking business, so I respectfully announce to the public that I retain the undertaking business with

MR. H. M. PATTERSON,

undertaker, in charge, at the same place, and in connection with my former livery, now Miller & Brady's, Markham House Block, where everything pertaining to the business will be furnished in first-class style, at moderate prices.
Respectfully,
687jan15 d1y 8p G. R. BOAZ

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, August 4th, 1882.—Notice is hereby given to all concerned that James Beckman died intestate, leaving property in said county, and no person has applied for administration on his said estate, and that administration will be vested in the Clerk of the Superior Court, or some other fit and proper person, on the first Monday in September next, unless valid objection is made thereto.
W. L. CALHOUN,
aug5—d1aw4w sat Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, August 4th, 1882—W. H West has applied for letters of guardianship of the person and property of Bertie G and Andrew J West, minors under the ages of fourteen years.
This is therefore to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in September next, else letters will then be granted said applicant as applied for.
W L CALHOUN,
aug5 d1aw 4w sat Ordinary.

POINTS OF ADVANTAGE IN OUR
STOCK OF SPRING CLOTHING!
FRESH GOODS!
NOBBY STYLES!
ELEGANT DESIGNS!
LARGE STOCK!
LOW PRICES!
SUPERIOR WORKMANSHIP!
—AND—
THE LATEST NOVELTIES IN FURNISHING GOODS
—AT—
HIRSCH BROS
CLOTHIERS AND TAILORS,
mar19—dly sp 42 AND 44 WHITEALL STREET, ATLTNTA, GA

"THE BROWN HOUSE,"
GEORGE. C. BROWN, Proprietor.
MACON.....GEORGIA,
IMMEDIATELY OPPOSITE PASSENGER DEPOT.
TERMS $2.50 AND $3.00 PER DAY.
THIS POPULAR HOTEL, WITH THE TRAVELING PUBLIC DURING THE PAST FEW MONTHS has been thoroughly overhauled and renovated from the basement to the attic. The rooms have been newly carpeted and supplied with handsome furniture, and every effort has been made to make them comfortable and attractive. This House is regarded as the most liberally managed in the South, and for the past year the registers show an actual account of 25,000. It is known as the Headquarters for Commercial Men.
The office is in charge of Fred. A. Richards and Fred A Cullen, who never fail to make their friends comfortable while enjoying the hospitality of Macon's Most Popular Hotel. july2—dtf

THE MODERN WOMAN.

er Faults, Foibles, and Good Traits.

We are often inflicted with the introduction of the topic of the modern woman whose chief burden and refrain long drawn out, is a depreciation of her attainments. Her so called follies are held up to the merciless gaze of the listener. She is described as a soulless, senseless creature, and is caricatured for her love of dress, her affectation of art, her shopping propensities, and a thousand other faults and foibles, which too often receive the smiles of the gullible, while one rarely takes the trouble to express disapprobation of the unjust photograph so ostentatiously handed around as "the only true and original."

How this world is given to—romancing—is clearly ascertainable by examining the hackneyed lists of her inefficiencies which are bandied about from mouth to mouth with persistent ascerbity as the clouds of dust are driven on a hot, dry summer day. Her waste of time has been the theme of many a pen that might have been better engaged in following her illustrious example of doing nothing. She is criticised for her frequent promenades down town, and the critic does not seek an explanation. Another quality of mercy will not be much strained if we say he deserves no explanation, when it is known that she will tell him more on her return than he had the wit to discover. In these apparent wasted hours "shopping through the windows" and observing the costumes of the passers-by, she carries home in that silly cranium of hers a knowledge that saves the head of the family at least $20.

'Her love of dress"—an indication often awakening of the heart, a thanksgiving to God and nature for their endowments and the surest token of the full appreciation of their gift, by making of it all they possibly can, is a trait of character essentially and almost exclusively feminine. To appear tastefully adorned does not require a plethoric purse, or never to be cancelled dry goods account, when lawn can be had at Brotherton's at fifteen cents and less per yard, and worsted correspondingly cheap. Indeed to appear poorly or unbecomingly clad is a greivous falling short of duty.

No matter by what intellectual route we propose to travel in order to solve the bread and butter problem, we doubt if the average financier could show a neater stroke of economy than the modern woman does when she visits the vast dry goods emporium on the corner of Whiteball and Mitchell street, and by a master stroke of policy invests her money in beautiful fabrics at prices which are fabulously below the general market, for are not 1,500 pennies saved the same number earned.

When the matronly type of the modern woman has just returned from one of these excursions, life to her is a voyage calm as the peaceful current of the gulf stream. Her face is restful; her children respectful and obedient; her husband successful and honored among men, and all is due to the keen and practical shrewdness which she has displayed with the heroic generalship of a Nepoleon and the dignity of a queen.

Let her example be followed by all who read this article and none will be accused of a lack of appreciation. If it is your ambition to appear neatly clad, to display your "love of dress," remember that prints can be had at Brotherton's from five to ten cents per yard. That, if your efforts are to make your home more beautiful and attractive, you can find at the corner of Whitehall and Mitchell streets, an immense line of articles to be purchased for a mere figment that will adorn it with a cunning deftness that can't be excelled.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, July 7th, 1882—J. W. Buck r administrator on the estate of James E. Owens has applied for letters of dismission from said estate:
This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to file their objections thereto, if any they have on or before the first Monday in October next, else, said letters will be oranted. W. L. CALHOUN,
july8—d1aw3m Ordinary.

GEORGIA—FULTON COUNTY. ORDINARY'S Office, August 4th, 1882—James L Roger has applied for letters of administration on the estate David E Ardis, deceased.
This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in September next, else letters will then be granted said applicant as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN,
aug5—d1aw4w sat Ordinary

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—ORDINARY'S Office, August 4th, 1882—C W Mangum, administrator of Elizabeth Mangum, has applied for letters of dismission from said trust.
This is, thereforre, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in November next, else letters will then be granted said applicant as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN,
aug5 daw3m sat Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, August 4th, 1882—Michael Lynch, guardian of Patrick McNamara, has applied for letters of dismission from said trust.
This is therefore to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in September next, else letters will then be granted said applicant as applied for.
W L CALHOUN,
aug5 d1aw 4w sat Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, August 4th, 1882—Howell P Fain has applied for letters of guardianship of the property of Lewis Beatrice Kennedy, minor, under the age of fourteen years:
This is, therefore, to to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in September next, else letters will then be granted said applicant as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN,
aug5—d1aw4w sat Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, July 7th, 1882.—Matilda J Sharp, administratrix of A B Sharp, has applied for letters of dismission from said trust.
This is, therefore, to notify all concerned, to file their objections thereto, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in October next, else letters of dismission will be granted the applicant.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
july8 d1aw3m sat

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—ORDINARY'S Office, August 4th, 1882.—Henry M Scott has applied for letters of administration on the estate of James Gettings, deceased.
This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in September next, else letters will then be granted said applicant as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN,
aug5—d1aw4w sat Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, August 4th, 1882—Elizabeth A Angier, administratrix on the estate of N L Angier, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the lands and stocks of said deceased.
This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in September next, else said leave will then be granted the applicant as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN,
aug5 d1aw4w sat Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, August 4th, 1882—J M McAfee, administrator of Virginia Borgus, has applied for letters of dismission from said trust.
This is therefore to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in November next, else letters will then be granted said applicant as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN,
aug5—d1aw3m sat Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, August 4th, 1882—James W Harle has applied for letters of administration cum testamento annexo on the estate of Catherine E Jenkins, decea
This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in September next, else letters will then be granted said applicant as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN,
aug5—d1w4w sat Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, August 4th, 1882—W J Gilliland, executor of Samuel J Gilliland, has applied for letters of dismission from said trust.
This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to file their objections thereto, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in November next, else letters will then be granted said applicant as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN,
aug5—d1aw3m sat Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, August 4th, 1882—Amos C Moore, guardian of Katie, Nora, Woodson and Joseph S Moore, has applied for leave to sell part of the land of said minors.
This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in September next, else else letters will then be granted said applicant as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN,
aug5 d1aw4w sat Ordinary

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, June 2, 1882.—P. R. Oliver and G. W. Oliver, executors of James Oliver, deceased, have applied for letters of dismission from their said trust:
This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in September next, else letters of dismission will then be granted said applicants. W. L. CALHOUN,
junes—d1aw3m sat Ordinary

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, June 5th, 1882.—Matilda C. Sharp, as administratrix on the estate of A B Sharp, represents that she has fully administered said estate and prays for letters of dismission.
This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in September next, else letters of dismission will then be granted the applicantoin
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
june6 d1aw3m tues

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S Office, August 4th, 1882—George Winship, as administrator on the estate of W T Gunby, has applied for letters of dismission from said trust.
This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to file their objections thereto, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in November next, else letters of dismission will then be granted said applicants as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN,
aug5—d1aw3m sat Ordinary.

Notice to Debtors and Creditors.

STATE OF GEORGIA, COUNTY OF FULTON.
All parties indebted to the estate of Clark Howell, deceased, are hereby notified to make payment to the undersigned, and all those to whom the estate is indebted will present their claims properly attested.
MARY D. HOWELL, Executrix,
No. 25 North Forsyth street, Atlanta, Ga.
july15—d1aw6w sat

JOHN KEELY
ALWAYS AHEAD!
JUST OPENED!
FALL GOODS
—AND—
SUMMER GOODS ALSO.
NEW GOODS
TO SUIT ALL
TASTES AND NEEDS.

30,000 yards new Fall Calicoes, beautiful styles, at from 5c yard up to the finest grades. A superb line. Very choice styles.

20,000 yards of the very newest styles in

FALL DRESS GOODS

Embracing everything from 15c yard up to the finest grades made!

OBSERVE PLEASE!

These are veritable New goods, no old goods trumped up for the occasion. They have just been received. Also, a fine line of Black and all-Wool Cashmeres. Lovely color. Extraordinary good value.

10,000 yards beautiful Printed Lawns 4½c yard; goods precisely the same which brought 8c this season.

5,000 yards best grade Pacific Lawns 7½ yard.

5,000 yards beautiful White Victoria Lawns 6½c yard, worth 12½ or 15c anywhere.

New Hosiery. New Gloves. New Corsets. New Underwear. New Shirts. Just opened at

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"THE LEADER OF LOW PRICES"

D. H. DOUGHERTY

I am receiving my new fall and winter Shoes and am selling some of the cheapest and best goods in this department that I have ever shown.

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If you wish the best and heapest White Dress Shirt in Atlanta, try Dougherty's Patent Back, Fit Perfect and low price.

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If you wish cheap goods come and see me. I am crowded with bargains. I have some grand drives for you this week. My one price system enables me to undersell any house South. I am determined to startle the closest buyer this week with low prices. I sell for cash and loose no money on bad debts. I can and will undersell the balance of creation if they do a credit business.